INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Delhivery Limited (Formerly known as Delhivery Private Limited)

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Delhivery Limited (Formerly known as Delhivery Private Limited) (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company"), its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group") and its associate comprising of the consolidated Balance sheet as at March 31 2022, the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including the statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of reports of other auditors on separate financial statements and on the other financial information of the subsidiaries, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group and its associate as at March 31, 2022, their consolidated loss including other comprehensive income, their consolidated cash flows and the consolidated changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Group and associate in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 36(i)(d) to the Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 regarding the Scheme of Arrangement ('the Scheme') for amalgamation of Vankatesh Pharma Private Limited ('the transferor Company') and Spoton Logistics Private Limited ('the Transferee Company'), which has been described in the aforesaid note. The Scheme has been approved by the NCLT vide its order dated 27 November 2019 with an appointed date of 30 August 2018 and a certified copy has been filed by the Company with the Registrar of Companies, Gujarat, on 10 January 2020. We

further draw attention to the fact that in accordance with the Scheme approved by the NCLT, the Company continues to amortise Goodwill over a period of 5 years in the Consolidated financial statements, which overrides the relevant requirement of Ind AS 103 'Business Combinations' and Ind AS 36 'Impairment of assets' (according to which acquired Goodwill is not permitted to be amortised and is required to be tested annually for impairment). The financial impact of the aforesaid treatment has been disclosed in the Note 36(i)(d) to the Consolidated financial statements.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other Information

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements in terms of the requirements of the Act that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income, consolidated cash flows and consolidated changes in equity of the Group including its associate in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associate are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Group and of its associate and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the Companies included in the Group and of its associate are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group and of its associate to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associate are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group and of its associate.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also
 responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Holding Company has adequate internal
 financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of
 such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group and its associate to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and its associate to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group of which we are the independent auditors, to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Other Matter

- (a) We did not audit the financial statements and other financial information, in respect of 6 subsidiaries and 1 step-down subsidiary, whose financial statements include total assets of Rs 964 Million as at March 31, 2022, and total revenues of Rs 1,230 Million and net cash inflows of Rs 133 Million for the year ended on that date. These financial statement and other financial information have been audited by other auditors, whose financial statements, other financial information and auditor's reports have been furnished to us by the management. Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries and our report in terms of sub-sections (3) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries, is based solely on the reports of such other auditors.
- (b) The consolidated financial statements also include the Group's share of net loss of Rs. 32 Million for the year ended March 31, 2022, as considered in the consolidated financial statements, in respect of 1 associate, whose financial statements, other financial information have not been audited and whose unaudited financial statements, other unaudited financial information have been furnished to us by the Management. Our opinion, in so far as it relates amounts and disclosures included in respect of this associate, and our report in terms of sub-sections (3) of Section 143 of the Act in so far as it relates to the aforesaid associate, is based solely on such unaudited financial statements and other unaudited financial information. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us by the Management, these financial statements and other financial information is not material to the Group.

Our opinion above on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors and the financial statements and other financial information certified by the Management.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of report of the other auditors on separate financial statements and the other financial information of the subsidiary companies, incorporated in India, as noted in the 'Other Matter' paragraph we give in the "Annexure 1" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3(xxi) of the Order.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of report of the other auditors on separate financial statements and the other financial information of subsidiaries, as noted in the 'other matter' paragraph we report, to the extent applicable, that:
 - (a) We/the other auditors whose report we have relied upon have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements;
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidation of the financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and reports of the other auditors;
 - (c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements;
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015;
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on March 31, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors who are appointed under Section 139 of the Act, of its subsidiary companies, none of the directors of the Group's companies incorporated in India is disqualified as on March 31, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies incorporated in India and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 2" to this report;
 - (g) In our opinion and based on the consideration of reports of other statutory auditors of the subsidiaries incorporated in India, the managerial remuneration for the year ended March 31, 2022 has been paid / provided by the Holding Company, to its directors in accordance with the provisions

- of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act. Further, the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act are not applicable to the subsidiaries incorporated in India for the year ended March 31, 2022;
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the report of the other auditors on separate financial statements as also the other financial information of the subsidiaries, as noted in the 'Other matter' paragraph:
 - i. The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on its consolidated financial position of the Group in its consolidated financial statements Refer Note 38 to the consolidated financial statements;
 - ii. The Group did not have any material foreseeable losses in long-term contracts including derivative contracts during the year ended March 31, 2022;
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company and its subsidiaries incorporated in India during the year ended March 31, 2022.
 - iv. a) The respective managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries respectively that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the note 48 to the consolidated financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the respective Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - b) The respective managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries respectively that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the note 48 to the consolidated financial statements, no funds have been received by the respective Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries from any person or entity, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries, shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

- c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances performed by us and that performed by the auditors of the subsidiaries which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, nothing has come to our or other auditor's notice that has caused us or the other auditors to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material mis-statement.
- v) No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the Holding Company, its subsidiaries, incorporated in India.

For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 101049W/E300004

per Yogesh Midha

Partner

Membership Number: 094941 UDIN: 22094941AJXBAF3014 Place of Signature: New Delhi

Date: May 30, 2022

Annexure 1 referred to in paragraph 1 of report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Re: Delhivery Limited (Formerly known as Delhivery Private Limited)

(xxi) Qualifications or adverse remarks by the respective auditors in the Companies (Auditors Report) Order (CARO) reports of the companies included in the consolidated financial statements are:

S.No	Name	CIN	Holding company/ subsidiary	Clause number of the CARO report which is qualified or is adverse
1	Delhivery Limited	U63090DL2011PLC221234	Holding Company	Clause vii(a)
2	Delhivery Freight Services Private Limited	U63090DL2020PTC363367	Subsidiary Company	Clause vii(a)
3	Spoton Logistics Private Limited	U63090GJ2011PTC108834	Subsidiary Company	Clause vii(a)
4	Spoton Supply Chain Solutions Private Limited	U74200TN2008PTC067564	Step-down Subsidiary	Clause vii(a)

For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm registration number: 101049W/E300004

per Yogesh Midha

Partner

Membership No.: 094941 UDIN: 22094941AJXBAF3014

Place: New Delhi Date: May 30, 2022

ANNEXURE 2 TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF DELHIVERY LIMITED (Formerly known as Delhivery Private Limited)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of Delhivery Limited (Formerly known as Delhivery Private Limited) as of and for the year ended March 31, 2022, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of Delhivery Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Holding Company") and its 2 subsidiaries, which are the companies incorporated in India, as of that date. This report, however, does not include report on the internal financial controls under clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act for the 2 subsidiaries and 1 step down subsidiary, since in our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the said Report on Internal Financial Controls is not applicable to the aforesaid subsidiary companies basis the exemption available to the companies under MCA notification no. G.S.R. 583(E) dated July 13, 2017 on reporting on internal financial controls.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Holding Company, which is the company incorporated in India, is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Holding Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Holding Company's internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, specified under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both, issued by ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls With Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to consolidated financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to consolidated financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions

are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls With Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Holding Company and its 2 subsidiary companies, which are the companies incorporated in India, has, maintained in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Holding Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.

For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 101049W/E300004

per Yogesh Midha

Partner

Membership Number: 94941 UDIN: 22094941AJXBAF3014 Place of Signature: New Delhi

Date: May 30, 2022

Delhivery Limited (formerly known as Delhivery Private Limited) Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022

CIN: U63090DL2011PLC221234

(all amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

·	Notes	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Assets			
Non-current Assets	_		
Property, plant and equipment	3	6,225.40	2,379.71
Right-of-use assets	34	6,940.54	7,828.04
Capital work in progress	3	584.08	765.15
Goodwill	4	13,799.04	186.48
Other Intangible assets	4	3,559.59	139.55
Intangible assets under development	4	14.99	2.40
Financial assets	_	C 205 0C	4 205 80
i) Investments	5	6,295.06	4,205.89
ii) Other financial assets	9	3,718.57	886.62
Non-current tax assets (net)	10	1,550.91	1,231.69
Other non-current assets	11	220.06	47.47
Total Non-current Assets	_	42,908.24	17,673.00
Current Assets			
nventories	6	253.06	259.48
Financial assets			
i) Investments	5	14,612.33	7,075.64
ii) Trade receivables	7	9,902.50	5,945.82
iii) Cash and cash equivalent	12	2,290.00	2,758.63
iv) Other bank balances	13	-	15.78
v) Loans	8	89.31	264.21
vi) Other financial assets	9	9,590.50	10,815.26
Other current assets	11	2,862.06	1,170.16
Total Current Assets		39,599.76	28,304.98
Total Assets	_	92 509 00	45.055.00
	=	82,508.00	45,977.98
Equity and Liabilities			
Equity			
Equity share capital	14	642.11	16.33
nstruments entirely equity in nature	14	-	353.99
Other equity	15a	58,931.58	27,997.65
Total Equity	_	59,573.69	28,367.97
Liabilities			
Non-current Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
i) Borrowings	16	1,176.11	1,316.09
ii) Lease liabilities	34	5,727.52	6,538.44
Provisions	18	382.55	219.16
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	31	629.13	-
Cotal Non-current Liabilities	_	7,915.31	8,073.69
Current Liabilities			
inancial Liabilities	16	2.255.29	1 607 24
i) Borrowings	16	2,355.28	1,697.34
ii) Lease liabilities	34	1,756.28	1,617.16
iii) Trade payables	20		
(a) Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises		44.74	20.52
(b) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises		8,300.26	4,401.78
iv) Other financial liabilities	17	1,498.48	1,305.75
rovisions	18	207.18	121.67
Other current liabilities	19	856.78	370.90
Current tax liabilities (net)			1.20
otal Current Liabilities		15,019.00	9,536.32
otal Liabilities	_	22,934.31	17,610.01
Total Equity and Liabilities	_	82,508.00	45,977.98

As per our report of even date

For S.R.Batliboi & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm registration number: 101049W/E300004

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

For and on behalf of the board of directors of Delhivery Limited (formerly known as Delhivery Private Limited)

per Yogesh Midha

Partner

Membership no: 094941

Sandeep Kumar Barasia Executive Director and Chief

Business Officer DIN: 01432123 Place : Gurugram Sahil Barua

Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer DIN: 05131571 Place : Goa

Place : New Delhi Date: May 30, 2022

Amit Agarwal Chief Financial Officer

Sunil Kumar Bansal Company Secretary FCS-4810

Place : Gurugram Place : Gurugram Date: May 30, 2022 Date: May 30, 2022

(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

Income Revenue from contracts with customers 21 Other income 22 Total Income (I) Expenses Freight, Handling and Servicing Costs 23 Purchase of traded goods Change in inventory of traded goods 25 Employee benefits expense 24 Fair value loss on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss 16 Finance costs 28 Depreciation and amortisation expense 27 Other expenses 26 Total Expenses (II) Loss before exceptional items, share of net loss of associate accounted for using equity method and tax (III= I-II) Share of loss of associates (net) (IV) 41 Loss before exceptional items and tax (V= III+IV) Exceptional Items (VI) 29 Loss before tax (VII= V+VI) Tax expense 31 Current tax Deferred tax Total Tax Expense (VIII) Loss for the year (IX= VII-VIII) Other comprehensive Income/(Loss): a) Items that will not be re-classified to profit and loss in subsequent years: Re-measurement gain on defined benefit plan Income tax relating to items that will not be re-classified to profit and loss	68,822.86 1,561.41 70,384.27 49,801.80 1,750.22 (28.75) 13,132.65 2,997.39 995.29 6,107.47 5,889.23 80,645.30	36,465.27 1,917.64 38,382.91 27,780.82 102.08 - 6,109.23 91.95 886.27 3,546.20 3,610.49 42,127.04
Other income Total Income (I) Expenses Freight, Handling and Servicing Costs 23 Purchase of traded goods Change in inventory of traded goods 25 Employee benefits expense 24 Fair value loss on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss 16 Finance costs 28 Depreciation and amortisation expense 27 Other expenses 26 Total Expenses (II) Loss before exceptional items, share of net loss of associate accounted for using equity method and tax (III= I-II) Share of loss of associates (net) (IV) 41 Loss before exceptional items and tax (V= III+IV) Exceptional Items (VI) 29 Loss before tax (VII= V+VI) Tax expense 31 Current tax Deferred tax Total Tax Expense (VIII) Loss for the year (IX= VIII-VIII) Other comprehensive Income/(Loss): a) Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit and loss in subsequent years: Re-measurement gain on defined benefit plan	1,561.41 70,384.27 49,801.80 1,750.22 (28.75) 13,132.65 2,997.39 995.29 6,107.47 5,889.23 80,645.30	1,917.64 38,382.91 27,780.82 102.08 - 6,109.23 91.95 886.27 3,546.20 3,610.49
Total Income (I) Expenses Freight, Handling and Servicing Costs 23 Purchase of traded goods Change in inventory of traded goods 25 Employee benefits expense 24 Fair value loss on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss 16 Finance costs 28 Depreciation and amortisation expense 27 Other expenses 26 Total Expenses (II) Loss before exceptional items, share of net loss of associate accounted for using equity method and tax (III= I-II) Share of loss of associates (net) (IV) 41 Loss before exceptional items and tax (V= III+IV) Exceptional Items (VI) 29 Loss before tax (VII= V+VI) Tax expense 31 Current tax Deferred tax Total Tax Expense (VIII) Loss for the year (IX= VII-VIII) Other comprehensive Income/(Loss): a) Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit and loss in subsequent years: Re-measurement gain on defined benefit plan	70,384.27 49,801.80 1,750.22 (28.75) 13,132.65 2,997.39 995.29 6,107.47 5,889.23 80,645.30	27,780.82 102.08 - 6,109.23 91.95 886.27 3,546.20 3,610.49
Expenses Freight, Handling and Servicing Costs Purchase of traded goods Change in inventory of traded goods Employee benefits expense 24 Fair value loss on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss 16 Finance costs 28 Depreciation and amortisation expense 27 Other expenses 26 Total Expenses (II) Loss before exceptional items, share of net loss of associate accounted for using equity method and tax (III=1-II) Share of loss of associates (net) (IV) Loss before exceptional items and tax (V=III+IV) Exceptional Items (VI) 29 Loss before tax (VII=V+VI) Tax expense Current tax Deferred tax Total Tax Expense (VIII) Loss for the year (IX=VII-VIII) Other comprehensive Income/(Loss): a) Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit and loss in subsequent years: Re-measurement gain on defined benefit plan	49,801.80 1,750.22 (28.75) 13,132.65 2,997.39 995.29 6,107.47 5,889.23 80,645.30	27,780.82 102.08 - 6,109.23 91.95 886.27 3,546.20 3,610.49
Freight, Handling and Servicing Costs Purchase of traded goods Change in inventory of traded goods Employee benefits expense Earl value loss on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Efinance costs Depreciation and amortisation expense Cother expenses Cother expenses Cother exceptional items, share of net loss of associate accounted for using equity method and tax (III= I-II) Share of loss of associates (net) (IV) Loss before exceptional items and tax (V= III+IV) Exceptional Items (VI) Tax expense Current tax Deferred tax Total Tax Expense (VIII) Other comprehensive Income/(Loss): a) Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit and loss in subsequent years: Re-measurement gain on defined benefit plan	1,750.22 (28.75) 13,132.65 2,997.39 995.29 6,107.47 5,889.23 80,645.30	102.08 6,109.23 91.95 886.27 3,546.20 3,610.49
Freight, Handling and Servicing Costs Purchase of traded goods Change in inventory of traded goods Employee benefits expense Earl value loss on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Efinance costs Depreciation and amortisation expense Cother expenses Cother expenses Cother exceptional items, share of net loss of associate accounted for using equity method and tax (III= I-II) Share of loss of associates (net) (IV) Loss before exceptional items and tax (V= III+IV) Exceptional Items (VI) Tax expense Current tax Deferred tax Total Tax Expense (VIII) Other comprehensive Income/(Loss): a) Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit and loss in subsequent years: Re-measurement gain on defined benefit plan	1,750.22 (28.75) 13,132.65 2,997.39 995.29 6,107.47 5,889.23 80,645.30	102.08 6,109.23 91.95 886.27 3,546.20 3,610.49
Purchase of traded goods Change in inventory of traded goods Employee benefits expense 24 Fair value loss on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss 16 Finance costs 28 Depreciation and amortisation expense 27 Other expenses 26 Total Expenses (II) Loss before exceptional items, share of net loss of associate accounted for using equity method and tax (III= I-II) Share of loss of associates (net) (IV) Loss before exceptional items and tax (V= III+IV) Exceptional Items (VI) 29 Loss before tax (VII= V+VI) Tax expense Current tax Deferred tax Total Tax Expense (VIII) Loss for the year (IX= VII-VIII) Other comprehensive Income/(Loss): a) Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit and loss in subsequent years: Re-measurement gain on defined benefit plan	(28.75) 13,132.65 2,997.39 995.29 6,107.47 5,889.23 80,645.30	6,109.23 91.95 886.27 3,546.20 3,610.49
Change in inventory of traded goods Employee benefits expense Employee benefits expense Fair value loss on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss 16 Finance costs Depreciation and amortisation expense Other expenses Total Expenses (II) Loss before exceptional items, share of net loss of associate accounted for using equity method and tax (III= I-II) Share of loss of associates (net) (IV) Loss before exceptional items and tax (V= III+IV) Exceptional Items (VI) 29 Loss before tax (VII= V+VI) Tax expense Current tax Deferred tax Total Tax Expense (VIII) Loss for the year (IX= VII-VIII) Other comprehensive Income/(Loss): a) Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit and loss in subsequent years: Re-measurement gain on defined benefit plan	13,132.65 2,997.39 995.29 6,107.47 5,889.23 80,645.30	91.95 886.27 3,546.20 3,610.49
Employee benefits expense 24 Fair value loss on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss 16 Finance costs 28 Depreciation and amortisation expense 27 Other expenses 26 Total Expenses (II) Loss before exceptional items, share of net loss of associate accounted for using equity method and tax (III= I-II) Share of loss of associates (net) (IV) 41 Loss before exceptional items and tax (V= III+IV) Exceptional Items (VI) 29 Loss before tax (VII= V+VI) Tax expense 31 Current tax Deferred tax Deferred tax Total Tax Expense (VIII) Loss for the year (IX= VII-VIII) Other comprehensive Income/(Loss): a) Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit and loss in subsequent years: Re-measurement gain on defined benefit plan	13,132.65 2,997.39 995.29 6,107.47 5,889.23 80,645.30	91.95 886.27 3,546.20 3,610.49
Fair value loss on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Finance costs Depreciation and amortisation expense Other expenses Total Expenses (II) Loss before exceptional items, share of net loss of associate accounted for using equity method and tax (III= I-II) Share of loss of associates (net) (IV) Loss before exceptional items and tax (V= III+IV) Exceptional Items (VI) 29 Loss before tax (VII= V+VI) Tax expense Current tax Deferred tax Total Tax Expense (VIII) Loss for the year (IX= VII-VIII) Other comprehensive Income/(Loss): a) Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit and loss in subsequent years: Re-measurement gain on defined benefit plan	2,997.39 995.29 6,107.47 5,889.23 80,645.30	91.95 886.27 3,546.20 3,610.49
Finance costs Depreciation and amortisation expense Other expenses Total Expenses (II) Loss before exceptional items, share of net loss of associate accounted for using equity method and tax (III= I-II) Share of loss of associates (net) (IV) Loss before exceptional items and tax (V= III+IV) Exceptional Items (VI) 29 Loss before tax (VII= V+VI) Tax expense Current tax Deferred tax Total Tax Expense (VIII) Loss for the year (IX= VII-VIII) Other comprehensive Income/(Loss): a) Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit and loss in subsequent years: Re-measurement gain on defined benefit plan	995.29 6,107.47 5,889.23 80,645.30	886.27 3,546.20 3,610.49
Depreciation and amortisation expense 27 Other expenses 26 Total Expenses (II) Loss before exceptional items, share of net loss of associate accounted for using equity method and tax (III=1-II) Share of loss of associates (net) (IV) 41 Loss before exceptional items and tax (V= III+IV) Exceptional Items (VI) 29 Loss before tax (VII= V+VI) Tax expense 31 Current tax Deferred tax Total Tax Expense (VIII) Loss for the year (IX= VII-VIII) Other comprehensive Income/(Loss): a) Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit and loss in subsequent years: Re-measurement gain on defined benefit plan	6,107.47 5,889.23 80,645.30	3,546.20 3,610.49
Other expenses 26 Total Expenses (II) Loss before exceptional items, share of net loss of associate accounted for using equity method and tax (III= I-II) Share of loss of associates (net) (IV) 41 Loss before exceptional items and tax (V= III+IV) Exceptional Items (VI) 29 Loss before tax (VII= V+VI) Tax expense 31 Current tax Deferred tax Total Tax Expense (VIII) Loss for the year (IX= VII-VIII) Other comprehensive Income/(Loss): a) Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit and loss in subsequent years: Re-measurement gain on defined benefit plan	5,889.23 80,645.30	3,610.49
Total Expenses (II) Loss before exceptional items, share of net loss of associate accounted for using equity method and tax (III= I-II) Share of loss of associates (net) (IV) 41 Loss before exceptional items and tax (V= III+IV) Exceptional Items (VI) 29 Loss before tax (VII= V+VI) Tax expense 31 Current tax Deferred tax Total Tax Expense (VIII) Loss for the year (IX= VII-VIII) Other comprehensive Income/(Loss): a) Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit and loss in subsequent years: Re-measurement gain on defined benefit plan	80,645.30	
equity method and tax (III= I-II) Share of loss of associates (net) (IV) 41 Loss before exceptional items and tax (V= III+IV) Exceptional Items (VI) 29 Loss before tax (VII= V+VI) Tax expense 31 Current tax Deferred tax Total Tax Expense (VIII) Loss for the year (IX= VII-VIII) Other comprehensive Income/(Loss): a) Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit and loss in subsequent years: Re-measurement gain on defined benefit plan		
equity method and tax (III= I-II) Share of loss of associates (net) (IV) 41 Loss before exceptional items and tax (V= III+IV) Exceptional Items (VI) 29 Loss before tax (VII= V+VI) Tax expense 31 Current tax Deferred tax Total Tax Expense (VIII) Loss for the year (IX= VII-VIII) Other comprehensive Income/(Loss): a) Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit and loss in subsequent years: Re-measurement gain on defined benefit plan	(10,261.03)	
Loss before exceptional items and tax (V= III+IV) Exceptional Items (VI) 29 Loss before tax (VII= V+VI) Tax expense 31 Current tax Deferred tax Total Tax Expense (VIII) Loss for the year (IX= VII-VIII) Other comprehensive Income/(Loss): a) Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit and loss in subsequent years: Re-measurement gain on defined benefit plan		(3,744.13)
Loss before exceptional items and tax (V= III+IV) Exceptional Items (VI) 29 Loss before tax (VII= V+VI) Tax expense 31 Current tax Deferred tax Total Tax Expense (VIII) Loss for the year (IX= VII-VIII) Other comprehensive Income/(Loss): a) Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit and loss in subsequent years: Re-measurement gain on defined benefit plan	(32.27)	
Exceptional Items (VI) Loss before tax (VII= V+VI) Tax expense 31 Current tax Deferred tax Total Tax Expense (VIII) Loss for the year (IX= VII-VIII) Other comprehensive Income/(Loss): a) Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit and loss in subsequent years: Re-measurement gain on defined benefit plan	(10,293.30)	(3,744.13)
Loss before tax (VII= V+VI) Tax expense 31 Current tax Deferred tax Total Tax Expense (VIII) Loss for the year (IX= VII-VIII) Other comprehensive Income/(Loss): a) Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit and loss in subsequent years: Re-measurement gain on defined benefit plan		
Tax expense 31 Current tax Deferred tax Total Tax Expense (VIII) Loss for the year (IX= VII-VIII) Other comprehensive Income/(Loss): a) Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit and loss in subsequent years: Re-measurement gain on defined benefit plan	-	(413.30)
Current tax Deferred tax Total Tax Expense (VIII) Loss for the year (IX= VII-VIII) Other comprehensive Income/(Loss): a) Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit and loss in subsequent years: Re-measurement gain on defined benefit plan	(10,293.30)	(4,157.43)
Current tax Deferred tax Total Tax Expense (VIII) Loss for the year (IX= VII-VIII) Other comprehensive Income/(Loss): a) Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit and loss in subsequent years: Re-measurement gain on defined benefit plan		
Deferred tax Total Tax Expense (VIII) Loss for the year (IX= VII-VIII) Other comprehensive Income/(Loss): a) Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit and loss in subsequent years: Re-measurement gain on defined benefit plan	100.72	_
Total Tax Expense (VIII) Loss for the year (IX= VII-VIII) Other comprehensive Income/(Loss): a) Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit and loss in subsequent years: Re-measurement gain on defined benefit plan	(284.02)	_
Loss for the year (IX= VII-VIII) Other comprehensive Income/(Loss): a) Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit and loss in subsequent years: Re-measurement gain on defined benefit plan	(183.30)	
a) Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit and loss in subsequent years: Re-measurement gain on defined benefit plan	(10,110.00)	(4,157.43)
a) Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit and loss in subsequent years: Re-measurement gain on defined benefit plan		
Re-measurement gain on defined benefit plan		
	23.13	10.38
INCOME TAX TELATING TO BEHIS THAT WILL HOLDE TE-CLASSIFIED TO DEODE AND TOSS	(3.02)	-
Subtotal (a)	20.11	10.38
b) Items that will be reclassified to statement of profit or loss in subsequent years:	7 n	
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	(5.74)	(8.32)
Income tax relating to items that will be re-classified to profit and loss		
Subtotal (b)	(5.74)	(8.32)
Total Other Comprehensive Income for the year (X= a+b)	14.37	2.06
Total Comprehensive Loss for the year (XI= IX+X)	(10,095.63)	(4,155.37)
Loss per equity share 30		
Loss per equity share 30 Basic	(16.98)	(8.05)
Diluted	(16.98)	(8.05)
Summary of significant accounting policies 2.2		
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.		

As per our report of even date

For S.R.Batliboi & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm registration number: 101049W/E300004

For and on behalf of the board of directors of Delhivery Limited (formerly known as Delhivery Private Limited)

per Yogesh Midha Partner

Membership no: 094941

Sandeep Kumar Barasia Executive Director and Chief Business Officer

DIN: 01432123 Place : Gurugram Sahil Barua

Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer DIN: 05131571 Place : Goa

Place : New Delhi

Date: May 30, 2022

Amit Agarwal Chief Financial Officer Sunil Kumar Bansal Company Secretary FCS-4810

Place : Gurugram Date: May 30, 2022 Place : Gurugram Date: May 30, 2022

A)	Operating Activities	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
	Operating Activities Loss before tax	(10,293.30)	(4,157.43)
	Adjustment to reconcile loss before tax to net cash flows	(10,2,5,5,50)	(1,137113)
	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	2,433.12	1,567.32
	Amortization of intangible assets	1,337.15	76.56
	Depreciation of right-of-use assets	2,337.20	1,902.32
	Allowances for doubtful debts	1,154.92	894.78
	Bad debt written off	2.55	4.45
	Allowances for doubtful advances	26.60	47.53
	Provision for doubtful debts		413.30
	Share based payment expense	3,084.21	723.12
	Share of loss of associates (net)	32.27 241.74	198.64
	Interest expense Interest on lease liability	742.60	683.05
	Stamp duty	742.00	(2.58)
	Fair value gain on Investment at fair value through profit or loss	(300.43)	(325.01)
	Assets written off	2.05	(323.01)
	Gain on modification / termination of lease contracts	(210.27)	(99.76)
	Rent waiver on lease liabilities	=	(33.80)
	Interest Income	(569.85)	(1,150.36)
	Interest income on unwinding of discount on security deposits paid	(139.88)	(105.63)
	Net gain on sale of current investments	(174.59)	(100.81)
	Net gain on sale of non current investments	(22.50)	-
	Fair value loss on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	2,997.39	91.95
	Profit on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(0.08)	(2.95)
	Operating Profit before working capital changes	2,680.90	624.69
	Movements in working capital:		
	Decrease/(Increase) in inventories	6.43	(81.17)
	Increase in trade and other receivables	(3,318.00)	(831.62)
	Increase in financial assets	(3,873.83)	(1,007.50)
	Increase in other assets	(733.69)	(303.01)
	Decrease/(Increase) in loans	174.91	(237.44)
	Increase in trade payables	2,625.37 (49.66)	1,689.64 304.55
	(Decrease)/Increase in other liabilities Increase in provisions	214.10	71.10
	Cash flow from/(used in) operations	(2,273.47)	229.24
	Income taxes paid (net)	(131.87)	(181.55)
	Net cash from/(used in) operating activities (A)	(2,405.34)	47.69
	T A A A SH		
	Investing Activities	(5.420.26)	(2.500.20)
	Purchase of property, plant & equipment (including Other Intangible assets, capital work in progress and capital advances)	(5,439.36)	(2,509.39)
	Proceeds from property, plant & equipment (including other intangible assets)	41.80	23.71
	Payment towards acquisition of business (net of cash & cash equivalents) (refer note 36 (1)) Asset acquisition through assets purchase agreement (refer note 36.2 (a))	(13,866.77) (1,848.67)	(35.00)
	Asset acquisition through assets purchase agreement (refer note 36.2 (a)) Investment in associates (refer note 36.3)	(2,518.94)	-
	Proceeds from sale of investment in associate	22.50	
	Proceeds from sale of financial assets - Liquid mutual fund units, debt instruments	25,564.19	10,217.69
	Payment to acquire financial assets - Liquid mutual fund units, debt instruments	(32.228.27)	(9,196.60)
	Maturity of bank deposits (having original maturity of more than 12 months) including margin money deposits	9,153.32	2,484.66
	Investments in bank deposits (having original maturity of more than 12 months) including margin money deposits	(7,639.31)	(1,227.49)
	Maturity of bank deposits (having original maturity of more than 3 months)	15.78	2,870.84
	Interest received	1,322.48	754.50
	Net cash from/(used in) investing activities (B)	(27,421.25)	3,382.92
	Financing Activities		
	Proceeds from issuance of equity share capital (including stock options exercised)	8,457.88	98.25
	Proceeds from issuance of share capital (Instruments entirely equity in nature)	25,501.56	70.25
	Proceeds from issuance of compulsorily convertible preference shares	956.22	92.88
	(Repayment) / Proceeds from long term borrowings (net)	(2,994.47)	323.44
	Interest paid	(239.32)	(205.34)
	Payment of interest portion of lease liabilities	(742.60)	(683.05)
	Payment of principal portion of lease liabilities	(1,939.03)	(1,435.51)
	Repayments of short term borrowings	(842.29)	(500.00)
	Proceeds from short term borrowings	859.93	842.34
	Net cash from/(used in) financing activities (C)	29,017.88	(1,466.99)
_	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(808.71)	1,963.62
	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	2,758.63	795.01
	Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year (refer note 12)	1,949.92	2,758.63

(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

Non Cash Financing Activities	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Gain on modification / termination of lease contracts (refer note 22.2)	(210.27)	(99.76)
Rent waiver on lease liabilities (refer note 22.2)	-	(33.80)
Fair value loss on financial liability at fair value through profit and loss	2,997.39	91.95

Non-cash investing activities	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Portion of market based measure of Spoton share-based payments scheme attributable to pre-combination	106.74	=
service (refer note 36 (1) (a))		
Provision for termination benefit (Employee acturial liability) (refer note 36.2 (a))	34.80	=
Security Deposits (assets) (refer note 36.2 (a))	(19.20)	-

Reconcilation of liabilites arising from financing activities

Particulars	March 31, 2022	Cash Flows	Non cash changes	March 31, 2021
Long-term borrowings	2,331.38	(2,994.47)	3,339.54	1,986.31
Short-term borrowings	859.93	17.64	-	842.29
Lease liabilities	7,483.80	(2,681.63)	2,009.83	8,155.60

Particulars	March 31, 2021	Cash Flows	Non cash changes	March 31, 2020
Long-term borrowings	1,986.31	323.54	-	1,662.77
Short-term borrowings	842.29	342.29	-	500.00
Lease liabilities	8.155.60	(2.118.56)	5.295.85	4.978.31

Summary of significant accounting policies

2.2

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

As per our report of even date
For S.R.Batliboi & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm registration number : 101049W/E300004

For and on behalf of the board of directors of Delhivery Limited (formerly known as Delhivery Private Limited)

per Yogesh Midha Partner Sandeep Kumar Barasia Sahil Barua Executive Director and Chief Business Officer Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer Membership no: 094941 DIN: 01432123 DIN: 05131571

Place : Gurugram Place : Goa

Amit Agarwal Sunil Kumar Bansal Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary FCS-4810

> Place : Gurugram Place : Gurugram

Date: May 30, 2022 Date: May 30, 2022

Place : New Delhi Date: May 30, 2022 (All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

A. Equity Share Capital (refer note 14)

Equity shares of Re. 1 each issued (March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020- Rs. 10 each) fully paid	Number	(Rs. millions)
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each issued		
At March 31, 2020	9,74,952	9.75
Add: Issued during the year (stock options exercised)	14,277	0.14
Add: Converted from CCCPS during the year (refer note 14)	6,40,000	6.40
Add: Issued during the year (Re. 1 per share paid up)	38,701	0.04
At March 31, 2021	16,67,930	16.33
Add: Issued during the year (stock options exercised)	2,15,09,326	23.08
Add: Converted from CCCPS during the year (refer note 16)	42,51,20,603	426.16
Add: Bonus shares issued during the year	1,76,18,927	176.19
Add: Amount called up during the year	-	0.35
Add: Equity shares arising on shares split from Rs. 10 to Re. 1 per share	17,61,89,315	-
At March 31, 2022	64,21,06,100	642.11

Instruments Entirely Equity in Nature - 0.001% Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCCPS) of Rs.10/- each (Series A) issued, subscribed and fully paid	Number	(Rs. millions)
At March 31, 2020	2,91,667	2.92
Add: Issued during the year	-	-
Less: Converted to equity during the year (refer note 14)	(2,91,667)	(2.92)
At March 31, 2021		
Add: Issued during the year		
At March 31, 2022		-
Instruments Entirely Equity in Nature - 0.001% Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares	Number	(Rs. millions)
Instruments Entirely Equity in Nature - 0.001% Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCCPS) of Rs.100 each (Series B, C, D, D1, E, F, H and I) issued, subscribed and fully paid	Number	(Rs. millions)
	Number 38,88,068	(Rs. millions)
(CCCPS) of Rs.100 each (Series B, C, D, D1, E, F, H and I) issued, subscribed and fully paid		
(CCCPS) of Rs.100 each (Series B, C, D, D1, E, F, H and I) issued, subscribed and fully paid At March 31, 2020		
(CCCPS) of Rs.100 each (Series B, C, D, D1, E, F, H and I) issued, subscribed and fully paid At March 31, 2020 Add: Issued during the year	38,88,068	388.81
(CCCPS) of Rs.100 each (Series B, C, D, D1, E, F, H and I) issued, subscribed and fully paid At March 31, 2020 Add: Issued during the year Less: Converted to equity during the year (refer note 14)	38,88,068 - (3,48,333)	388.81
(CCCPS) of Rs.100 each (Series B, C, D, D1, E, F, H and I) issued, subscribed and fully paid At March 31, 2020 Add: Issued during the year Less: Converted to equity during the year (refer note 14) At March 31, 2021	38,88,068 (3,48,333) 35,39,735	388.81 (34.82) 353.99

B. Other Equity (refer note 15)

For the year ended March 31, 2022

	Attributable to the equity holders of the Group		Items of OCI	ı	
		Reserves and Surplus			
Description	Securities premium	Share Based Payment	Retained earnings	Exchange differences on translating the	Total
		Reserve	_	financial statements of a foreign operation	
Balance as at April 01, 2021	74,306.86	1,958.24	(48,279.41)	11.96	27,997.66
Loss for the year	-	-	(10,110.00)	-	(10,110.00)
Other comprehensive income/(loss)					
- Re-measurement gains on defined benefit plans		-	20.11	-	20.11
- Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of a foreign operation		-		(5.74)	(5.74)
Total comprehensive loss	-	-	(10,089.88)	(5.74)	(10,095.63)
Add: ESOPs exercised (Transferred Rs. 1,589.09 millions (March 31, 2021: Rs. 109.87 millions) from share	1,863.89	-		-	1,863.89
based payment reserve)					
Less: Transferred to securities premium on exercise of stock options		(1,589.09)		_	(1,589.09)
Add: ESOP Expenses on acquisition of subsidiary		106.70		-	106.70
Add: Securities premium on equiv issued during the year	8,171.06	-		_	8,171.06
Add: Securities premium on CCCPS issued during the year (series H and series I)	25,599.70	-		_	25,599.70
Add Premium on conversion of preference share to equity share	4,138.45	-		-	4,138.45
Less:Bonus issued during the year	(176.19)	-		-	(176.19)
Less: Share issues Expenses (Series H and I)	(169.17)	-		-	(169.17)
Add: Share based payment expense		3,084.21		-	3,084.21
Balance as at March 31, 2022	1 12 724 60	3 560 06	(59 360 30)	6.22	59 021 59

	Attributa	able to the equity holders	of the Group	Items of OCI	
Description		Reserves and Surplus			70.4.1
Description	Securities premium	Share Based Payment Reserve	Retained earnings	Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of a foreign operation	Total
Balance as at April 01, 2020	74,069.68	1,344.99	(44,132.36)	20.28	31,302.59
Loss for the year	-	-	(4,157.43)	-	(4,157.43)
Other comprehensive income/(loss)					ł
- Re-measurement gains on defined benefit plans	-	-	10.38	-	10.38
 Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of a foreign operation 	-	-		(8.32)	(8.32)
Total comprehensive loss	-	-	(4,147.05)	(8.32)	(4,155.37)
Add: ESOPs exercised (Transferred Rs. 109.87 millions from share based payment reserve)	128.87	-		-	128.87
Add: Securities premium on equity shares issued during the year	77.36	-		-	77.36
Add: Premium on conversion of preference share to equity share	31.35	-		-	31.35
Add: Share based payment expense	-	723.12		-	723.12
Less: Transferred to securities premium on exercise of stock options	-	(109.87)		-	(109.87)
Less: Share issue expense	(0.40)	-		-	(0.40)
Balance as at March 31, 2021	74,306.86	1,958,24	(48,279.41)	11.96	27,997.65

Summary of significant accounting policies

2.2

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Consolidated financial statements

As per our report of even date

For S.R.Batliboi & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm registration number : 101049W/E300004

For and on behalf of the board of directors of Delhivery Limited (formerly known as Delhivery Private Limited)

per Yogesh Midha

Partner Membership no : 094941

Sandeep Kumar Barasia Executive Director and Chief Business Officer DIN: 01432123 Place : Gurugram

Sahil Barua Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer DIN: 05131571 Place : Goa

Place : New Delhi Date : May 30, 2022

Amit Agarwal Chief Financial Officer

Sunil Kumar Bansal Company Secretary FCS-4810

Place : Gurugram Date : May 30, 2022 Place : Gurugram Date : May 30, 2022 Notes to consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

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Corporate Information

Delhivery Limited (formerly known as Delhivery Private Limited) (thereinafter referred to as "The company" or "Delhivery"), was incorporated as SSN Logistics Private Limited on June 22, 2011 under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The company changed its name to Delhivery Private Limited as of 8th Day of December 2015. The registered office of the company is located at N24-N34, S24-S34, Air Cargo Logistics Centre-II, Opposite Gate 6 Cargo Terminal, IGI Airport, New Delhi-110037.

The Company has converted from Private Limited Company to Public Limited Company, pursuant to a special resolution passed in the extraordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the Company held on September 29, 2021 and consequently the name of the Company has changed to Delhivery Limited pursuant to a fresh certificate of incorporation by the Registrar of Companies on October 12, 2021.

The company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Group") is engaged in the business of warehousing and last mile logistics and also involved in designing and deploying logistics management systems, provide logistics and supply chain consulting/advice, provide inbound/procurement support and other activities of a similar nature.

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022, were approved by the Board of Directors and authorized for issue on May 30, 2022.

2. Basis of preparation of financial statements and Significant Accounting Policies

2.1 Basis of preparation

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of Indian Accounting Standard 34 specified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 ("the Act"), read with of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended and presentation requirements of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, (Ind AS compliant Schedule III), as applicable to the financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except certain financial instrument which are measured at fair values, wherever applicable, at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees and all amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest millions (as per the requirement of Schedule III), unless otherwise stated.

2.2 Summary of significant accounting policies

a) Use of estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with the principles of Ind AS requires the management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that effect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

b) Business combination and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method.

The Group determines that it has acquired a business when the acquired set of activities and assets include an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs. The acquired process is considered substantive if it is critical to the ability to continue producing outputs, and the inputs acquired include an organised workforce with the necessary skills, knowledge, or experience to perform that process or it significantly contributes to the ability to continue producing outputs and is considered unique or scarce or cannot be replaced without significant cost, effort, or delay in the ability to continue producing outputs.

Acquisition method

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for all business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary comprises the

- (i) fair values of the assets transferred;
- (ii) liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquired business;
- (iii) equity interests issued by the group; and
- (iv) fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement.

However, the following assets and liabilities acquired in a business combination are measured at the basis indicated below:

i) Deferred tax assets or liabilities, and the assets or liabilities related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with Ind AS 12 Income Tax and Ind AS 19 Employee Benefits respectively.

The excess of the

- (i) consideration transferred;
- (ii) amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity, and
- (iii) acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquired entity

over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed is recorded as goodwill. If those amounts are less than the fair value of the net identifiable assets of the business acquired, the difference is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as capital reserve provided there is clear evidence of the underlying reasons for classifying the business combination as a bargain purchase. In other cases, the bargain purchase gain is recognised directly in equity as capital reserve.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group cashgenerating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units. A cash generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired.

Where settlement of any part of cash consideration is deferred, the amounts payable in the future are discounted to their present value as at the date of exchange. The discount rate used is the entity's incremental borrowing rate, being the rate at which a similar borrowing could be obtained from an independent financier under comparable terms and conditions.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration is classified either as equity or a financial liability. Amounts classified as a financial liability are subsequently remeasured to fair value with changes in fair value recognised in Consolidated statement of profit and loss. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not re-measured at subsequent reporting dates and subsequent its settlement is accounted for within equity.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date. Any gains or losses arising from such remeasurement are recognised Consolidated statement of profit and loss or other comprehensive income, as appropriate.

Investment in associates

Associate

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The Group's investments in its associates are accounted for using the equity method. Under the equity method, the investment in associate is initially recognised at cost. The carrying amount of the investment is adjusted to recognise changes in the Group's share of net assets of the associates since the acquisition date. Goodwill relating to the associate is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is not tested for impairment individually.

The Consolidated statement of profit and loss reflects the Group's share of the results of operations of the associate. Any change in OCI of those investees is presented as part of the Group's OCI. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associates, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and associate are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the associate.

If an entity's share of losses of a an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate (which includes any long term interest that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the entity discontinues recognising its

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Notes to consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

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share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. If the associate subsequently reports profits, the entity resumes recognising its share of those profits only after its share of the profits equals the share of losses not recognised.

The aggregate of the Group's share of profit and loss of an associate is shown on the face of the Consolidated statement of profit and loss.

The financial statements of the associate are prepared for the same reporting period as the Group. When necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Group.

After application of the equity method, the Group determines whether it is necessary to recognise an impairment loss on its investment in its associate. At each reporting date, the Group determines whether there is objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If there is such evidence, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value, and then recognises the loss as 'Share of profit of an associate' in the Consolidated statement of profit and loss .

Upon loss of significant influence over associate, the Group measures and recognises any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate upon loss of significant influence or joint control and the fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognised in the Consolidated statement of profit and loss.

c) Current versus non- current classification

The Group presents assets and liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- i) Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- ii) Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- iii) It is expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- iv) Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- i) It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- ii) Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- iii) It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- iv) There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Group classifies all other liabilities as non-current. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The group has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

d) Foreign currencies

The Group's consolidated financial statements are presented in INR, which is also the Parent Company's functional currency. For each entity, the Group determines the functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entities forming part of Group operates and is normally the currency in which the entities forming part of Group primarily generates and expends cash.

Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded by the Group's entities at their respective functional currency spot rates at the date the transaction first qualifies for recognition. However, for practical reasons, the Group uses an average rate if the average approximates the exchange rates at the date of the transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency spot rates of exchange at the reporting date.

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Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss with the exception of the following:

- i) In the consolidated financial statements that include the foreign operation and the reporting entity (e.g., consolidated financial statements when the foreign operation is a subsidiary), such exchange differences are recognised initially in OCI. These exchange differences are reclassified from equity to profit and loss on disposal of the net investment.
- ii) Tax charges and credits attributable to exchange differences on those monetary items are also recorded in OCI.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined. The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in OCI or profit or loss are also recognised in OCI or profit or loss, respectively).

Foreign subsidiaries and branches

On consolidation, the assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into Indian Rupees at the rate of exchange prevailing at the reporting date and their consolidated statement of profit and loss are translated at exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

For practical reasons, the group uses an average rate to translate income and expense items, if the average rate approximates the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. The exchange differences arising on translation for consolidation are recognised in OCI. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of OCI relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in the Consolidated statement of profit and loss.

Cumulative currency translation differences for all foreign operations are deemed to be zero at the date of transition, viz., 01 April 2016. Gain or loss on a subsequent disposal of any foreign operation excludes translation differences that arose before the date of transition but includes only translation differences arising after the transition date

e) Fair value measurement

The Group measures financial instruments such as Investment in cumulative compulsorily convertible preference shares (CCCPS), Investment in mutual funds, similar financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- i) In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- ii) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- i) Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- ii) Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.

iii) Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the consolidated financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

The Group's management determines the policies and procedures for both recurring fair value measurement, such as cumulative compulsorily convertible preference shares (CCCPS), Investment in mutual funds, similar financial instruments measured at fair value. The team comprises of the Chief Financial Officer (CFO) and Finance Controller.

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets and liabilities. Involvement of external valuers is decided on the basis of nature of transaction and complexity involved. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained.

At each reporting date, the finance team analyses the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be remeasured or re-assessed as per the Group's accounting policies. For this analysis, the team verifies the major inputs applied in the latest valuation by agreeing the information in the valuation computation to contracts and other relevant documents. A change in fair value of assets and liabilities is also compared with relevant external sources to determine whether the change is reasonable.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

This note summarises accounting policy for fair value. Other fair value related disclosures are given in the relevant notes.

f) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any

Such cost includes the cost of replacing part of the plant and equipment. When significant parts of plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in Consolidated statement of profit and loss as incurred.

Capital work in progress is stated at cost, net of accumulated impairment loss, if any.

On transition to Ind AS, the group has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its property, plant and equipment recognised as at 01 April 2017 measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of the property, plant and equipment.

Depreciation on all property plant and equipment are provided on a written down value based on the estimated useful life of the asset, which is as follows:

Property, plant and equipment	Useful lives as per Schedule II	Useful lives estimated by management
Computer	3 years	3 years
Computer server	6 years	6 years
Office equipment	5 years	3 -5years
Furniture & Fittings	10 years	5 years
Vehicles	8 years	3.86 years
Plant and Machinery	10 years	5 years

Leasehold improvements are amortised over five years or life based on lease period.

The useful life of vehicles, furniture and fittings, computers, plant and machinery are estimated as 3.85, 5 and 5 years respectively. These lives are lower than those indicated in schedule II to Companies Act 2013.

The management has estimated the useful lives and residual values of all property, plant and equipment and adopted useful lives based on management's technical assessment of their respective economic useful lives. The residual values, useful lives

Notes to consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

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and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Depreciation on the assets purchased during the year is provided on pro-rata basis from the date of purchase of the assets.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the Consolidated statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

g) Intangible assets

Intangible assets (mainly includes software and trade marks) acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an Intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the Consolidated statement of profit and loss unless such expenditure forms part of carrying value of another asset.

IT Softwares and Trademarks are to be depreciated 5 years as its useful life.

An intangible asset is derecognised upon disposal (i.e., at the date the recipient obtains control) or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Consolidated statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

Intangible assets acquired in business combination, include non-compete and customer relationship which are amortized over the period of five years on written down value basis

h) Leases

On initial application of Ind AS 116, the Group has taken the cumulative adjustment to retained earning and Lease equalization reserve, consequently the group discounted using the Group's incremental borrowing rate at April 01, 2019 whereas the Group has elected to measure ROU at its carrying amount as if Ind AS 116 had been applied since the lease commencement date, but discounted using the Group's incremental borrowing rate at April 01, 2019.

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Group as a lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

i) Right of use assets

The Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets.

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Group at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

The right-of-use assets are also subject to impairment. Refer to the accounting policies in section (q) Impairment of non-financial assets.

ii) Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under

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residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

iii) Short term leases

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its properties (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option).

i) Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Inventory primarily consist of packing material and consumables.

Cost includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined on weighted average basis.

j) Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer, at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The Group has generally concluded that it is the principal in its revenue arrangements because it typically controls the goods or services before transferring them to the customers.

The disclosures of significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions relating to revenue from contracts with customers are provided in note 30 of the consolidated financial statements.

Performance obligation

At contract inception, the Group assess the goods and services promised in contracts with customers and identifies various performance obligations to provide distinct goods and services to the customers. The Group has determined following distinct goods and services that represent its primary performance obligation.

The transaction price of goods sold and services rendered is net of variable consideration on account of various elements like discounts etc. offered by the Group as part of the contract

Delivery services includes:

- Revenue from Express Parcel Services
- Revenue from Part Truck Load Services (PTL)
- Revenue from Truck Load Services (TL)
- Revenue from cross border services

Revenue from these services are recognized over the period as they are satisfied over the contract term, which generally represents the transit period including the incomplete trips at the reporting date. The transit period can vary based upon the method of transport, generally a couple days for over the road, rail, and air transportation, or several weeks in the case of an ocean shipment. Group also provide certain ancillary logistics services, such as handling of goods, customs clearance services etc. The service period for these services is usually for a very short duration, generally few days or weeks. Hence, revenue from these services is recognised over the service period as the Group perform the primary obligation of delivery of goods.

Other allied services includes:

• Revenue from supply chain services

Revenue from these services are recognised over time as the customer simultaneously avails the benefits of these services. Hence, the revenue from such services is recognised on a monthly basis, basis the amount fixed as per the agreements.

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The group collects Goods & Service Tax (GST) GST on behalf of the government and, therefore, it is not an economic benefit flowing to the group. Hence, it is excluded from revenue.

Sale of goods

Revenue from sale of goods is recognized at the point in time when control of the asset is transferred to the customer, generally on delivery of the goods.

The Group considers whether there are other promises in the contract that are separate performance obligations to which a portion of the transaction price needs to be allocated. In determining the transaction price for the sale of goods, the Group considers the effects of variable consideration, the existence of significant financing components, noncash consideration, and consideration payable to the customers (if any).

Dividend

Dividend income is recognized when the group's right to receive dividend is established by the reporting date.

Interest

Interest income is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and amount of income can be measured reliably.

Contract balances

The Policy for Contract balances i.e. contract assets, trade receivables and contract liabilities is as follows:

Contract assets

A contract asset is the right to receive consideration in exchange for services already transferred to the customer (which consist of unbilled revenue). By transferring services to a customer before the customer pays consideration or before payment is due, a contract asset is recognised for the earned consideration that is unconditional.

Trade receivables

A receivable represents the Group's right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional (i.e., only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due). Refer to accounting policies of financial assets in financial instruments – initial recognition and subsequent measurement.

Contract liabilities

A contract liability is the obligation to deliver services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration or part thereof (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Group deliver services to the customer, a contract liability is recognised when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Group performs under the contract.

k) Retirement and other employee benefits

Retirement benefit in the form of provident fund and social security is a defined contribution scheme. The group has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund/social security. The group recognizes contribution payable to the provident fund scheme/ social security scheme as an expense, when an employee renders the related service. If the contribution payable to the scheme for service received before the balance sheet date exceeds the contribution already paid, the deficit payable to the scheme is recognized as a liability after deducting the contribution already paid. If the contribution already paid exceeds the contribution due for services received before the balance sheet date, then excess is recognized as an asset to the extent that the pre-payment will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payment or a cash refund.

The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plan is determined using the projected unit credit method.

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability are recognised immediately in the consolidated balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to Consolidated statement of profit and loss in subsequent periods.

Past service costs are recognised in the consolidated statement profit and loss on the earlier of:

i)The date of the plan amendment or curtailment, and

ii)The date that the Group recognises related restructuring costs

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability. The Group recognises the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation as an expense in the consolidated statement of profit and loss:

i) Service costs comprising current service costs, past-service costs, gains and losses on curtailments and non-routine settlements; and

ii) Net interest expense

Accumulated leave, which is expected to be utilized within the next 12 months, is treated as short-term employee benefit. The group measures the expected cost of such absences as the additional amount that it expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the reporting date. The group recognizes expected cost of short-term employee benefit as an expense, when an employee renders the related service.

The Group also operates a leave encashment plan. The group treats accumulated leave expected to be carried forward beyond twelve months, as long-term employee benefit for measurement purposes. Such long-term compensated absences are provided for based on the actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method at the reporting date. Actuarial gains/losses are immediately taken to the consolidated statement of profit and loss and are not deferred. The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the consolidated statement of assets and liabilities if the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer the settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

1) Taxes

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date in the countries where the Group operates and generates taxable income.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside consolidated statement profit and loss is recognised outside consolidated statement profit and loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management considers whether it is probable that a taxation authority will accept an uncertain tax treatment. The group shall reflect the effect of uncertainty for each uncertain tax treatment by using either most likely method or expected value method, depending on which method predicts better resolution of the treatment.

Advance taxes and provisions for current income taxes are presented in the consolidated balance sheet after off-setting advance tax paid and income tax provision arising in the same tax jurisdiction and where the relevant tax paying units intends to settle the asset and liability on a net basis.

Deferred taxes

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- i) When the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit and loss.
- ii) In respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

i) When the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit and loss,

ii) In respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside Consolidated statement of profit and loss is recognised outside Consolidated statement of profit and loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Tax benefits acquired as part of a business combination, but not satisfying the criteria for separate recognition at that date, are recognised subsequently if new information about facts and circumstances change. Acquired deferred tax benefits recognised within the measurement period reduce goodwill

related to that acquisition if they result from new information obtained about facts and circumstances existing at the acquisition date. If the carrying amount of goodwill is zero, any remaining deferred tax benefits are recognised in OCI/ capital reserve depending on the principle explained for bargain purchase gains. All other acquired tax benefits realised are recognised in profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

m) Share based payments

Employees (including senior executives) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments (equity-settled transactions). The cost of equity-settled transactions is determined by the fair value at the date when the grant is made using an appropriate valuation model.

That cost is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in share-based payment (SBP) reserves in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled in employee benefits expense. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The expense or credit in the Consolidated statement of profit and loss for a period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period and is recognised in employee benefits expense.

Service and non-market performance conditions are not taken into account when determining the grant date fair value of awards, but the likelihood of the conditions being met is assessed as part of the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. Market performance conditions are reflected within the grant date fair value. Any other conditions attached to an award, but without an associated service requirement, are considered to be non-vesting conditions. Non-vesting conditions are reflected in the fair value of an award and lead to an immediate expensing of an award unless there are also service and/or performance conditions.

No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest because non-market performance and/or service conditions have not been met. Where awards include a market or non-vesting condition, the transactions are treated as vested irrespective of whether the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

When the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, the minimum expense recognised is the expense had the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. An additional expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payment transaction or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification. Where an award is cancelled by the entity or by the counterparty, any remaining element of the fair value of the award is expensed immediately through Consolidated statement of profit and loss .

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of diluted earnings per share.

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n) Segment reporting

Segments are identified based on the manner in which the Chief Operating Decision Maker ('CODM') decides about resource allocation and reviews performance. Segment results that are reported to the CODM include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis.

o) Earning per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit and loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders of the Parent Company (after deducting preference dividends and attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity and preference shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit and loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders of the Parent Company and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

p) Provisions and contingent liabilities

i) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the Consolidated statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

ii) Contingent liabilities

Contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one are more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group, or is a present obligation that arises from past event but is not recognised because either it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made. Contingent liabilities are disclosed and not recognised.

iii) Decommissioning liability

The Group records a provision for decommissioning costs of leasehold premises. Decommissioning costs are provided at the present value of expected costs to settle the obligation using estimated cash flows and are recognized as part of the cost of the particular asset. The cash flows are discounted at a current pre-tax rate that reflects the risks specific to the decommissioning liability. The unwinding of the discount is expensed as incurred and recognized in the Consolidated statement of profit and loss as a finance cost. The estimated future costs of decommissioning are reviewed annually and adjusted as appropriate. Changes in the estimated future costs or in the discount rate applied are added to or deducted from the cost of the asset.

q) Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial assets

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through Consolidated statement of profit and loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Subsequent measurements

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in two categories:

i) Financial assets carried at amortised cost

ii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Financial assets at amortised cost

A 'financial asset' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- i) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- ii) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the Consolidated statement of profit and loss .

Financial assets at FVTPL

FVTPL is a residual category for financial assets. Any financial assets instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as at FVTPL.

Debt instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Consolidated statement of profit and loss .

Equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 at fair value, with net changes in fair value recognised in the Consolidated statement of profit and loss.

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Group's consolidated balance sheet when:

- i) The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- ii) The group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the group could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the group applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- i) Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits and bank balance
- "ii) Trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset that result from transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 115"

The group follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables. The application of simplified approach does not require the group to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognizes impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

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ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12-months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR. When estimating the cash flows, an entity is required to consider:

- i) All contractual terms of the financial instrument (including prepayment, extension, call and similar options) over the expected life of the financial instrument. However, in rare cases when the expected life of the financial instrument cannot be estimated reliably, then the entity is required to use the remaining contractual term of the financial instrument.
- ii) Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

As a practical expedient, the group uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the trade receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the period is recognized as income/ expense in the Consolidated statement of profit and loss. This amount is reflected under the head 'other expenses' in the Consolidated statement of profit and loss.

The consolidated balance sheet presentation for various financial instruments is described below:

i. Financial assets measured as at amortised cost, contractual revenue receivables: ECL is presented as an allowance, i.e., as an integral part of the measurement of those assets in the consolidated Balance Sheet. The allowance reduces the net carrying amount. Until the asset meets write-off criteria, the group does not reduce impairment allowance from the gross carrying amount.

For assessing increase in credit risk and impairment loss, the group combines financial instruments on the basis of shared credit risk characteristics with the objective of facilitating an analysis that is designed to enable significant increases in credit risk to be identified on a timely basis.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss, loans and borrowings, payables, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include Compulsorily Convertible Preference, trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts.

Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial liabilities at amortised cost (Loans and borrowings)

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss. This category generally applies to borrowings.

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Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading or financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the group that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit and loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/losses attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognized in OCI. These gains/losses are not subsequently transferred to P&L. However, the group may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the Consolidated statement of profit and lossThe group has designated CCPS to be measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

q) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded companies or other available fair value indicators.

The Group bases its impairment calculation on detailed budgets and forecast calculations, which are prepared separately for each of the Group's CGUs to which the individual assets are allocated. These budgets and forecast calculations generally cover a period of five years. For longer periods, a long-term growth rate is calculated and applied to project future cash flows after the fifth year. To estimate cash flow projections beyond periods covered by the most recent budgets/forecasts, the Group extrapolates cash flow projections in the budget using a steady or declining growth rate for subsequent years, unless an increasing rate can be justified. In any case, this growth rate does not exceed the long-term average growth rate for the products, industries, or country or countries in which the entity operates, or for the market in which the asset is used.

Impairment losses are recognised in the Consolidated statement of profit and loss.

For assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased. If such indication exists, the Group estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the Consolidated statement of profit and loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case, the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase.

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r) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

s) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the consolidated balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts (if any) as they are considered an integral part of the Group's cash management.

t) Convertible preference shares

Convertible preference shares are separated into liability and equity components based on the terms of the contract.

On issuance of the convertible preference shares, the fair value of the liability component is determined using a market rate for an equivalent non-convertible instrument. This amount is classified as a financial liability measured at amortized cost (net of transaction costs) until it is extinguished on conversion or redemption.

The remainder of the proceeds is allocated to the conversion option that is recognized and included in equity since conversion option meets Ind AS 32 criteria for fixed to fixed classification. Transaction costs are deducted from equity, net of associated income tax. The carrying amount of the conversion option is not remeasured in subsequent years.

Transaction costs are apportioned between the liability and equity components of the convertible preference shares based on the allocation of proceeds to the liability and equity components when the instruments are initially recognized.

2.3 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Group and its associate for the year ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021.

Subsidiaries:

Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Specifically, the Company controls an investee if and only if the Group has:

- i) Power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).
- ii) Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and
- iii) The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the years are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date the Group gains control until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Consolidated financial statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. If a member of the group uses accounting policies other than those adopted in the consolidated financial statements for like transactions and events in similar circumstances, appropriate adjustments are made to that group member's financial statements in preparing the consolidated financial statements to ensure conformity with the group's accounting policies.

The consolidated financial statements of all entities used for the purpose of consolidation are drawn up to same reporting date as that of the parent Company, i.e., year ended on March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021

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Consolidation procedure:

- i. Combine like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows of the parent with those of its subsidiaries. For this purpose, income and expenses of the subsidiary are based on the amounts of the assets and liabilities recognised in the consolidated financial statements at the acquisition date.
- ii. Offset (eliminate) the carrying amount of the parent's investment in each subsidiary and the parent's portion of equity of each subsidiary. Business combinations policy explains how to account for any related goodwill/ reserve.
- iii. Eliminate in full intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between entities of the group [profits or losses resulting from intragroup transactions that are recognised in assets (if any), such as inventory, are eliminated in full]. Intragroup losses may indicate an impairment that requires recognition in the consolidated financial statements. Ind AS 12 Income Taxes applies to temporary differences that arise from the elimination of profits and losses resulting from intragroup transactions.

Consolidated statement of profit and loss and each component of other comprehensive income (OCI) are attributed to the equity holders of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction. If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it:

- i. Derecognises the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary
- ii. Derecognises the carrying amount of any non-controlling interests
- iii. Derecognises the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity
- iv. Recognises the fair value of the consideration received
- v. Recognises the fair value of any investment retained
- vi. Recognises any surplus or deficit in profit and loss
- vii. Reclassifies the parent's share of components previously recognised in OCI to profit and loss or retained earnings, as appropriate, as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

2.4 Change in accounting policies and disclosures

1. Change in EBITDA Policy

Up-to financial year ended March 31, 2021, the entity was disclosing (Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation, and amortisation) (EBITDA) as a separate line item on the face of statement of profit and loss. Effective financial ended March 31, 2022, the company has omitted the disclosure of EBITDA.

This change aligns the entity's accounting policy with the general industry practice, thereby enhancing the comparability of the entity's financial statements with those of other market participants within the industry. This voluntary change in accounting policy has been disclosed by changing the presentation of comparative information for the preceding period. The change in accounting policy has impacted the financial statements as follows:

(Amounts in Indian Rupees in millions)

Statement of profit and Loss	March 31, 2022 (without considering the effect of change in accounting policy)	Increase/ (decrease) due to change in accounting policy	March 31, 2022 (after considering the effect of change in accounting policy)	March 31, 2021 (as previously reported)	Increase/ (decrease) due to change in accounting policy	March 31, 2021 (restated)
Other Income	851.69	709.72	1561.41	661.65	1,255.99	1,917.64
Finance Income	709.72	(709.72)	-	1,255.99	(1,255.99)	-
Finance cost	995.29	-	995.29	886.27	-	886.27
Depreciation and amortisation expense	6,107.47	-	6,107.47	3,546.20	-	3,546.20
EBITDA	(3,867.99)	3,867.99	-	(567.65)	567.65	_

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The change in accounting policy had no impact on previously reported financial position and cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities.

New and amended new standard

$(i)\ Interest\ Rate\ Benchmark\ Reform-Phase\ 2:\ Amendments\ to\ Ind\ AS\ 109,\ Ind\ AS\ 107,\ Ind\ AS\ 104\ and\ Ind\ AS\ 116$

The amendments provide temporary reliefs which address the financial reporting effects when an interbank offered rate (IBOR) is replaced with an alternative nearly risk-free interest rate (RFR).

The amendments include the following practical expedients:

- A practical expedient to require contractual changes, or changes to cash flows that are directly required by the reform, to be treated as changes to a floating interest rate, equivalent to a movement in a market rate of interest
- Permit changes required by IBOR reform to be made to hedge designations and hedge documentation without the hedging relationship being discontinued
- Provide temporary relief to entities from having to meet the separately identifiable requirement when an RFR instrument is designated as a hedge of a risk component

These amendments had no impact on the financial statements of the Group. The Group intends to use the practical expedients in future periods if they become applicable.

(ii) Conceptual framework for financial reporting under Ind AS issued by ICAI

The Framework is not a Standard and it does not override any specific standard. Therefore, this does not form part of a set of standards pronounced by the standard-setters. While, the Framework is primarily meant for the standard-setter for formulating the standards, it has relevance to the preparers in certain situations such as to develop consistent accounting policies for areas that are not covered by a standard or where there is choice of accounting policy, and to assist all parties to understand and interpret the Standards.

The amendments made in following standards due to Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting under Ind AS .includes amendment of the footnote to the definition of an equity instrument in Ind AS 102- Share Based Payments, footnote to be added for definition of liability i.e. definition of liability is not revised on account of revision of definition in conceptual framework in case of Ind AS 37 - Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets etc.

The MCA has notified the Amendments to Ind AS consequential to Conceptual Framework under Ind AS vide notification dated June 18, 2021, applicable for annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2021. Accordingly, the Conceptual Framework is applicable for preparers for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2021.

These amendments had no impact on the financial statements of the Group.

(i) Amendments to Ind AS 116: Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions

MCA issued an amendment to Ind AS 116 Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021 to update the condition for lessees to apply the relief to a reduction in lease payments originally due on or before 30 June 2022 from 30 June 2021. The amendment applies to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2021. In case a lessee has not yet approved the financial statements for issue before the issuance of this amendment, then the same may be applied for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2020.

These amendments had no impact on the financial statements of the Group for year ended March 31, 2022.

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(ii) Amendments to Ind AS 103 Business Combinations

The amendment states that to qualify for recognition as part of applying the acquisition method, the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed must meet the definitions of assets and liabilities in the Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards* issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India at the acquisition date. Therefore, the acquirer does not recognise those costs as part of applying the acquisition method. Instead, the acquirer recognises those costs in its post-combination financial statements in accordance with other Ind AS.

These amendments had no impact on the financial statements of the Group.

(iii) Amendment to Ind AS 105, Ind AS 16 and Ind AS 28

The definition of "Recoverable amount" is amended such that the words "the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use" are replaced with "higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use". The consequential amendments are made in Ind AS 105, Ind AS 16 and Ind AS 28.

These amendments had no impact on the financial statements of the Group.

(iv) Amendment to Schedule III

The Group has considered the amendments to Schedule III of the Companies Act 2013 notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") via notification dated March 24, 2021, in the Consolidated Financial Statements disclosures, wherever applicable.

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(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

3. Property, plant and equipment

Particulars	Computers/ Servers	Office Equipment	Furniture and Fixtures	Vehicles #	Plant and Equipment	Leasehold Improvements	Land and Builiding (refer note 1)	Total	Capital work in progress
Gross carrying value									
At April 01, 2020	607.84	1,377.08	1,168.52	514.29	961.33	1,015.73	-	5,644.79	267.22
At April 01, 2020	607.84	1,377.08	1,168.52	514.29	961.33	1,015.73	-	5,644.79	267.22
Additions	181.03	462.89	314.58	70.84	155.09	426.56	-	1,610.99	517.90
Disposals/ capitalised during the year	(61.83)	(30.69)	(29.70)	(14.88)	-	(29.33)	-	(166.43)	(19.97)
At March 31, 2021	727.04	1,809.28	1,453.40	570.25	1,116.42	1,412.96	-	7,089.35	765.15
At April 01, 2021	727.04	1,809.28	1,453.40	570.25	1,116.42	1,412.96	-	7,089.35	765.15
Asset Acquired through assets purchase agreement (refer note 36.2 (a))*	28.19	104.30	9.78	216.19	4.59	44.48	61.93	469.46	-
Asset acquired on acquisition of business (refer note 36.1 (a))	44.62	42.61	15.48	0.97	37.15	50.76	-	191.59	-
Additions	606.80	1,082.63	890.47	960.92	1,376.96	741.37	-	5,659.15	598.74
Disposals/ capitalised during the year	(99.46)	(134.84)	(100.06)	(6.79)	(27.44)	(24.08)	-	(392.67)	(779.81)
At March 31, 2022	1,307.19	2,903.98	2,269.07	1,741.54	2,507.68	2,225.49	61.93	13,016.88	584.08
Accumulated depreciation									
At April 01, 2020	415.40	739.97	707.02	240.48	551.89	631.12	-	3,285.88	
At April 01, 2020	415.40	739.97	707.02	240.48	551.89	631.12	-	3,285.88	
Charge for the year	175.20	420.73	315.11	183.23	221.80	251.25	-	1,567.32	
Disposals	(56.89)	(25.22)	(24.48)	(14.88)	-	(22.09)	-	(143.56)	
At March 31, 2021	533.71	1,135.48	997.65	408.83	773.69	860.28	-	4,709.64	
At April 01, 2021	533.71	1,135.48	997.65	408.83	773.69	860.28	-	4,709.64	
Charge for the year	285.44	562.15	374.26	278.35	538.42	394.50	-	2,433.12	
Disposals	(92.82)	(114.72)	(95.55)	(5.87)	(25.71)	(16.61)	-	(351.28)	
At March 31, 2022	726.33	1,582.91	1,276.36	681.31	1,286.40	1,238.17	-	6,791.48	
Net block									
Balance as on March 31, 2022	580.86	1,321.07	992.71	1,060.24	1,221.28	987.32	61.93	6,225.40	
Balance as on March 31, 2021	193.33	673.80	455.75	161.42	342.73	552.68	-	2,379.71	

[#] Vehicles under loan contracts as at March 31, 2022 were Rs 1,522.22 millions (March 31, 2021:Rs 561.30 millions). Additions during the year ended March 31, 2022 is Rs 960.92 millions (March 31, 2021:Rs 70.84 millions). Loans assets are hypothecated as security for the related loan.

Note 1: Title deeds of Immovable Property not held in the name of the Company

Relevant line item in the Balance Sheet	Description of item of property		name of	Whether title deed holder is a promoter, director or relative of promoter/ director or employee of promoter / director		Reason for not being held in the name of the company
Property, plant and equipment	Land and Building	61.93	FedEx Express	No	December 06, 2021	Refer note below *
			Transportation and Supply			
			Chain Services (India)			
			Private Limited ('FedEx')			

^{*} The tangible assets pertaining to the overall asset acquisition of FedEx Express Transportation and Supply Chain Services (India) Private Limited ('FedEx') are in the course of transfer from FedEx Express Transportation and Supply Chain Services (India) Private Limited ('FedEx') to Delhivery Limited (formerly known as Delhivery Private Limited) and the said transfer shall be duly completed before September 30, 2022.

CIN: U63090DL2011PLC221234

(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

3a. Capital work in progress (Ageing schedule)

Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 year	2-3 year	M	ore than 3	Total	
					years		
As at March 31, 2022							
Projects in progress	583.54	0.54		-	-	584.08	
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-		-	-	-	
As at March 31, 2021							
Projects in progress	513.92	251.23		-	-	765.15	
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-		-	-	-	

1.	Other	intangible	assets and	Goodwill

Net Block

Balance as on March 31, 2022

Balance as on March 31, 2021

4. Other intangible assets and Goodwill										
Particulars	Software	Trade Mark	Customer relationships	Vendor relationships	Brand	Non - compete	Others*	Total	Goodwill **	Intangible assets u development
Gross carrying value				•						-
At April 01, 2020	191.19	50.98	61.10	-		1.70	-	304.97	186.40	
At April 01, 2020	191.19	50.98	61.10	-	-	1.70	-	304.97	186.40	
Asset acquired on acquisition of business (refer note 36.1(b))	34.92	-	-	-	-	-	-	34.92	0.08	
Additions	67.39	-	-	-	-	-	-	67.39	-	
Disposals	(0.68)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(0.68)	-	
At March 31, 2021	292.82	50.98	61.10	-	-	1.70	-	406.60	186.48	
At April 01, 2021	292.82	50.98	61.10	-	-	1.70	-	406.60	186.48	
Asset Acquired through assets purchase agreement (refer note 36.2 (a))	0.42	-	488.88	-	-	180.61	724.90	1,394.81	-	
Asset Acquired through assets purchase agreement (refer note 36.2 (b))	37.19	-	-	-	-	-	-	37.19	-	
Asset acquired on acquisition of business (refer note 36 (1) (a))	300.67	-	1,367.90	309.50	1,014.50	-	-	2,992.57	13,764.94	
Additions	180.60	-	-	-	-	-	-	180.60	-	
Disposals	(7.17)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7.17)	-	
At March 31, 2022	804.53	50.98	1,917.88	309.50	1,014.50	182.31	724.90	5,004.60	13,951.42	
Accumulated amortization										
At April 01, 2020	109.86	42.20	38.05	-	-	1.06	-	191.17	-	
At April 01, 2020	109.86	42.20	38.05	-	-	1.06	-	191.17	-	
Charge for the year	53.48	8.78	13.91	-	-	0.39	-	76.56	-	
Disposals	(0.68)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(0.68)	-	
At March 31, 2021	162.66	50.98	51.96	-		1.45	-	267.05	-	
At April 01, 2021	162.66	50.98	51.96	-	-	1.45	-	267.05	-	
Charge for the year	177.75	-	472.34	84.46	276.85	34.70	138.67	1,184.77	152.38	
Disposals	(6.81)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6.81)	-	
At March 31, 2022	333.60	50.98	524.30	84.46	276.85	36.15	138.67	1.445.01	152.38	

1,393.58

9.14

225.04

737.65

146.16

0.25

586.23

3,559.59

139.55

13,799.04

186.48

470.93

130.16

^{*} Above balance of Rs. 724.90 millions includes amount of Cross Border Franchisee Agreement - imports of Rs. 391.80 millions and Cross Border Franchisee Agreement - exports of Rs. 333.10 millions.

Delhivery Limited (formerly known as Delhivery Private Limited) Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 CIN: U63090DL2011PLC221234

(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

** The Group performs test for goodwill impairment at least annually on March 31, or if indicators of impairment arise, such as the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition and other economic factors or on occurrence of an event or change in circumstances that would more likely than not reduce the fair value below its carrying amount. When determining the fair value, we utilize various assumptions, including operating results, business plans and projections of future cash flows. Any adverse changes in key assumptions about our businesses and their prospects or an adverse change in market conditions may cause a change in the estimation of fair value and could result in an impairment charge.

The recoverable amounts of CGUs are based on value-in-use, which are determined based on five year business plans that have been approved by management for internal purposes. The said planning horizon reflects the assumptions for short-to-mid term market developments. Considering this and the consistent use of such robust five-year information for management reporting purposes, the Group uses five-year plans for the purpose of impairment testing. Management believes that this planning horizon reflects the assumptions for the expected performance in the markets in which the Group operates.

Management has done impairment analysis as on March 31, 2022 and did not find any impairment indicators.

Assumptions considered while performing goodwill impairment testing are as follows:

EBITDA	The EBITDA margins have been estimated based on past experience after considering the impact of incremental revenue and synergies benefits that the Group will get in future due to increase in process efficiencies. Margins will be positively impacted from the efficiencies, growth in top line and cost rationalisation / others initiatives driven by the Group;
Discount Rate	Discount rate reflects the current market assessment of the risks specific to a CGU based on the weighted average cost of capital for respective CGU. Pre-tax discount rates used are 20.73% for the year ended March 31, 2022 (March 31, 2021:18.15%).
Growth rates	The growth rates used are in line with the long-term average growth rates of the respective industry and country in which the entity operates and are consistent with the internal/ external sources of information. The average terminal growth rate used in extrapolating cash flows beyond the planning period is 5% for March 31, 2022 and for March 31, 2021.
Capital Expenditures	The cash flow forecasts of capital expenditure are based on experience after considering the additional capital expenditure required to meet the business growth.

(This space has been intentionally left blank)

(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

-			
•	Financial	accete -	Investments

Particulars	Non Current		Curren	at	
	March 31, 2022 Ma	rch 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
Investments in Associates (equity accounting) Investments in Unquoted equity instruments (fully paid)					
Leucon Technology Private Limited Nil (March 31, 2021: 5) equity shares of Nil each (March 31, 2021: 19,322.00 (includes security premium of Rs 19,316.60))	-	-	-	-	
FALCON AUTOTECH Private Limited 6,09,539 (March 31, 2021: Nil) equity shares of Rs. 10 each (security premium of Rs. 41,315 per share) (Investment of Rs. 251.89 million less Share of loss Rs. 32.27 million)	2,486.67	-	-	-	
Investments in Unquoted preference shares (fully paid) Leucon Technology Private Limited Nil (March 31, 2021 of Rs 19,321.60 (includes security premium of Rs 19,311.60))	-	-	-	-	
Investments at fair value through Profit & Loss (FVTPL) Investments in Unquoted instruments (fully paid) Skynet Worldwide Express Management Co. Bv. Nil (March 31, 2021: 23,474) equity shares of Rs 66 each each fully paid up	-	1.55	-	-	
Other investments a) Investment in equity instruments Leapmile Logistics Private Limited 100 (March 31, 2021:100) equity shares of Rs 8,836.14 each (includes securities premium of Rs 8,835.14) each fully paid up	-	-	-	-	
Moonshots Internet Private Limited 100 (March 31, 2021: 100) equity shares of Rs 7,494.40 (includes security premium of Rs 7,493.40) each fully paid up	-	-	-	-	
NAXR Logistics Private Limited 2000 (March 31, 2021 : 2,000) equity shares of Rs 10 each (includes security premium of Rs 0.1 millions) each fully paid up	-	-	-	-	
b) Investment in preference instruments Leapmile Logistics Private Limited 3,472 (March 31, 2021 : 3,472) preference shares of Rs 8,836.14 (includes security premium of Rs 8,835.14) each fully paid up	-	-	-	-	
Moonshots Internet Private Limited 31,924 (March 31, 2021: 31,924) preference shares of Rs.7,494.40 (includes security premium of Rs 7,493.40) each fully paid up	-	-	-	-	
NAXR Logistics Private Limited 105 (March 31, 2021: 105) preference shares of Rs 10 each (includes security premium of Rs 14,235) each fully paid up	-	-	-	-	
NAXR Logistics Private Limited 3,007 (March 31, 2021: 3,007) preference shares of Rs 10 each (includes security premium of Rs 0.05 million) each fully paid up	-	-	-		
Total (A)	2,486.67	1.55			

(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

5. Financial assets - Investments (contd.)

Particulars	Non Current		Current		
	March 31, 2022 M	Iarch 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
Investments at fair value through Profit & Loss					
(a) Perpetual Bond (Quoted)					
500 (March 31, 2021: 500) 9.45% State Bank Of India Series III Bd Perpetual of Rs. 10,71,393 (March 31, 2021: 10,35,473)	535.70	517.74	=	=	
Nil (March 31, 2021: 250) units of Export Import Bank of India of Nil (March 31, 2021: 10,16,796) each		254.20	-	-	
250 (March 31, 2021: 250) 9,90% Icici Bank Limited Sr Dde18At 9.90 Bd Perpetual (31-Dec-2099) of Rs. 10,57,390	264.35	258.97	-	-	
(March 31, 2021: 10,07,413)					
500 (March 31, 2021: 500) 8.85% Hdfc Bank Basel iii Perpetual Bonds Series 1/2017-18 (12-May-2060) of Rs. 9,99,733	499.87	509.69	-	=	
(March 31, 2021: 10,19,388)					
(b) Bonds(Quoted)					
Nil (March 31, 2021: 200) 6.99% Rec Limited SR 193 6.99 BD 31DC21 Fvrs10LAC of Nil (March 31, 2021: 1,020,864)	_	_	_	204.17	
400 (March 31, 2021: 400) 7.09% Rec Limited Series 185 BD 13DC22 Fvrs10LAC of Rs. 10,12,009 (March 31,2021: 10,31,576)	-	412.63	404.80	204.17	
100 (March 31, 2021: 100) 7.24% Rec Limited Series 187 BD 31DC22 Fyrs10LAC of Rs. 10,17,83 (March 31, 2021: 10,38,212)		103.82	101.78		
200 (March 31, 2021: 200) 7.35% Power Finance Corporation Ltd. Series 191 BD 150T22 Fvrs10LAC of Rs. 10,13,224 (March 31, 2021:	_	207.19	202.64	_	
200 (Match 3), 2021. 200) 7.35% Fower Finance Corporation Ed.: Series 171 BD 150122 I Visito EAC of Rs. 10,15,224 (Match 3), 2021. 1,035,969)		207.17	202.04		
250 (March 31, 2021: 250) 9.02% Rec Bonds 22/11/2022 of Rs. 10,58,576.13 (March 31, 2021: 1,094,999)		273.75	264.64		
7,360,000 (March 31, 2021: Nil) Nippon India ETF Nifty CPSE Bond Plus SDL 2024 of Rs. 108.27 (March 31, 2021: Nil)	796.87	213.13	204.04	-	
11,000,000 (March 31, 2021; Nil) Nippon India ETF Nifty CPSE Bond Plus SDL 2026 of Rs. 106.90 (March 31, 2021; Nil)	1,175.90	-	-	_	
11,000,000 (Materi 31, 2021.141) 14ppin material 111 (41) 4132 2010 01 48. 100.50 (Materi 31, 2021.141)	1,175.50				
(c) Non Convertible Debentures (Quoted)					
Nil (March 31, 2021: 750) 8.6308% Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited Sr008 Ncd 29Jl21 Fvrs 1,000,000 (29-Jul-2021) of NIL each	-	-	-	805.15	
(March 31, 2021: 1,073,533)					
Nil (March 31, 2021: 500) 8.30% Tata Capital Financial Services Limited Sr Ncd 04Ju21 of Nil (March 31, 2021: 1,007,423)	_	_	_	503.71	
Nil (March 31, 2021: 500,000) 8.80% Tata Capital Financial Services Limited Sr I Cat lii&Iv 8.8 Ned of Nil (March 31, 2021: 1,020)	_	_	_	510.22	
500 (March 31, 2021: 500) 9.45% State Bank Of India NCD FV10Lac 22 Mar 2030 (22-Mar-2030) of Rs. 10,71,393 (March 31, 2021:	535.70	517.74	_		
10,35,473)					
Nil (March 31, 2021: 250) SIKKA PORTS & TERMINALS LIMITED 8.45 NCD 12JU23 FVRS10LAC LOA UPTO 10SP13 (12-Jun-2023)	-	265.32	-	-	
of Nil (March 31, 2021: 10,61,286)					
Nil (March 31, 2021: 400) R.I.L. PPD-13 8 NCD 16AP23 FVRS10LAC LOAUPTO19AG18 of Nil (March 31, 2021: 11,36,338)	-	454.64	-	_	
Nil (March 31, 2021: 400) NABARD SR 20K 6.40 LOA 31JL23 FVRS10LAC of Nil (March 31, 2021: 10,71,882)	-	428.75	-	-	
(d) Mutual fund (Quoted)					
10,02,320.18 (March 31, 2021: Nil) units of ICICI PRUDENTIAL MONEY MARKET FUND of Rs. 306.8943 (March 31, 2021: Nil)	-	-	307.61	-	
3,64,157.24 (March 31, 2021: Nil) Direct-Kotak Money Market Scheme-Growth of Rs. 3,620.71 (March 31, 2021: Nil)	=	-	1,318.51	-	
5,12,51,015 (March 31, 2021 : Nil) Direct Plan-SBI Savings Fund-Growth of Rs. 35.56 (March 31, 2021: Nil)	=	-	1,822.56	-	
3,91,506 (March 31, 2021 : Ni) HDFC MONEY MARKET DIRECT-GROWTH. 4,654.80 (March 31, 2021: Rs Nii)	-	-	1,822.38	416.02	
1,98,748 (March 31, 2021: 1,98,748) Axis Banking & PSU Debt Direct-Growth of Rs. 2,187.06 (March 31, 2021: 2,097.79)	-	-	434.67 1,143.53	416.93	
9,77,077 (March 31, 2021 : 21,55,568) units of Bharat Bond ETF 2023-Growth of 1,170.44 (March 31 2021: 1,116.98) 1,178,561 (March 31, 2021 : Nil) units of Bharat Bond ETF 2023-Growth of Rs. 1,172.56 (March 31 2021: Nil)	-	-	1,145.55	2,407.74	
1,178,361 (March 31, 2021: NII) units of Bharat Bond E1F 2023-Growth of Rs. 1,172.36 (March 31, 2021: NII) 17,99,46,547.02 (March 31, 2021: 39,144,646) Bharat Bond FOF Apr-2025-Growth of Rs. 10.82 (March 31, 2021: 10.23)	-	-	1,947.56	400.60	
14,26,43,506.9 (March 31, 2021: Nil) Bharat Bond FOF Apr-2026-Growth of Rs. 10.74 (March 31, 2021: Nil)	-	_	1,532.06	400.00	
6,73,86,617 (March 31, 2021: 6,73,86,616) IDFC Corporate Bond Direct-Growth of Rs. 16,04 (March 31, 2021: 15,26)			1,080.89	1,028.84	
6,89,928 (March 31, 2021: 6,89,928) Direct Plan-Kotak Floating of Rs. 1,227.33 (March 31, 2021: 1,157.05)	_	_	846.77	798.28	
5,57,25 (March 31, 2021: 0,67,26) Breet Hair-Rotak Floating of Rs. 1,227.35 (March 31, 2021: 1,157.65) Total (B)	3,808.39	4,204.44	14,612.33	7,075.64	
Total (A+B)	6,295.06	4,205.89	14,612.33	7,075.64	
Other disclosures			,2100	.,	
Aggregate book value of quoted investments	17,637.12	10,796.76			
Aggregate market value of quoted investments	18,420.73	11,280.08			
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	2,486.67	1.55			

(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 202
Inventories		
-Packing material and consumables	224.31	259.4
-Trading Goods	28.75	
Total Inventories	253.06	259.4
7. Trade Receivables		
Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 202
Trade receivables	9,902.50	5,945.8
Total trade receivables	9,902.50	5,945.1
Break-up of trade receivables		
Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Trade receivables		
Unsecured, considered good	9,902.50	5,945.8
Γrade Receivables-credit impaired	2,749.26	2,076.
•	12,651.76	8,021.
Impairment Allowance (allowance for bad and doubtful debts)		
Unsecured, considered good	-	
Frade Receivables-credit impaired	(2,749.26)	(2,076.1
	(2,749.26)	(2,076.1
Total Trade receivables	9,902.50	5,945.1
Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on terms of 30 to 90 days.		
For terms and conditions relating to related party receivables, refer Note 35		
Trade receivables includes:		
Dues from companies in which the company's non-executive directors is a director		
-Bata India Limited	-	7.
-Glaxosmithkline Pharmaceuticals Limited*	-	0.
- Apollo tyres Limited	-	41.
- Siemens Limited	-	2.
-Voltas Limited	-	735.
-C&S Electric Limited	-	2
-Tata Motors Limited	-	67
-Tata Steel Limited	3.99	
- Hindustan Unilever Limited	8.51	
- Ashok leyland Limited	28.37	
- Marico Limited	69.76	

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Opening balance	2,076.13	869.37
Add: Acquisition through business combination during the year	124.79	=
Add: Provision created during the year	1,435.48	1,435.08
Less: write offs, net of recoveries	(887.14)	(228.32)
Closing balance	2,749.26	2,076.13

Trade receivables ageing schedule for year period ended March 31, 2022 #

Trade receivables agoing schedule for year period chaed march 51, 2022							
Particulars	Not due Les	s than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good	6,319.29	3,169.44	290.84	51.28	20.09	51.56	9,902.50
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	=	=	-	-	=	-
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	0.09	35.19	95.55	315.67	262.59	213.20	922.29
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good	-	-	-	=	-	=	-
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	=	=	-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	107.45	356.20	359.25	792.49	146.53	65.05	1,826.97

Trade receivables ageing schedule for the year ended March 31, 2021 #

Particulars	Not due Les	s than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	2,787.52	1,182.48	1,473.51	440.10	1.75	60.46	5,945.82
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	=	=	=	=	=	-
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	1.72	12.40	498.39	244.50	120.53	102.89	980.43
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good	-	=	=	=	=	=	-
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	=	=	=	=	=	-
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	80.12	65.83	469.39	395.86	67.49	17.01	1,095.70

[#] Ageing has been calculated from the date of transaction where no due date of payment is specified.

(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

Amount recoverable from third party agent- Cash collected on our behalf

Q Loone

Particulars	Non-curr	ent	Current		
	March 31, 2022 M	Iarch 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
Unsecured, considered good					
Advance to employees	-	-	89.31	264.21	
	<u> </u>	-	89.31	264.21	
9. Other Financial Assets					
Particulars	Non-curr		Curr	ent	
	March 31, 2022 M	Iarch 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
Security deposits					
- Unsecured, Considered good	610.52	677.09	1,198.95	370.08	
Doubtful		-	28.18	18.34	
	610.52	677.09	1,227.13	388.42	
Impairment Allowance (allowance for bad and doubtful balances)	·				
- Other financial assets - credit impaired		-	(28.18)	(18.34)	
	610.52	677.09	1,198.95	370.08	
Margin Money Deposits*	2,217.11	-	532.13	2,484.66	
Deposits with original maturity for more than 12 months	890.94	209.53	772.61	3,232.60	
	3,108.05	209.53	1,304.74	5,717.26	
Other receivables					
- Unsecured, Considered good	-	-	18.53	23.00	
- Doubtful	-	-	31.44	31.44	
		-	49.97	54.44	
Impairment Allowance (allowance for bad and doubtful balances)					
- Other financial assets - credit impaired	-	-	(31.44)	(31.44)	
	-	-	18.53	23.00	
Accrued Income	·				
Unbilled receivable (refer note 21) **	-	-	6,806.47	3,668.22	
Interest accrued on deposits	-	-	87.50	673.79	
Interest accrued on investments		-	73.63	239.97	
	-	-	6,967.60	4,581.98	

* Margin money deposits include deposits given to the following#:		
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Banks	2,749.24	2,184.66
Vendors	-	100.00
Customers	-	200.00
	2,749,24	2,484,66

3,718.57

100.68

100.68

9,590.50

1,425.37

(1,425.37)

1,857.20

(1,857.20)

886.62

122.94

122.94

10,815.26

for the year ended March 31, 2021, includes amount of Rs 2.83 millions of Margin money deposits (Deposits with original maturity of more than three months but less than 12 months.(refer note 13).

10. Non-current tax assets (net)

Money Held in Trust

Less: Liabilities against money held in trust

Particulars	Non-current			Current
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Advance Income tax	1,550.91	1,231.69	-	=
	1,550.91	1,231.69	-	

^{**} Consists of contract assets, that primarily relate to the Group's rights to consideration for work completed but not billed at the reporting date. The contract assets are transferred to the receivables when the rights become unconditional.

(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

11.	Other	assets
-----	-------	--------

Particulars	Non-cur	rent	Current		
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
Capital advances					
- Unsecured, Considered good	182.46	34.08	-	-	
- Doubtful		0.26	-	-	
	182.46	34.34	-	-	
Impairment Allowance (allowance for bad and doubtful balances)					
- Other financial assets - credit impaired		(0.26)	-	<u> </u>	
	182.46	34.08	-		
Demonité automotion	6.66	13.39	643.81	135.62	
Prepaid expenses	6.66	13.39	643.81	135.62	
	0.00	15.59	043.81	135.02	
Balance with statutory/government authorities	30.94	_	1,417.52	572.31	
Butance with statutory government authorities	30.94	_	1,417.52	572.31	
			1,17.62	0.2101	
Advance to suppliers			000.72	452.22	
- Unsecured, Considered good	-	-	800.73	462.23	
- Doubtful		-	22.63	14.53 476.76	
T : (AH / H C 1 1 1 1 C 1 1)		-	823.36	4/0./0	
Impairment Allowance (allowance for bad and doubtful balances) - Other financial assets - credit impaired	#REF!		(22.63)	(14.53)	
- Other imanicial assets - credit impaned	#REF!		800.73	462.23	
	220.06	47.47	2,862.06	1,170.16	
	220100		2,002100	1,17,0110	
12. Cash and Cash equivalent					
Particulars	Non-cur		Curr		
Balances with banks:	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
- On current accounts			1,289.21	2,258.63	
-In deposit accounts (with original maturity of less than 3 months)	-	-	1,000.00	500.00	
Cash in Hand	-	-	0.79	500.00	
Cash in Hand			2,290.00	2,758.63	
			2,270.00	2,730.03	
For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise the following :					
	Non-cur		Curr		
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
Balances with banks:					
- On current accounts	-	-	1,289.21	2,258.63	
-In deposit accounts (with original maturity of less than 3 months)	-	-	1,000.00	500.00	
Cash in Hand	-	-	0.79	-	
Bank Overdraft repayable on demand (secured)		-	(340.08)		
		-	1,949.92	2,758.63	
13. Other bank balances					
Particulars	Non-current		Curr	ent	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
Balances with banks: Deposits with original maturity of more than three months but less than 12 months Margin money deposits (Deposits with original maturity of more than three months but less than 12	#REF!	-	-	12.95	
months	#REF!	-	_	2.83	
		-		15.78	
				10.00	

4. Share capital articulars		N	Iarch 31, 2022	March 31, 202
uthorised Share Capital			•	
quity Shares				
35,02,280 (March 31, 2021: 22,00,228) Equity Shares of Re.1 each (March 31, 2021 - Rs 10 each)			873.50	22.00
truments Entirely Equity in Nature				
0,000 (March 31, 2021: 3,00,000) 0.001% Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares CCPS) of Rs.10/- each (Series A)			3.00	3.0
50,337 (March 31, 2021: 43,10,337) 0.001% Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference			5.00	5.0
res (CCCPS) of Rs.100/- each (Series B, C, D, D1, E, F, G, H and I)			466.03	431.0
		_	1,342.53	456.0
ued, subscribed and fully paid-up shares				
uity Shares 21,06,100 (March 31, 2021: 1,629,229) Equity Shares of Re. 1 each (March 31, 2021 - Rs 10 each)			642.11	16.29
(March 31, 2021: 38,701) Equity Shares of Rs.10 each (March 31, 2021: Re.1 Paid up)				
er note 14 f)				0.0
ruments Entirely Equity in Nature		_	642.11	16.3
(March 31, 2021: 217,562) 0.001% Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCCPS) of Rs.1	00/- each - Series B		-	21.7
(March 31, 2021: 365,310) 0.001% Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCCPS) of Rs.1			-	36.5
(March 31, 2021: 653,551) 0.001% Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCCPS) of Rs.10 (March 31, 2021: 44,479) 0.001% Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCCPS) of Rs.10			-	65.3 4.4
(March 31, 2021: 801,139) 0.001% Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCCPS) of Rs.10			-	80.1
(March 31, 2021: 1,457,694) 0.001% Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCCPS) of Rs	.100/- each - Series F		-	145.7
(March 31, 2021: Nil) 0.001% Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCCPS) of Rs.100/-			-	
(March 31, 2021: Nil) 0.001% Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCCPS) of Rs.100/-	each - Series 1		-	353.9
Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year:		-		
rticulars	March 31, 2	022	March 3	31, 2021
uity shares	Number F	ts. Millions		Rs. millions
the beginning of the year	16,67,930	16.33	9,74,952	9.7
ued during the year (including stock options exercised)	2,15,09,326	23.08	14,277	0.1
nverted during the year	42,51,20,603	426.16	6,40,000	6.4
ued during the year (partly paid)# nus shares issued during the year	1,76,18,927	0.35 176.19	38,701	0.0
		170.19	-	
	17,01,09,513			
uity shares arising on shares split from Rs. 10 to Re. 1 per share ## tstanding at the end of the year uring the year ended March 31, 2022, the company has called up and received money for 38,701 shares of Rs. On September 29, 2021, the company has sub divided equity shares having a face value of Rs. 10 each into 10 of truments Entirely Equity in Nature - 0.001% Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference ares (CCCPS) ties A		642.11 de. 1 each.	16,67,930	
uity shares arising on shares split from Rs. 10 to Re. 1 per share ## tstanding at the end of the year During the year ended March 31, 2022, the company has called up and received money for 38,701 shares of Rs. On September 29, 2021, the company has sub divided equity shares having a face value of Rs. 10 each into 10 of truments Entirely Equity in Nature - 0.001% Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference ares (CCCPS) ries A the beginning of the year niverted into equity share during the year	9 per share. equity shares having a face value of F	te. 1 each.	2,91,667 (2,91,667)	2.92
tity shares arising on shares split from Rs. 10 to Re. 1 per share ## Istanding at the end of the year uring the year ended March 31, 2022, the company has called up and received money for 38,701 shares of Rs. On September 29, 2021, the company has sub divided equity shares having a face value of Rs. 10 each into 10 of truments Entirely Equity in Nature - 0.001% Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference trees (CCCPS) ies A the beginning of the year iverted into equity share during the year istanding at the end of the year	64,21,06,100 9 per share.		2,91,667	2.9.
uity shares arising on shares split from Rs. 10 to Re. 1 per share ## tstanding at the end of the year puring the year ended March 31, 2022, the company has called up and received money for 38,701 shares of Rs. On September 29, 2021, the company has sub divided equity shares having a face value of Rs. 10 each into 10 of truments Entirely Equity in Nature - 0.001% Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference ares (CCCPS) ities A the beginning of the year neverted into equity share during the year tstanding at the end of the year	9 per share. equity shares having a face value of F	te. 1 each.	2,91,667 (2,91,667)	2.9 (2.92
tity shares arising on shares split from Rs. 10 to Re. 1 per share ## Istanding at the end of the year uring the year ended March 31, 2022, the company has called up and received money for 38,701 shares of Rs. On September 29, 2021, the company has sub divided equity shares having a face value of Rs. 10 each into 10 of truments Entirely Equity in Nature - 0.001% Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference trees (CCCPS) ies A the beginning of the year towerted into equity share during the year test B the beginning of the year ties B the beginning of the year ties B the beginning of the year towerted into equity share during the year	9 per share. equity shares having a face value of F	te. 1 each.	2,91,667 (2,91,667)	2.92 (2.92 44.8
uity shares arising on shares split from Rs. 10 to Re. 1 per share ## tistanding at the end of the year During the year ended March 31, 2022, the company has called up and received money for 38,701 shares of Rs. On September 29, 2021, the company has sub divided equity shares having a face value of Rs. 10 each into 10 of truments Entirely Equity in Nature - 0.001% Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference ares (CCCPS) ries A the beginning of the year nverted into equity share during the year tistanding at the end of the year nverted into equity share during the year nverted into equity share during the year	64,21,06,100 P per share. equity shares having a face value of F	te. 1 each.	2,91,667 (2,91,667) - 4,48,719	2.9 (2.92 44.8 (23.12
uity shares arising on shares split from Rs. 10 to Re. 1 per share ## tstanding at the end of the year During the year ended March 31, 2022, the company has called up and received money for 38,701 shares of Rs. On September 29, 2021, the company has sub divided equity shares having a face value of Rs. 10 each into 10 of truments Entirely Equity in Nature - 0.001% Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference ares (CCCPS) ies A the beginning of the year nverted into equity share during the year tstanding at the end of the year nverted into equity share during the year tstanding at the end of the year nverted into equity share during the year tstanding at the end of the year	64,21,06,100 Depensare. Equity shares having a face value of Face value	21.77 (21.77)	2,91,667 (2,91,667) - - 4,48,719 (2,31,157) 2,17,562	2.9 (2.92 44.8 (23.12 21.7
uity shares arising on shares split from Rs. 10 to Re. 1 per share ## tstanding at the end of the year During the year ended March 31, 2022, the company has called up and received money for 38,701 shares of Rs. On September 29, 2021, the company has sub divided equity shares having a face value of Rs. 10 each into 10 of truments Entirely Equity in Nature - 0.001% Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference ares (CCCPS) ies A the beginning of the year niverted into equity share during the year ties B the beginning of the year niverted into equity share during the year testanding at the end of the year niverted into equity share during the year testanding at the end of the year	64,21,06,100 Depensare. Equity shares having a face value of F	21.77 (21.77)	2,91,667 (2,91,667) - - 4,48,719 (2,31,157) 2,17,562 4,78,434	2.9 (2.92 44.8 (23.12 21.7
ity shares arising on shares split from Rs. 10 to Re. 1 per share ## Istanding at the end of the year uring the year ended March 31, 2022, the company has called up and received money for 38,701 shares of Rs. 20 September 29, 2021, the company has sub divided equity shares having a face value of Rs. 10 each into 10 of truments Entirely Equity in Nature - 0.001% Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference res (CCCPS) ies A the beginning of the year overted into equity share during the year ies B the beginning of the year overted into equity share during the year ies C the beginning of the year overted into equity share during the year ies C the beginning of the year overted into equity share during the year ies C the beginning of the year overted into equity share during the year	64,21,06,100 Depensare. Equity shares having a face value of Face value	21.77 (21.77)	2,91,667 (2,91,667) - - 4,48,719 (2,31,157) 2,17,562	2.9 (2.92 44.8 (23.12 21.7 47.8 (11.31
tity shares arising on shares split from Rs. 10 to Re. 1 per share ## tstanding at the end of the year uring the year ended March 31, 2022, the company has called up and received money for 38,701 shares of Rs. On September 29, 2021, the company has sub divided equity shares having a face value of Rs. 10 each into 10 of truments Entirely Equity in Nature - 0.001% Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference trees (CCCPS) ies A the beginning of the year verted into equity share during the year tstanding at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year tstanding at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year tstanding at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year tstanding at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year tstanding at the end of the year tstanding at the end of the year tstanding at the end of the year	64,21,06,100 P per share. equity shares having a face value of F 2,17,562 (2,17,562) 3,65,310 (3,65,310)	21.77 (21.77) - 36.53 (36.53)	2,91,667 (2,91,667) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	2.9 (2.92 44.8 (23.12 21.7 47.8 (11.3) 36.5
ity shares arising on shares split from Rs. 10 to Re. 1 per share ## Istanding at the end of the year uring the year ended March 31, 2022, the company has called up and received money for 38,701 shares of Rs. On September 29, 2021, the company has sub divided equity shares having a face value of Rs. 10 each into 10 of truments Entirely Equity in Nature - 0.001% Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference trues (CCCPS) ies A the beginning of the year total into equity share during the year testanding at the end of the year	64,21,06,100 Piper share. Equity shares having a face value of Figure 1.	21.77 (21.77) - 36.53 (36.53) -	2,91,667 (2,91,667) 4,48,719 (2,31,157) 2,17,562 4,78,434 (1,13,124)	2.9 (2.92) 44.8 (23.12) 21.7 47.8 (11.3) 36.5
ity shares arising on shares split from Rs. 10 to Re. 1 per share ## Istanding at the end of the year uring the year ended March 31, 2022, the company has called up and received money for 38,701 shares of Rs. On September 29, 2021, the company has sub divided equity shares having a face value of Rs. 10 each into 10 of truments Entirely Equity in Nature - 0.001% Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference trees (CCCPS) ies A the beginning of the year iverted into equity share during the year istanding at the end of the year iverted into equity share during the year istanding at the end of the year iverted into equity share during the year istanding at the end of the year iverted into equity share during the year istanding at the end of the year iverted into equity share during the year istanding at the end of the year iverted into equity share during the year istanding at the end of the year iverted into equity share during the year	64,21,06,100 P per share. equity shares having a face value of F 2,17,562 (2,17,562) 3,65,310 (3,65,310)	21.77 (21.77) - 36.53 (36.53)	2,91,667 (2,91,667) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	2.9 (2.92 44.8 (23.12 21.7 47.8 (11.3) 36.5
uity shares arising on shares split from Rs. 10 to Re. 1 per share ## tstanding at the end of the year varing the year ended March 31, 2022, the company has called up and received money for 38,701 shares of Rs. On September 29, 2021, the company has sub divided equity shares having a face value of Rs. 10 each into 10 of truments Entirely Equity in Nature - 0.001% Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference tres (CCCPS) ries A the beginning of the year testanding at the end of the year ties B the beginning of the year neverted into equity share during the year tstanding at the end of the year ries C the beginning of the year neverted into equity share during the year tstanding at the end of the year neverted into equity share during the year tstanding at the end of the year neverted into equity share during the year tstanding at the end of the year neverted into equity share during the year tstanding at the end of the year neverted into equity share during the year tstanding at the end of the year ties D	64,21,06,100 Piper share. Equity shares having a face value of Figure 1.	21.77 (21.77) - 36.53 (36.53) -	2,91,667 (2,91,667) 4,48,719 (2,31,157) 2,17,562 4,78,434 (1,13,124) 3,65,310 6,53,551	2.9 (2.92 44.8 (23.12 21.7 47.8 (11.31 36.5
ity shares arising on shares split from Rs. 10 to Re. 1 per share ## Istanding at the end of the year uring the year ended March 31, 2022, the company has called up and received money for 38,701 shares of Rs. On September 29, 2021, the company has sub divided equity shares having a face value of Rs. 10 each into 10 of truments Entirely Equity in Nature - 0.001% Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference trees (CCCPS) ies A the beginning of the year total into equity share during the year Istanding at the end of the year total into equity share during the year Istanding at the end of the year total into equity share during the year Istanding at the end of the year ies C the beginning of the year total into equity share during the year Istanding at the end of the year ies D the beginning of the year total into equity share during the year Istanding at the end of the year ies D the beginning of the year total into equity share during the year Istanding at the end of the year total into equity share during the year Istanding at the end of the year total into equity share during the year Istanding at the end of the year total into equity share during the year Istanding at the end of the year total into equity share during the year Istanding at the end of the year	64,21,06,100 Piper share. Equity shares having a face value of Figure 5. 2,17,562 (2,17,562) (2,17,562) (3,65,310) (3,65,310) (3,65,351) (6,53,551) (6,53,551)	21.77 (21.77) - 36.53 (36.53) - 65.36 (65.36)	2,91,667 (2,91,667) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	2.9 (2.92) 44.8 (23.12) 21.7 47.8 (11.3) 36.5 65.3
ity shares arising on shares split from Rs. 10 to Re. 1 per share ## Istanding at the end of the year uring the year ended March 31, 2022, the company has called up and received money for 38,701 shares of Rs. On September 29, 2021, the company has sub divided equity shares having a face value of Rs. 10 each into 10 of truments Entirely Equity in Nature - 0.001% Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference trees (CCCPS) ies A the beginning of the year testanding at the end of the year	64,21,06,100 P per share. equity shares having a face value of F 2,17,562 (2,17,562) (2,17,562) (3,65,310) (3,65,310) (6,53,551) (6,53,551)	21.77 (21.77) - 36.53 (36.53) - 65.36 (65.36)	2,91,667 (2,91,667) - 4,48,719 (2,31,157) 2,17,562 4,78,434 (1,13,124) 3,65,310 6,53,551 - 6,53,551 48,531 (4,052)	2.9 (2.9) 44.8 (23.1) 21.7 47.8 (11.3) 36.5 65.3
ity shares arising on shares split from Rs. 10 to Re. 1 per share ## Istanding at the end of the year uring the year ended March 31, 2022, the company has called up and received money for 38,701 shares of Rs. On September 29, 2021, the company has sub divided equity shares having a face value of Rs. 10 each into 10 of true truements Entirely Equity in Nature - 0.001% Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference trees (CCCPS) lies A the beginning of the year to B the beginning of the year to be beginning of the year	64,21,06,100 Piper share. Equity shares having a face value of Figure 1. 2,17,562 (2,17,562) (2,17,562) (3,65,310) (3,65,310) (3,65,351) (6,53,551) (6,53,551) (44,479)	21.77 (21.77) - 36.53 (36.53) - 65.36 (65.36)	2,91,667 (2,91,667) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	2.9 (2.92) 44.8 (23.12) 21.7 47.8 (11.3) 36.5 65.3 4.8 (0.40)
ity shares arising on shares split from Rs. 10 to Re. 1 per share ## Istanding at the end of the year uring the year ended March 31, 2022, the company has called up and received money for 38,701 shares of Rs. 20 September 29, 2021, the company has sub divided equity shares having a face value of Rs. 10 each into 10 of truments Entirely Equity in Nature - 0.001% Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference reces (CCCPS) ies A the beginning of the year verted into equity share during the year istanding at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year istanding at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year istanding at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year istanding at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year istanding at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year istanding at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year istanding at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year istanding at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year istanding at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year istanding at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year istanding at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year verted into equity share during the year istanding at the end of the year	64,21,06,100 Piper share. Equity shares having a face value of Figure 1. 2,17,562 (2,17,562) (2,17,562) (3,65,310) (3,65,310) (3,65,351) (6,53,551) (6,53,551) (44,479)	21.77 (21.77) - 36.53 (36.53) - 65.36 (65.36)	2,91,667 (2,91,667) - 4,48,719 (2,31,157) 2,17,562 4,78,434 (1,13,124) 3,65,310 6,53,551 - 6,53,551 48,531 (4,052)	2.9 (2.92 44.8 (23.12 21.7 47.8 (11.3) 36.5 65.3 4.8 (0.4(4.4
ity shares arising on shares split from Rs. 10 to Re. 1 per share ## standing at the end of the year uring the year ended March 31, 2022, the company has called up and received money for 38,701 shares of Rs. 20 September 29, 2021, the company has sub divided equity shares having a face value of Rs. 10 each into 10 or ruments Entirely Equity in Nature - 0.001% Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference res (CCCPS) ies A the beginning of the year verted into equity share during the year standing at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year standing at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year standing at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year standing at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year standing at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year standing at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year standing at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year standing at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year standing at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year standing at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year standing at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year the beginning of the year verted into equity share during the year the beginning of the year	64,21,06,100 Poper share. equity shares having a face value of F 2,17,562 (2,17,562) 3,65,310 (3,65,310) 6,53,551 (6,53,551) 44,479 (44,479)	21.77 (21.77) - 36.53 (36.53) - 65.36 (65.36) - 4.45 (4.45)	2,91,667 (2,91,667) 	2.9 (2.92) 44.8 (23.12) 21.7 47.8 (11.3) 36.5 65.3 4.8 (0.4) 4.4
ity shares arising on shares split from Rs. 10 to Re. 1 per share ## standing at the end of the year uring the year ended March 31, 2022, the company has called up and received money for 38,701 shares of Rs. 20 September 29, 2021, the company has sub divided equity shares having a face value of Rs. 10 each into 10 or ruments Entirely Equity in Nature - 0.001% Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference res (CCCPS) ies A the beginning of the year verted into equity share during the year standing at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year standing at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year standing at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year standing at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year standing at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year standing at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year standing at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year standing at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year standing at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year standing at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year standing at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year standing at the end of the year	64,21,06,100 P per share. Equity shares having a face value of F 2,17,562 (2,17,562) 3,65,310 (3,65,310) 6,53,551 (6,53,551) 44,479 (44,479) 44,479 8,01,139	21.77 (21.77) (21.77) 36.53 (36.53) - 65.36 (65.36) - 4.45 (4.45)	2,91,667 (2,91,667) 4,48,719 (2,31,157) 2,17,562 4,78,434 (1,13,124) 3,65,310 6,53,551 48,531 (4,052) 44,479	2.9 (2.9; 44.8 (23.1; 21.7 47.8 (11.3) 36.5 65.3 4.8 (0.4) 4.4
ity shares arising on shares split from Rs. 10 to Re. 1 per share ## standing at the end of the year uring the year ended March 31, 2022, the company has called up and received money for 38,701 shares of Rs. In September 29, 2021, the company has sub divided equity shares having a face value of Rs. 10 each into 10 or ruments Entirely Equity in Nature - 0.001% Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference res (CCCPS) se A the beginning of the year verted into equity share during the year standing at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year standing at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year standing at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year standing at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year standing at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year standing at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year standing at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year standing at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year standing at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year standing at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year standing at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year standing at the end of the year verted into equity share during the year verted into equity share during the year verted into equity share during the year	64,21,06,100 Piper share. Equity shares having a face value of Figure 5. 2,17,562 (2,17,562) (2,17,562) (3,65,310) (3,65,310) (3,65,310) (4,479) (44,479) (44,479) (8,01,139) (8,01,139)	21.77 (21.77) 21.77 (21.77) 36.53 (36.53) 65.36 (65.36) - 4.45 (4.45) -	2,91,667 (2,91,667) 4,48,719 (2,31,157) 2,17,562 4,78,434 (1,13,124) 3,65,310 6,53,551 48,531 (4,052) 44,479 8,01,139	2.9 (2.92) 44.8 (23.12) 21.7 47.8 (11.31) 36.5 65.3 4.8 (0.40) 4.4 80.1
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Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

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(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

b) Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The Group has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Re. 1 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Group, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

c) Terms/rights attached to Instruments entierly equity in nature

The Group had issued 132,779 and 1,58,888 Series A Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares ('CCCPS') of Rs. 10 each fully paid-up at a premium of Rs. 215.94 per share on April 30, 2012 and November 01, 2012 respectively, Series B - 4,48,719 CCCPS of Rs. 100 each fully paid-up at a premium of Rs. 680 per share on September 26, 2013, Series C - 4,78,434 CCCPS of Rs. 100 each fully paid-up at a premium of Rs. 2,164.20 per share on September 09, 2014, Series D - 6,53,551 CCCPS of Rs. 100 each fully paid-up at a premium of Rs. 7,650 per share on May 08, 2015, Series D1 - 48,531 CCCPS of Rs. 100 each fully paid-up at a premium of Rs. 9,959 per share on October 17, 2016, Series E - 6,40,911, 1,60,228 CCCPS of Rs. 100 each fully paid-up at a premium of Rs. 10,747 per share on March 22, 2017 and May 17, 2017 respectively, Series F 14,57,694 CCCPS of Rs. 100 each fully paid up at a premium of Rs. 35,555 per share on May 31, 2021 and Series I 1,46,961 CCCPS of Rs. 100 fully paid up at a premium of Rs. 35,555 per share on May 31, 2021 and Series I 1,46,961 CCCPS of Rs. 100 fully paid up at a premium of Rs. 35,555 per share on May 31, 2021 and Series I 1,46,961 CCCPS of Rs. 100 fully paid up at a premium of Rs. 35,555 per share on September 02, 2021 respectively.

During the year, Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting dated January 13, 2022, have approved the conversion of 42,50,045 Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCCPS) having a face value of Rs 100 each into 42,50,04,500 Equity Shares having a face value of Re 1 each of the Company (in the ratio of 100:1 i.e. 100 equity shares of Re 1 each against one CCCPS of Rs 100 each).

Voting Rights

The Investor shall have right to vote pro-rata to their shareholding.

Liquidation

The holders of each series of Investor securities (other than sale shares) shall be entitled to be paid and otherwise receive distributions out of the liquidation proceeds, on a pari passu basis and prior to any payment or other distribution to any holders of equity shares.

(d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Group

	Mar	ch 31, 2022	March 31, 2021		
Name of the shareholder	No.	% holding in the class	No.	% holding in the class	
Equity shares of Re. 1 each fully paid					
SVF Doorbell (Cayman) Ltd.	14,15,93,300	22.05%	13,753	0.82%	
Nexus Ventures III, Ltd.	5,74,06,800	8.94%	100	0.01%	
CA Swift Investments	4,61,31,800	7.18%	-	-	
Canada Pension Plan Investment Board (CPPIB)	4,38,81,500	6.83%	2,64,457	15.86%	
Internet Fund III Pre Ltd	3,78,93,700	5.90%	1,80,448	10.82%	
Times Internet Limited	3,17,03,900	4.94%	3,71,569	22.28%	
Alpine Opportunity Fund II LP	1,71,70,900	2.67%	90,623	5.43%	
Sahil Barua	1,34,07,798	2.09%	1,20,625	7.23%	
Suraj Saharan	1,09,94,300	1.71%	1,14,000	6.83%	
Mohit Tandon	1,16,64,200	1.82%	1,16,642	6.99%	
0.001% Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCCPS) of Rs.100/- each					
(Series B, C, D, D1, E F, H and I)					
Nexus Ventures III, Ltd.	-	<u>-</u>	5,73,968	16.21%	
SVF Doorbell (Cayman) Ltd.	-	-	14,02,180	39.61%	
Internet Fund III PTE Ltd.	-	-	1,98,489	5.61%	
CA Swift Investments	-	<u>-</u>	6,53,915	18.47%	
Deli. Cmf. Pte.Ltd.	-	-	2,23,760	6.32%	

As per records of the Group, including its register of shareholders/ members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.

(e) Shares reserved for issue under options

For details of shares reserved for issue under the employee stock option (ESOP) plan of the Group, please refer note 39.

(f) During the previous year ended March 31, 2021 the Company had issued 38,701 equity shares of face value of Rs.10/- each to certain individuals at an issue price of Rs.18,965 per Equity Share (including premium of Rs.18,955 per Equity Share). In accordance with the terms of issue, Rs. 2,000 was received from the concerned allottees on application and shares were allotted. Further on September 24, 2021, company has received remaining issue money of Rs. 16,965 per share.

(g) Group is a professionally managed and does not have an identifiable promoter in terms of the Companies Act, 2013.

Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

CIN: U63090DL2011PLC221234

(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

15. (a) Other equity

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Securities Premium		
Balance as per the last financial statements	74,306.86	74,069.68
Add: ESOPs exercised (Transferred Rs. 1,589.09 millions (March 31, 2021: Rs. 109.87 millions) from share based payment reserve)	1,863.89	128.87
Add: Securities premium on equity shares issued during the year	8,171.06	77.36
Add: Securities premium on conversion of preference share to equity share	4,138.45	31.35
Add: Securities premium on CCCPS issued during the year (series H and series I)	25,599.70	-
Less: Bonus share issued during the year *	(176.19)	-
Less: Share issue expense	(169.17)	(0.40)
	1,13,734.60	74,306.86
Share Based Payment Reserve		
Balance as per the last financial statements	1,958.24	1,344.99
Add: ESOP Expenses on acquisition of subsidiary (refer note 36.1 (a))	106.70	-
Add: Share based payment expense	3,084.21	723.12
Less: transferred to securities premium on exercise of stock options	(1,589.09)	(109.87)
	3,560.06	1,958.24
Retained earnings	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Balance as per last financial statements	(48,279.41)	(44,132.36)
Add: Loss during the year	(10,110.00)	(4,157.43)
Add: Re-measurement gains on defined benefit plans	20.11	10.38
Net deficit in the statement of profit and loss	(58,369.30)	(48,279.41)
Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of a foreign operation		
Balance at the beginning of the year	11.96	20.28
Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of a foreign operation	(5.74)	(8.32)
	6.22	11.96
Total reserves and surplus	58,931.58	27,997.65

^{*} During the year ended March 31, 2022, the Parent Company had alloted bonus shares of 17,618,927 equity shares in the ratio of 9:1 held by the existing shareholders other than for cash consideration.

15. (b) Nature and purpose of Reserves

Retained earning

Retained earnings are the loss that the Group has incurred till date, less any transfers to general reserve, dividends or other distributions paid to shareholders. Retained earnings includes re-measurement loss / (gain) on defined benefit plans, net of taxes that will not be reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss. Retained earnings is a free reserve available to the Group and eligible for distribution to shareholders, in case where it is having positive balance representing net earnings till date.

Securities premiun

Securities premium reserve is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve can be utilised only for limited purposes such as issuance of bonus shares in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

Foreign currency translation reserve

Exchange differences arising on translation of the foreign operations are recognised in other comprehensive income as described in accounting policy and accumulated in a separate reserve within equity. The cumulative amount is reclassified to profit or loss when the net investment is disposed-off.

Share Based Payment Reserve

The share options based payment reserve is used to recognise the grant date fair value of options issued to employees under Employee stock option plan.

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(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Non-cur	rent	Curre	ent
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Term Loan				
Vehicle Loan from Bank (Secured) (refer (i) below)	735.25	102.19	-	-
Secured bank loan (refer (ii) below)	440.86	1,029.06	-	-
	1,176.11	1,131.25	-	
Others		•		
Current maturity of long term borrowings				
- Vehicle Loan from Bank (refer (i) below)	-	-	443.46	163.87
- Secured bank loan (refer (ii) below)	-	-	711.81	691.18
Working Capital demand loan	-	-	228.59	-
Bill discounting facility from the Bank (secured) (refer (iii) below)	-	-	859.93	842.29
Bank Overdraft repayable on demand (secured)	-	-	111.49	-
	1,176.11	1,131.25	2,355.28	1,697.34
Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (refer (iv) below)	-	184.84	-	-
	-	184.84	-	-
	1,176,11	1,316.09	2,355.28	1,697.34

(i) Vehicle Loans carries interest @6.51% to 9.55% (March 31, 2021: 8.7% to 9.15%) per annum and are repayable in 36 to 37 equated monthly installments of Rs 0.02 millions (March 31, 2021: 0.02 millions) to 0.25 millions (March 31, 2021: 0.27 millions) along with interest. The loan is secured by hypothecation of respective vehicles.

(ii) (a) HDFC Bank

Loan has been availed from HDFC Bank carrying interest rate @ One year MCLR+0.50% p.a ranging from 8.90% to 9.15% and are repayable in 35 and 30 equated monthly instalments of Rs. 11.23 millions and Rs. 11.39 millions alongwith interest respectively. The loan is secured by a first charge over certain of the Group's movable property (not being pledge) and fixed deposits/Cash deposits.

Secured bank loan of Spoton Logistics Private Limited (Spoton):

Term loan amounts to Rs. 86.81 million was sanctioned to the Holding Company's subsidiary (Spoton Logistics Private Limited or "Spoton"), pursuant to the "Emergency Credit Line Guranteed Scheme" (ECLGS) of Government of India. The loan is to be repaid in 48 equal monthly installment of Rs. 1.85 million each after moratorium period of 12 months from the date of disbursement. The repayment of loan will begin from March 07, 2022. The interest rate of 7.5% p.a (I year MCLR + 0.25% subject to maximum of 9.25% p.a) is payable on a monthly basis from the date of disbursement. This facility is covered by 100% guarantee from NCGTC (National Credit Guarantee Trustee Company Limited, Ministry of Finance, Government of India) and also secured by the extension of second ranking charge over existing primary and collateral securities including morteages created in favour of the Bank.

The entire loan amount has been classified under current borrowings as at March 31, 2022 due to non-compliance of the bank covenants.

The financial covenants relating to Adjusted total networth, Total liabilities/ Total net worth and Interest coverage ratio have not been complied with for year ended on March 31, 2022. However in view of the ongoing relationship with the lending banks, the management believes that this non-compliance will not result in levy of penalty on the Company. Basis, the breach of covenant which has not been cured before the Consolidated Financial Statements have been approved, the working capital term loan from HDFC bank has been classified as current borrowings.

(ii) (b)Axis Bank

Loan has been availed from Axis Bank carrying interest rate @ One year MCLR+0.30% p.a. and One year MCLR+0.15% p.a. ranging 7% to 8% and are repayable in 48 equated monthly installments (remaining installment 23 (March, 31,2021: 35) of Rs. 20.83 millions and Rs. 31.25 millions plus interest thereon respectively. The loan is secured by a first charge over certain of the Group's movable property (not being pledge) and fixed deposits/Cash deposits.

Secured bank loan of Spoton Logistics Private Limited (Spoton) :

Term loan amounting to Rs. 26.72 million disclosed under non current borrowings and current maturity amounting to Rs. 9.96 million disclosed under current borrowings. Pursuant to "Emergency Credit line Guranteed Scheme" (ECLGS) of Government of India, the bank sanctioned working capital term loan to the Company. The loan was to be repaid in 48 equal mothly installment of Rs. 0.83 million each after moratorium period of 12 months from the date of disbursement and the last installment is Rs. 0.83 million. The repayment of loan has begun from 31 December 2021. The interest rate of 7.5% p.a (1 year MCLR + 0.05%) payable on monthly basis from the date of disbursement. This facility is covered by 100% guarantee from NCGTC (National Credit Guarantee Trustee Company Limited, Ministry of Finance, Government of India). Also secured second paripassu charge on entire current assets and entire movable fixed assets of the Holding Company, both present and future.

(iii) Bill discounting facility has been availed from HDFC bank carrying floating rate of interest of 3 months MCLR plus 0.55% ranging from 7.35% to 7.55% (March 31, 2021 : 3 months MCLR plus 0.55% ranging from 7.35% to 8.10%). The facility is on the bills underlying raised with the respective principals.

Further Bill discounting facility has been availed from Axis bank carrying floating rate of interest of 3 months MCLR plus 0.40% ranging from 7.25% to 7.70% (March 31. 2021: 3 months MCLR plus 0.40% ranging from 7.70% to 7.85%). The facility is on the bills underlying raised with the respective principals. The bill discounting is secured by lien on fixed depost/cash deposit.

(iv) During the previous year ended March 31, 2021, 46,441 (0.001% Series G) Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCPS), having a face value of Rs. 100/- (Rupees One Hundred Only) each have been issued during the year at an issue price of Rs. 22,615; called and paid up Rs. 10/-. The rights exercised by the holder shall be in accordance with applicable laws i.e. exercisable to the extent of amount paid up. The Board shall make calls upon the holders of the Series G CCPS in respect of monies unpaid on the Series G CCPS (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or premium), as and when it deems fit. After the Series G CCPS are fully paid-up, it will convert into equity shares of the Company, based on the conversion ratio based on share price multiple of Series F price, upon occurrence of a liquidation event or listing of securities of the Company on a recognized stock exchange.

Each Series G CCPS holder shall have the right to vote on all matters considered at a general meeting of the shareholders of the Company

- (i) which directly affect the rights attached to the Series G CCPS;
- (ii) in connection with the winding up of the Company;
- (iii) in connection with the repayment or reduction of the equity or preference share capital of the Company.

During the year ended March 31, 2022, the company has called up and received money for 46,441 shares of Rs. 90 per share. On September 24, 2021 Series G CCPS has been converted into equity shares in ratio 2.5:1 accordingly 46,441 CCPS were converted to 1,16,103 Equity Share of Rs. 10 each fully paid up. Prior to conversion, fair value loss has been recognised through financial statements of profit and loss and is disclosed as "Fair value loss on financial liability at fair value through profit and loss" of Rs. 2,997.39 millions and Rs. 91.95 millions for the year ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 respectively.

Unused line of credit

The below table provides the details of un-drawn credit facilities that are available to the Group:

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Secured Loan	3,441.57	3,450.00
Bill discounting	390.07	407.71
	3,831.64	3,857.71

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(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

17. Other Financial Liabilities Particulars	Non-cui	Non-current			Current		
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021		March 31, 2022	M	arch 31, 2021	
Other Financial Liabilities Measured at Amortised Cost							
Interest accrued and not due on borrowings	-	-		4.00		1.59	
Capital Creditors	-	-		779.24		375.66	
Employee Welfare Fund*	-	-		22.12		14.18	
Amount payable, collected on behalf of the customers	-	-					
-Amount payable, collected on behalf of the customers			1,985.86		1,621.01		
-Less: Liabilities against money held in trust			(1,857.20)	128.66	(1,425.33)	195.68	
Employee benefit payable	-	-		374.86		586.95	
Security Deposit	-	-		189.60		131.69	
• •		_		1.498.48		1.305.75	

^{*} The Employee Welfare Fund (EWF) is a fund to which both employee and employer contributes. The Employee Welfare Committee of the Group handles the EWF that is used to provide benefits to employees.

18.			

Particulars	Non-cur	rent		Current
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Provision for employee benefits				
- Provision for Gratuity (refer note 33)	375.84	214.26	26.76	10.89
- Provision for compensated absences	-	-	180.42	110.78
	375.84	214.26	207.18	121.67
Other Provisions				
Provision for asset retirement obligation	6.71	4.90	-	<u>-</u>
	6.71	4.90	-	-
Total Provisions	382.55	219.16	207.18	121.67

Movement in above balances	Asset retirement obligation
As at April 01 2020	2.00
Arising during the year	2.90
Utilised *	(0.00)
As at March 31, 2021	4.90
Arising during the year	1.81
Utilised	-
As at March 31, 2022	6.71

^{*}Value less than Rs 10,000

19. Other current liabilities

Particulars	Current	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Others		
- Advance from Customers	354.57	171.81
Statutory dues		
Withholding tax payable	412.00	138.07
Provident Fund payable	67.50	49.60
Employee's State Insurance Payable	7.09	4.48
Professional tax payable*	6.08	5.80
Labour Welfare Fund payable	0.14	0.14
Goods & Service tax payable	9.40	1.00
	856.78	370.90

^{*}During the year ended March 31, 2022, The Holding Company and few of its subsidiaries has deducted Professional Tax from employees. The company was able to deposit the Professional Tax in most of the cases except where registration is pending due to non-functioning of government portals. The companies are in the process of obtaining registration and the Professional Tax collected will be deposited once the aforesaid issues are resolved.

20. Trade Payables

Particulars		Current
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Trade payable		_
Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises (refer note 43 for details	44.74	20.52
of dues to micro and small enterprises)		
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	8,300.26	4,401.78
	8,345.00	4,422.30

Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 0-60 days terms. For explanations on the Group's credit risk management processes, refer note 37. For terms and conditions relating to related party payables, refer note 35

Trade payable ageing schedule for year ended March 31, 2022 :

Particulars	Unbilled	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 year	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME	-	20.47	24.27	-	-	-	44.74
(ii) Others	4,684.76	1,602.80	1,753.60	146.98	54.66	57.46	8,300.26
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues - others	_	_	-	-	_	-	_

Trade payable ageing schedule for the year ended March 31, 2021 :

Particulars	Unbilled	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 year	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME	-	-	20.52	-	-	-	20.52
(ii) Others	2,841.70	54.37	1,394.49	53.40	18.82	39.00	4,401.78
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues - others	1	-	-	-	-	-	-

Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

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(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

2.1	Revenue	from	Contracts	with	Customers
41.	Nevenue	11 (///////////////////////////////////	COHILI ACIS	WILLI	Cuswillers

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Sale of services		
Revenue from Services*	66,946.23	36,354.38
Sale of goods		
Revenue from sale of traded goods	1,876.63	110.89
	68,822.86	36,465.27
*includes		
Revenue from Express Parcel services	41,910.56	25,505.15
Revenue from Part Truck Load services	13,459.50	3,841.61
Revenue from Truck Load services	2,873.50	2,141.29
Revenue from Supply Chain services#	5,509.93	3,900.58
Revenue from Cross Border services	3,182.68	963.63
Others	10.06	2.12
	66,946.23	36,354.38

#Revenue from Supply Chain services includes Revenue from End-to-End services and Revenue from Warehousing services.

Timing of rendering of services

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Services rendered over time	66,946.23	36,354.38
Total Revenue from contract with customers	66,946.23	36,354.38

Revenue from sale of traded goods

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Goods transferred at a point in time	1,876.63	110.89
Total Revenue from contract with customers	1,876.63	110.89

Reconciling the amount of revenue recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss with the contracted price:

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Revenue as per contracted price	69,706.60	37,781.17
Less: Credit note	(883.74)	(1,315.90)
	68,822.86	36,465.27

Contract Balances

The following table provides information about receivables, contracts assets, and contract liabilities from contracts with customers.

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Trade receivables (unconditional right to consideration)	9,902.50	5,945.82
Contract assets (refer note 1 below)	6,806.47	3,668.22
Contract liabilities (refer note 2 below)	354.57	171.81

Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

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(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

Notes:

1. The contract assets primarily relate to the Group's rights to consideration for work completed but not billed at the reporting date. The contract assets are transferred to the receivables when the rights become unconditional.

Contract assets

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Opening balance	3,668.22	2,748.43
Add: Contract asset created during the year	6,806.47	3,668.22
Less: Contract asset billed during the year	(3,668.22)	(2,748.43)
Closing balance	6,806.47	3,668.22

2. Contract liability relates to payments received in advance of performance against which amount has been received from customer but services are yet to be rendered on the reporting date. Contract liabilities are recognized once the services are provided, being performance obligation of the Group.

Contract liabilities

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Opening Balance	171.81	38.00
Add: Revenue deferred	341.25	217.24
Less: Revenue Recognised	(69.03)	(16.60)
Less: Write-back	(89.46)	(66.83)
Closing Balance	354.57	171.81

22. Other Income

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
22.1 Finance income		
Interest Income on		
- Bank deposits at amortised cost	207.42	537.01
- Non-current investments	329.23	593.47
- Income Tax refund	33.19	19.88
- Unwinding of discount on security deposits paid at amortised cost	139.88	105.63
Total finance income (A)	709.72	1,255.99
22.2 Other income		
Net gain on mutual funds:		
-Fair value gain on Investment at fair value through profit or loss	300.43	325.01
-Net gain on sale of current investments	174.59	100.81
Profit on disposals of property plant and equipment	0.08	2.95
Net gain on sale of non current investments	22.50	-
Gain on modification / termination of lease contracts	210.27	99.76
Rent waiver on lease liabilities	-	33.80
Credit Balance written back	89.46	66.83
Miscellaneous Income	54.36	32.49
Total other income (B)	851.69	661.65
Grand Total (A+B)	1,561.41	1,917.64

Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

CIN: U63090DL2011PLC221234

(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

23. Freight, Handling and Servicing Costs

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Line haul expenses	23,976.65	13,276.94
Contractual manpower expenses	7,510.83	4,727.92
Vehicle rental expenses	13,546.31	6,800.53
Rent	1,531.06	1,038.38
Security expenses	787.75	584.77
Power, fuel & water charges	1,231.31	724.70
Packing material	225.95	122.82
Stores and spares	284.45	141.60
Lost Shipment expense (net)	707.49	363.16
-	49.801.80	27,780,82

24. Employee Benefits Expense

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Salaries, wages and bonus*	9,006.10	4,788.55
Contribution to provident and other funds**	411.58	278.95
Share Based Payment Expense (refer note 39)	3,084.21	723.12
Gratuity expense (refer note 33)	109.82	81.82
Staff welfare expenses	520.94	236.79
	13,132.65	6,109.23

^{*} above includes Rs. 1,784.00 millions towards one-time bonus paid to eligible employees of the Group during the year ended March 31, 2022.

25. Change in inventories of traded goods

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Inventory at the beginning of the year	-	-
Inventory at the end of the year	28.75	-
Increase in inventory	(28.75)	-

^{**} Defined contribution plan

Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

CIN: U63090DL2011PLC221234

(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

26. Other Expense

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Allowances for recoverable from third party agent	6.97	47.92
Rates and Taxes	39.21	78.50
Business development expenses	116.82	15.92
Repairs & Maintenance		
- Building	169.42	108.31
- Computers	24.74	8.50
- Others	347.71	219.14
Allowances for doubtful debts	1,154.92	894.78
Bad debts written off	2.55	4.45
Payment Gateway Charges	65.62	26.58
Cash Management Service Charges	386.60	240.32
Housekeeping Expenses	343.64	264.23
Allowances for doubtful advances	26.60	47.53
Travelling and conveyance	635.72	293.20
Intangible assets written off*	38.38	47.39
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment (net)	4.13	-
Communication cost	281.63	150.70
Software and technology expenses	1,419.80	782.60
Legal and professional fees	444.63	132.80
Audit Fees	13.70	12.81
Director's Remuneration (refer note 35)	29.74	27.00
Printing and stationery	101.74	56.30
Assets written off	2.05	-
Insurance expense	60.89	40.05
Recruiting expenses	65.29	22.09
Foreign Exchange loss (net)	24.66	10.37
Miscellaneous expenses	82.07	79.00
	5,889.23	3,610.49

*During the year ended March 31, 2022, the Group has written off the software i.e. "Espoton Next Gen", which was being developed with the support of vendor Capgemini on which the total expense incurred amounting to Rs. 38.38 millions. The modules being developed in eSpoton NxG project are already available with Delhivery system and with the ongoing system integration of the two systems, the updates will be redundant.

Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

CIN: U63090DL2011PLC221234

(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

27. Depreciation and amortization expense

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (refer note 3)	2,433.12	1,567.32
Depreciation of Right-of-use assets (refer note 34)	2,337.20	1,902.32
Amortization of intangible assets and goodwill (refer note 4)	1,337.15	76.56
	6,107.47	3,546.20

28. Finance Cost

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Interest at amortised cost		
- to banks	173.07	150.10
- bill discounting	67.21	47.89
-Interest on lease liabilities (refer note 34)	742.60	683.05
- to others	1.46	0.65
Others		
-Bank Charges	10.95	4.58
-	995.29	886.27

29. Exceptional Items

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Allowance for doubtful debts*	-	413.30
	-	413.30

^{*}During the previous year ended March 31, 2021, the management has recorded allowance for doubtful debt of Rs. 413.30 millions, in view of its anticipated non-recoverability in near future primarily due to imposition of ban by Government of India on certain business units. In view of this unprecedented event, the management has considered it to be outside of the ordinary course of business and accordingly disclosed it as "Exceptional" in the Consolidated Financial Statements.

30. Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic/Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the loss for the year attributable to equity holders of the Group by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year.

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Loss attributable to equity holders of the parent	(10,110.00)	(4,157.43)
Weighted average number of equity at the year end in calculating basic EPS	595.35	516.21
Weighted average number of equity at the year end in calculating diluted EPS	595.35	516.21
Basic Loss per equity share	(16.98)	(8.05)
Diluted Loss per equity share	(16.98)	(8.05)

There are potential equity shares as on March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 in the form of stock options issued. As these are antidilutive, they are ignored in the calculation of diluted loss per share and accordingly the diluted loss per share is the same as basic loss per share.

The weighted average number of shares takes into account the weighted average effect of changes in Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares during the year.

On September 27, 2021, the Company issued bonus shares in the ratio of 9:1 to the existing equity shareholders. Further, appropriate adjustments, to the conversion ratio of outstanding Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCCPS) has been made and the conversion ratio accordingly stands adjusted to 10:1 i.e. 10 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each for every 1 CCCPS of Rs. 100/- each held by such CCCPS holder, pursuant to such bonus issuance.

On September 29, 2021, the company has sub divided equity shares having a face value of Rs. 10 each into 10 equity shares having a face value of Re 1 each. Further, appropriate adjustments, to the conversion ratio of outstanding Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCCPS) has been made to reflect the impact of such sub-division.

The Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting dated January 13, 2022, have approved the conversion of 42,50,045 Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCCPS) having a face value of Rs. 100 each into 42,50,04,500 Equity Shares having a face value of Re. 1 each of the Company (in the ratio of 100:1 i.e. 100 equity shares of Re. 1 each against one CCCPS of Rs. 100 each).

The impact of the above has been considered in the calculation of Basic and Diluted Loss per equity share.

Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

CIN: U63090DL2011PLC221234

(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

31. Income taxes

The major components of income tax expense for the year ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021.

Particular	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Current income tax:		
In respect of current year	100.72	-
Deferred tax:		
In respect of current year	(284.02)	-
Tax expense recognised in Consolidated Financials Statement of profit and loss	(183.30)	-
Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income		
Deferred tax arising on expense or income recognised in OCI	(3.02)	-
Total	(186,32)	_

Deferred tax assets / (liabilities) recognised as at March 31, 2022

Particular	April 01, 2021	Acquired through business combination	Recognised in consolidated financial statement of profit and loss credit / (charge)	Recognised in other comprehensive income credit / (charge)	March 31, 2022
Deferred tax assets					
Provision for employee benefits		29.01	11.64	(3.02)	37.63
Provision for doubtful debts		- 31.39	4.07	-	35.46
Property, plant and equipment		- 22.83	11.20	-	34.03
Borrowings*		- (0.00)	(0.00)	-	(0.00)
Leases liabilities		36.74	(21.80)	-	14.94
Share based payment expenses		20.12	(20.12)	-	-
Security deposits		- (8.00)	8.99	-	0.99
Effect of provision for doubtful advances		_	2.30	-	2.30
Deferred tax liabilities					
Goodwill		- (128.30)	38.35	-	(89.95)
Intangible assets		- (913.91)	249.38	-	(664.53)
Deferred tax liabilities		(910.11	284.00	(3.02)	(629.13)

^{*} Value Less than Rs 10,000

(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

31. Income taxes (Cont'd)

As at the year ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021, the Group is having net deferred tax assets primarily comprising of unabsorbed depreciation and carry forward losses under tax laws. However in the absence of reasonable certainty as to its realization of Deferred Tax Assets (DTA), DTA has not been created.

Particular	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Deferred Tax Liability		
Impact on business combination	4,305.30	58.18
Deffered Tax Assets		
Deductible temporary differences	3,120.74	1,989.92
Brought forward losses*	1,884.72	2,027.96
Unabsorbed depreciation*	1,283.61	914.36
Recognised in books	Nil	Nil

^{*} above balance is the potential tax benefit on brought forward losses of Rs. 6,308.78 millions (March 31, 2021 : Rs. 6,659.70 millions) and on Unabsorbed depreciation of Rs. 4,114.13 millions (March 31, 2021 : 2,930.63 millions).

Maturity period of brought forward losses for which no deferred tax are recognised in the Consolidated Financial Statements:

Year of expiry	March 31, 2022		March 31, 2021	
	Brought forward losses	Potential tax benefits	Brought forward losses	Potential tax benefits
2020-2021	-	-	15.90	3.02
2021-2022	-	-	54.43	10.34
2022-2023	36.92	7.01	36.92	7.01
2023-2024	39.17	7.44	39.17	7.44
2024-2025	243.26	46.22	1,826.83	540.29
2025-2026	2,043.01	627.32	1,970.72	614.87
2026-2027	1,392.36	434.42	1,417.23	442.15
2027-2028	699.21	218.15	704.27	219.73
2028-2029	708.09	220.92	573.56	178.99
2029-2030	658.87	205.61	-	-
No expiry period	487.89	117.63	20.67	4.12

Maturity period of unabsorbed depreciation for which no deferred tax are recognised in the Consolidated Financial Statements:

Year of expiry	March 31, 2022		March 31,	2021
	Unabsorbed depreciation	Potential tax benefits	Unabsorbed depreciation	Potential tax benefits
No expiry period	4,114.13	1,283.61	2,930.63	914.36

Reconcilation of Tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic tax rate for March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021

Particular	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Accounting profit before income tax	(10,293.30)	(4,157.43)
At India's statutory income tax rate of 31.2% (March 31, 2021: 31.2%)	(3,211.51)	(1,297.12)
Share of results of associates	10.07	-
Tax in foreign jurisdiction	75.78	60.49
Other non-deductible items	835.24	(51.22)
Losses on which deferred taxes not recognised	227.56	194.15
Unabsorbed depreciation on which deferred taxes not recognised	384.73	266.10
Other temporary differences on which deferred taxes utilised	249.40	-
Other temporary differences on which deferred taxes not recognised	1,605.69	827.60
Difference in tax rates	6.34	-
Income tax expense reported in the consolidated statement of profit and loss	(183.30)	-

Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

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(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

32 Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

Judgements

In the process of applying the accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

Estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Group based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Group. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

Share-based payments

Employees of the Group receives remuneration in the form of share based payment transactions, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments (equity-settled transactions). In accordance with the Ind AS 102 Share Based Payments, the cost of equity-settled transactions is measured using the fair value method. The cumulative expense recognized for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The expense or credit recognized in the statement of profit and loss for a period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognized as at the beginning and end of that period and is recognized in employee benefits expense.

Defined benefit plans (gratuity benefits)

The cost of the defined benefit gratuity plan and the present value of the gratuity obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

The parameter most subject to change is the discount rate. In determining the appropriate discount rate for plans operated, the management considers the interest rates of government bonds in currencies consistent with the currencies of the post-employment benefit obligation.

The mortality rate is based on publicly available mortality table . The mortality table tend to change only at interval in response to demographic changes. Future salary increases and gratuity increases are based on expected future inflation rates.

Further details about gratuity obligations are given in note 33

Fair value measurement of financial instruments

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the DCF model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

Useful Life of property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss, if any. Such cost includes the cost of replacing part of the plant and equipment. When significant parts of plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Capital work in progress is stated at cost, net of accumulated impairment loss, if any.

Depreciation on all property plant and equipment are provided on a written-down value method based on the estimated useful life of the asset. The management has estimated the useful lives and residual values of all property, plant and equipment and adopted useful lives based on management's assessment of their respective economic useful lives. The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate. Depreciation on the assets purchased during the year is provided on pro-rata basis from the date of purchase of the assets. An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on Derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the income statement when the asset is derecognised.

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Impairment of goodwill

The Group estimates the value-in-use of the cash generating unit (CGU) based on the future cash flows after considering current economic conditions and trends, estimated future operating results and growth rate and anticipated future economic and regulatory conditions. The estimated cash flows are developed using internal forecasts. The discount rate used for the CGU's represent the weighted average cost of capital based on the historical market returns of comparable companies.

Loss allowance on trade receivables:

Provision for expected credit losses of trade receivables and contract assets. The Group uses a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for trade receivables and contract assets. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments that have similar loss patterns (i.e., by geography, product type, customer type and rating, and coverage by letters of credit and other forms of credit insurance). The provision matrix is initially based on the Company's historical observed default rates. The Group will calibrate the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. For instance, if forecast economic conditions (i.e., gross domestic product) are expected to deteriorate over the next year which can lead to an increased number of defaults in the manufacturing sector, the historical default rates are adjusted. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed. The assessment of the correlation between historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and of forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of customer's actual default in the future. The information about the ECLs on the Company's trade receivables and contract assets is disclosed in Note 6. The Group considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows

Business combinations

During the year ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021, the Group had made an acquisition (refer note 36.1). The assets acquired were recognized at fair value at the date of acquisition. Goodwill was recognized as the remaining portion of the purchase price that was not allocated to the acquired assets as part of the purchase price allocation. To determine the fair values of individual assets acquired including property, plant and equipment, non-compete and customer relationships, complex valuation models based on assumptions were used. This measurement was dependent on estimates of future cash flows as well as the cost of capital applied.

Assets Acquisitions

During the year ended March 31, 2022, the Group had made an asset acquisition (refer note 36.2). The assets acquired were recognized at fair value at the date of acquisition. To determine the fair values of individual assets acquired including property, plant and equipment, non-compete and customer relationships, complex valuation models based on assumptions were used. This measurement was dependent on estimates of future cash flows as well as the cost of capital applied.

Revenue Reconginition (Ind AS 115)

The allocation of the transaction price over timing of satisfaction of performance obligation:

Under the revenue recognition standard Ind AS 115 revenue has been recognised when control over the services transfers to the customer i.e., when the customer has the ability to control the use of the transferred services provided and generally derive their remaining benefits. The revenue from logistics service is recognised over a period of time.

The Group has recognized the revenue in respect of undelivered shipments to the extent of completed activities undertaken with respect to delivery. At period end, the Group, based on its tracking systems classifies the ongoing shipments in transit into stages of delivery (first mile, linehaul, last mile) and applies estimated percentage of service completion to recognise revenue which is calculated on the basis of number of days the shipment has been in transit from the pickup date till reporting date as a percentage of average days taken to deliver these shipments from the pickup date.

Leases

The lease payments shall include fixed payments, variable lease payments, residual value guarantees and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease. The lease liability is subsequently remeasured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payments.

The Group cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, therefore, it uses its incremental borrowing rate (IBR) to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment. The IBR therefore reflects what the Group 'would have to pay', which requires estimation when no observable rates are available or when they need to be adjusted to reflect the terms and conditions of the lease . The Group estimates the IBR using observable inputs (such as market interest rates) when available and is required to make certain entity-specific estimates.

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33. Gratuity plan

The Group has a defined benefit gratuity plan. The gratuity plan of India is governed by the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Under the Act, employees who are in continuous service of five years are entitled to specific benefit. The level of benefits provided depends on the employees length of service and salary at retirement age. The gratuity plan is an unfunded plan and the Group does not make contribution to recognised funds.

The following tables summarize the components of net benefit expense recognized in the consolidated statement of profit and loss and amounts recognized in the consolidated statement of assets and liabilities for the Gratuity:-

Benefit liability	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Opening defined benefit obligation	225.15	171.86
Acquisition through assets purchase agreement	29.35	-
Acquisition through business combination	87.81	-
Interest cost	21.46	11.88
Current Service Cost	88.36	69.94
Benefits Paid	(26.39)	(18.15)
Actuarial gain on obligation	(23.13)	(10.38)
Closing defined benefit obligation	402.60	225.15
Expense recognised in the statement of Profit and Loss		
Gratuity cost for the year	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Current Service Cost	88.36	69.94
Interest Cost	21.46	11.88
Net gratuity cost	109.82	81.82
Remeasurement gains/(losses) in other comprehensive income	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Actuarial Gain due to Demographic Assumption changes in	0.65	-
Actuarial changes arising from changes in financial assumptions	19.35	(0.52)
Experience adjustments	3.13	10.90
Amount recognised in OCI during the year	23.13	10.38
Actuarial assumptions		
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Discount rate	6.31% to 7.26%	6.76%
Salary Growth Rate	7% to 8%	7.00%
	IALM(2012-14) ultimate	IALM(2012-14)
Mortality		ultimate
Mortality Upto 30 years	15.00%	ultimate 15.00%
•	15.00% 7.00%	
Upto 30 years		15.00%

Discount rate: The discount rate is based on the prevailing market yields of Indian government securities as at the balance sheet date for the estimated term of the obligations. **Salary escalation rate:** The estimates of future salary increases considered taking into account the inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors.

Attrition rate: The estimate of future employee turnover

A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption as at March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 is as shown below:

	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022 Marc	h 31, 2021
Sensitivity level	Discount rate incre	ease by 0.5%	Discount rate decrease by 0.5%	
Impact on defined benefit obligation	(22.77)	(13.56)	25.41	15.05
Sensitivity level	Future salary incre	ease by 0.5%	Future salary decrease by 0.5%	
Impact on defined benefit obligation	23.13	14.00	(21.29)	(12.83)

The sensitivity analyses above have been determined based on a method that extrapolates the impact on defined benefit obligation as a result of reasonable changes in key assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting year.

The weighted average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation at the end of the reporting period is 11.39 years (March 31, 2021: 11.36 years).

The following payments are expected contributions to the defined benefit plan in future years:

	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Within the next 12 months (next annual reporting period)	22.92	10.89
Between 2 and 5 years	102.49	59.87
More than 5 years	556.69	312.64
Total expected payments	682.10	383.90

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(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

34 Leases

Set out below are the carrying amounts of right-of-use assets recognised and the movements during the year :		Amount
As at April 01, 2020		4,781.14
Additions		5,509.04
Deletions		(559.82)
Depreciation expense (refer note 27)		(1,902.32)
As at March 31, 2021	<u> </u>	7,828.04
Acquisition of subsidiary		818.60
Additions		1,918.28
Deletions		(1,287.18)
Depreciation expense (refer note 27)		(2,337.20)
As at March 31, 2022	=	6,940.54
Set out below are the carrying amounts of lease liabilities and the movements during the year:		Amount
As at April 01, 2020	_	4,978.31
Additions		4,612.84
Accretion of interest (refer note 28)		683.05
Payments		(2,118.60)
As at March 31, 2021	_	8,155.60
Acquisition of subsidiary	=	920.21
Additions		1,844.62
Accretion of interest (refer note 28)		742.60
Payments		(2,681.64)
Deletion		(1,497.59)
As at March 31, 2022	=	7,483.80
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Current	1,756.28	1,617.16
Non-current	5,727.52	6,538.44
The following are the amounts recognised in Statement of Profit or Loss:		
Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended

March 31, 2022 March 31, 2021 Depreciation expense of right-of-use assets (refer note 27) 2,337.20 1,902.32 Interest expense on lease liabilities (refer note 28) 742.60 683.05 Expense relating to short-term leases (refer note 23) 1,531.06 1,038.38 (2.58)Stamp duty expense Rent waiver on lease liabilities (refer note 22.2) (33.80)Gain on modification / termination of lease contracts (refer note 22.2) (210.27)(99.76) Total amount recognised in Profit or Loss 4,400.59 3,487.61

The Group has several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. These options are negotiated by management to provide flexibility in managing the leased-asset portfolio and align with the Group's business needs. Management exercises significant judgement in determining whether these extension and termination options are reasonably certain to be exercised and has assessed that the Group is reasonably certain to exercise the extension options, while not exercising the termination option. Accordingly, there are no undiscounted potential future rental payments relating to periods following the exercise date of extension and termination options that are not included in the lease term.

The Group does not face a significant liquidity risk with regard to its lease liabilities as the current assets are sufficient to meet the obligations related to lease liabilities as and when they fall due.

The effective interest rate for lease liabilities based on the duration of leases is -

0 - 36 months - 7.50% (March 31, 2021: 7.95%)

37 - 72 months - 8.00% (March 31, 2021 :8.50%)

73 months & Above - 8.25% (March 31, 2021 :8.75%)

Rental expense recorded for short-term leases was Rs 1,531.06 millions in the year ended March 31, 2022 (March 31, 2021: Rs. 1,038.38 millions).

The aggregate depreciation on ROU assets has been included under depreciation and amortisation expense in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

The Group has applied practical expedient in Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS 116) notified vide Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2020 by Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA') on 24 July 2020 to all rent concessions received as a direct consequence of COVID-19 pandemic. Accordingly, the Group recognized an amount of Rs. 33.80 millions as other income (refer note 22) during the year ended March 31, 2021.

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of lease liabilities on an undiscounted basis:

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Less than one year	2,335.83	2,266.70
One to four years	4,884.04	5,355.80
More than four years	2,140.65	2,763.10
Closing balance	9,360.52	10,385.60

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(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

35. Related party transactions

Names of related parties and related party relationship:

Related parties under Ind AS 24:

Entities with significant influence over the Group SVF Doorbell (Cayman Limited)

Subsidiaries Delhivery Cross Border Services Private Limited (Formerly known as Skynet Logistics Private Limited)

Delhivery USA LLC

Delhivery Corp Limited, London, United Kingdom

Delhivery HK Pte. Ltd.

Orion Supply Chain Private Limited

Delhivery Freight Services Pvt Ltd. (w.e.f. April 21, 2020) Delhivery Singapore Pte. Ltd (w.e.f. August 02, 2021) Spoton Logistics Private Limited (w.e.f. August 24, 2021)

Step Down Subsidiaries Delhivery Robotics LLC (w.e.f. August 23, 2021)

Spoton Supply Chain Solutions Private Limited (formerly known as RAAG Technologies and Services Private Limited) (w.e.f. August 24, 2021)

Associate Leucon Technology Private Limited (till November 19, 2021)
FALCON AUTOTECH Private Limited (w.e.f. January 04, 2022)

Key Management Personnel ("KMP") Mr. Sahil Barua Director and Chief Executive Officer (Redesignated as Managing Director on October 13, 2021)

Mr. Mohit Tandon Chief Strategy Officer - Client Servicing (till February 28, 2021)

Mr. Suraj Saharan Head - Orion till August 01, 2021 and Head - New Ventures w.e.f. August 01, 2021)

Mr. Bhavesh Kishor Manglani Head - Platforms (till December 11, 2020)

Mr. Kapil Bharati (Chief Technology Officer) (Executive Director w.e.f August 19, 2021)

Mr. Ajith Pai Mangalore Chief Financial Officer till June 30, 2020 and Chief Operating Officer w.e.f July 01, 2020
Mr. Amit Agarwal Vice President Finance till June 30, 2020 and Chief Financial Officer w.e.f July 01, 2020

Mrs. Pooja Gupta Chief People Officer (w.e.f. April 01, 2021)

Mr. Abhik Mitra Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer of Material Subsidiary (w.e.f. August 24, 2021)

Mr. Deepak Manglani Company Secretary (till April 15, 2020)

Ms. Kriti Gupta Company Secretary (w.e.f August 22, 2020 till June 19, 2021)

Mr. Vivek Kumar Company Secretary(w.e.f June 19, 2021 till September 17, 2021)

Mr. Sunil Kumar Bansal Company Secretary (w.e.f September 17, 2021)

Mr. Sandeep Kumar Barasia Whole-Time-Director and Chief Business Officer (Redesignated as Executive Director on October 13, 2021)

Mr. Suvir Suren Sujan Nominee Director

Mr. Gautam Sinha Nominee Director (resigned w.e.f. October 22, 2021)

Mr. Srivatsan Ranjan Non-Executive Director (Redesignated as Independent Director w.e.f. October 1, 2021)

Mr. Neeraj Bhardwaj
Nominee Director (resigned w.e.f. October 13, 2021)
Mr. Deep Verma
Nominee Director (resigned w.e.f. October 13, 2021)

Mr. Deepak Kapoor Non-Executive Director (Redesignated as Independent Director w.e.f. October 1, 2021)

Ms. Hanne Birgitte Breinbjerg Sorensen

Non-Executive Director (resigned w.e.f. October 1, 2021)

Ms. Anjali Bansal

Non-Executive Director (resigned w.e.f. September 16, 2021)

Mr. Munish Ravinder Varma Nominee Director

Mr. Yanxiang Lu Nominee Director (resigned w.e.f. June 04, 2020) Mr. Sumer Juneja Nominee Director (resigned w.e.f. October 22, 2021) Mr. Agus Tandiono Nominee Director (resigned w.e.f April 08, 2022) Mr. Jiang Bo Nominee Director (w.e.f June 25, 2020 till October 13, 2021) Mr. Romesh Sobti Non Executive - Independent Director (w.e.f. October 1, 2021) Mr. Saugata Gupta Non Executive - Independent Director (w.e.f. October 1, 2021) Ms. Kalpana Morparia Non Executive - Independent Director (w.e.f October 13, 2021) Mr. Donald Francis Colleran Non Executive - Nominee Director (w.e.f December 24, 2021)

Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

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(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

35. Related Party Transaction (Cont'd)

Summary of transactions with the above related parties is as follows:

A. Transactions during the year:

Nature of transactions	Key managem	ent personnel	Associate		Total	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Investment in Associate -FALCON AUTOTECH Private Limited	_	-	2,518.94	-	2,518.94	-
Services provided						
- Leucon Technology Private Limited	-	-	9.18	53.30	9.18	53.30
Services recevied						
- Leucon Technology Private Limited	-	-	3.27	-	3.27	-
-FALCON AUTOTECH Private Limited	-	-	16.77	-	16.77	-
Share of loss of associates (net)						
-FALCON AUTOTECH Private Limited	-	-	32.27	-	32.27	-
Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel*						
Short term employees benefits						
Mr. Sahil Barua	388.19	43.31	-	-	388.19	43.31
Mr. Mohit Tandon	-	5.79	-	-	-	5.79
Mr. Suraj Saharan	89.58	=	-	-	89.58	-
Ms. Pooja Gupta	113.37	=	-	-	113.37	-
Mr. Abhik Mitra	52.33	-	-	-	52.33	-
Mr. Kapil Bharti	519.21	39.25	-	-	519.21	39.25
Mr. Ajith Pai Mangalore	400.01	118.97	-	-	400.01	118.97
Mr. Amit Agarwal	374.41	45.43	-	-	374.41	45.43
Mr. Sandeep Kumar Barasia	418.50	129.49	-	-	418.50	129.49
Mr. Deepak Manglani	-	0.18	-	-	-	0.18
Ms. Kriti Gupta	0.14	0.29	-	-	0.14	0.29
Mr. Vivek kumar	0.95	-	-	-	0.95	-
Mr. Sunil Kumar Bansal	6.63	-	-	-	6.63	-
Loan to KMP						
Mr. Sandeep Kumar Barasia	-	51.40	-	-	-	51.40
Mr. Sahil Barua	-	23.50	-	-	-	23.50
Mr. Kapil Bharati	-	23.50	-	-	-	23.50
Mr. Ajith Pai Mangalore	-	23.50	-	-	-	23.50
Mr. Amit Agarwal	-	23.50	-	-	-	23.50

Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

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(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

Nature of transactions	Key managen	nent personnel	Asso	ociate	Total	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Loan Repaid						
Mr. Sandeep Kumar Barasia	25.70	1.00	-	_	25.70	1.00
Mr. Ajith Pai Mangalore	23.50	-	-	_	23.50	=
Mr. Kapil Bharti	23.50	-	-	_	23.50	=
Mr. Sahil Barua	23.50	-	-	-	23.50	-
Mr. Amit Agarwal	23.50	-	-	_	23.50	-
Fees to Non-Executive Directors						
Ms. Anjali Bansal	3.02	6.50	-	-	3.02	6.50
Mr. Deepak Kapoor	7.00	6.50	-	-	7.00	6.50
Ms. Hanne Birgitte Breinbjerg Sorensen	3.68	7.50	-	-	3.68	7.50
Mr. Romesh Sobti	3.25	-	-	-	3.25	-
Mr. Saugata Gupta	3.25	-	-	-	3.25	-
Mr. Kalpana Jaisingh Morparia	3.04	-	-	-	3.04	-
Mr. Srivatsan Ranjan	6.50	6.50	-	-	6.50	6.50

^{*} Remuneration to the key managerial personnel does not include the provisions made for gratuity and leave encashment, as they are determined on an actuarial basis for the Group as a whole.

Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

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(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

35. Related Party Transaction (Cont'd)

Summary of balances with the above related parties is as follows:

B. Balances as the year end:

Nature of balances	Key manageme	Key management personnel		iate	Tota	al
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Outstanding balance receivable/(payable)						
-FALCON AUTOTECH Private Limited	-	-	94.52	-	94.52	-
-Leucon Technology Private Limited	-		-	4.43	-	4.43
Balance outstanding at year end						
Salary Payable**						
Mr. Sahil Barua	2.13		-	-	2.13	5.89
Mr. Suraj Saharan	2.14		-	-	2.14	-
Ms. Pooja Gupta	1.50				1.50	-
Mr. Abhik Mitra	0.85				0.85	-
Mr. Kapil Bharti	1.86		-	-	1.86	5.15
Mr. Ajith Pai Mangalore	3.50		-	-	3.50	5.13
Mr. Amit Agarwal	2.16			-	2.16	3.05
Mr. Sandeep Kumar Barasia	2.66	6.69	-	-	2.66	6.69
Ms. Kriti Gupta	-	0.04	-	-	-	0.04
Mr. Sunil Kumar Bansal	0.27	-	-	-	0.27	-
Loans and advances to related parties						
Mr. Sandeep Kumar Barasia	24.80	50.40	-	-	24.80	50.40
Mr. Sahil Barua	-	23.50	-	-	-	23.50
Mr. Kapil Bharti	-	23.50		-	-	23.50
Mr. Ajith Pai Mangalore	-	23.50	-	-	-	23.50
Mr. Amit Agarwal	-	23.50	-	-	-	23.50
Fees payable to Non-Executive Directors						
Ms. Anjali Bansal	-	1.63	-	-	-	1.63
Mr. Deepak Kapoor	1.88	1.63	-	-	1.88	1.63
Ms. Hanne Birgitte Breinbjerg Sorensen	-	1.88	-	-	-	1.88
Mr. Romesh Sobti	1.63	-	-	-	1.63	-
Mr. Saugata Gupta	1.63	-	-	-	1.63	-
Mr. Kalpana Jaisingh Morparia	1.63		-	-	1.63	-
Mr. Srivatsan Ranjan	1.63	1.63	-	-	1.63	1.63

^{**} Remuneration to the key managerial personnel does not include the provisions made for gratuity and leave encashment, as they are determined on an actuarial basis for the Group as a whole.

Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

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(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

36 (1) Business combinations

a) Acquisition of Spoton logistics Private limited ("Spoton")

The Company acquired 100% investment in Spoton Logistics Private limited (Company engaged in the domestic road business and Air business) for a consideration of Rs. 15,216.02 millions vide share purchase agreement dated July 29, 2021. Post the completion of acquisition Spoton Logistics Private Limited has become 100% subsidiary of Delhivery Limited w.e.f August 24, 2021.

Assets acquired

The fair values of the identifiable assets of Spoton as at the date of acquisition August 23, 2021 were:

Assets	Balance recognized on acquisition
Technology/ software	300.67
Customer relationships	1,367.90
Vendor relationships	309.50
Right of use assets	818.60
Goodwill	688.73
Brand	1,014.50
Property, plant and equipment	191.59
Intangible assets under development	15.81
Other financial assets	790.02
Other assets	103.33
Tax assets (net)	285.06
Cash and cash equivalents*	1,236.04
Other Bank balance	6.51
Trade receivables	1,796.15
Deffered Tax	3.78
Total Assets	8,928.19
Liabilities	
Borrowing	3,339.54
Lease liaiblities	920.21
Provisions	103.27
Trade payables	1,189.29
Other liabilities	322.26
Deferred tax liabilities on intangible assets	913.91
Total Liabilities	6,788.48
Identifiable net asset at fair value	2,139.71
Goodwill arising on acquisition	13,076.31
Purchase consideration	15,216.02

^{*} Includes amount of Rs. 8.15 Millions on conversion of ESOPs to equity shares held by existing employees of Spoton Logistics Private Limited post acquisition date and which were subsequently acquired by Delhivery Limited (formerly known as Delhivery Private Limited).

The goodwill of Rs. 13,076.31 millions comprises the value of expected synergies arising from the acquisition.

If the acquisition had taken place at the beginning of the year, revenue from continuing operations would have been higher by Rs. 3,601.18 millions and the losses before tax from continuing operations for the Group from "Spoton" would have been higher by Rs. 281.46 millions.

From the date of acquisition, "Spoton" has contributed Rs. 1,009.85 millions of revenue* and Rs. 27.23 millions of loss* to the loss before tax from the operations of the Group.

^{*} Before inter- company elimination.

Purchase consideration	Amount in millions
Cash consideration paid	15,109.28
Portion of market based measure of Spoton share-based payments scheme attributable to pre-combination service *	106.74
Total Purchase consideration	15,216.02

^{*} The Company acquired Spoton Group for consideration of Rs. 15,216.02 millions on August 24, 2021. The consideration includes Rs. 15,109.28 millions paid in cash and Rs.106.74 millions discharged through replacement of ESOP awards to select ESOP holders of Spoton Group as part of the obligations undertaken by Delhivery as per the contractual arrangement entered between the parties upon the acquisition.

Analysis of cash flows on acquisition:	Amount in millions
Payment towards acquisition of business (included in cash flow from investing	15,109.28
activities)	
Net cash used in acquisition	15,109.28

- i) There were no contingent consideration arrangements entered into with the acquiree,
- ii) No contingent liabilities have been recognised,
- (iii) There are no such transactions that are recognized separately from the acquisition of assets and assumption of liabilities in the business combination,
- (iv) The above business combination is not a bargain-purchase
- (v) The above business combination is not achieved in stages.
- (vi) Goodwill is not tax deductible

Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

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(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

36 (1) Business combinations (Cont'd)

(b) Primaseller Inc. (Primasellar)

The Company entered into an asset purchase agreement with Primaseller Inc. (Primasellar) on February 20, 2021, to purchase the assets, along with employing all such employees who wanted to be employed with the Group at a total purchase consideration of Rs 35.00 millions.

Primaseller acquired can be integrated with Group's available input and processes i.e. tech platform, logistic business etc to generate output in the form of revenue. Primaseller product acquisition enables SME retailers (target customers) manage their orders and inventory easily through a common platform, thereby in order to explore this platform Group has acquired the

Assets acquired

The fair values of the identifiable assets of Primasellar as at the date of acquisition were:

Particular	Amount in millions
Technology/ software	34.92
Goodwill	0.08
Purchase Consideration	35.00

The goodwill of Rs. 0.08 millions comprises the value of expected synergies arising from the acquisition.

Purchase consideration	Amount in millions
Cash consideration paid	35.00
Total Purchase consideration	35.00

All other disclosures as required under IND AS 103 are as follows:

- i) There were no contingent consideration arrangements entered into with the acquiree,
- ii) No contingent liabilities have been recognised,
- (iii) There are no such transactions that are recognized separately from the acquisition of assets and assumption of liabilities in the business combination,
- iv) The above business combination is not a bargain-purchase
- (v) The above business combination is not achieved in stages.
- (vi) Goodwill is not tax deductible.

c) Business transfer agreement with Delhivery Freight services private limited ("DFSPL")

During year ended March 31, 2021, business transfer agreement has been executed on October 1, 2020 ('the BTA') between Delhivery Limited and Delhivery Freight Services Private Limited (DFSPL), pursuant to provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and rules framed thereunder.

Delhivery Limited agreed to transfer convey and deliver to DFSPL, the Full Truck Load Business (FTL) Business (as defined hereinafter) as a going concern on a slump sale basis (as defined in Section 2(42C) of the Income Tax Act, 1961) for a lump sum consideration of Rs. 91.20 millions without values being assigned to individual assets and liabilities.

FTL business means the business of providing freight services.

There is no impact of the business transfer on the Consolidated Financials Statements.

d) Scheme of Arrangement ("the Scheme") between Vankatesh Pharma Private Limited and Spoton Logistics Private Limited and their respective shareholders under section 230 to 232 read with Section 66 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and the rules made thereunder.

Spoton Logistics Private Limited has amalgamated with Venkatesh Pharma Private Limited under the scheme of arrangement approved by National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) on November 27, 2019 under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, the Scheme was accounted for in accordance with erstwhile applicable Accounting Standard 14 "Accounting for Amalgamations".

Goodwill arising from Business combination has been amortised over a period of five year in accordance with method as prescribed under NCLT scheme, which overrides the relevant requirement of Ind AS 103 'Business Combinations' and Ind AS 36 'Impairment of assets' (according to which acquired Goodwill is not permitted to be amortised and is required to be tested annually for impairment).

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(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

36.2 Assets Acquisition

a) Acquisition during the year ended March 31, 2022

As on July 15, 2021, the company has entered into assets purchase agreement with FedEx Express Transportation and Supply Chain Services (India) Private Limited and Tnt India Private Limited, via tri-party agreement. Approval from Completion Commission of India (CCI) has been received as on November 23, 2021 and consideration of Rs. 1,864.27 millions has been transferred to FedEx as on December 04, 2021.

Assets acquired

The fair values of the identifiable assets and liabilities of (FedEx') as at the date of assets acquisition November 23, 2021 were:

Particular	Amount
Computers/Servers	28.19
Office Equipment	104.30
Furniture and Fixtures	9.78
Vehicles	216.19
Plant and Equipment	4.59
Leasehold Improvements	44.48
Land and Builiding	61.93
Software	0.42
Non - Compete	180.61
Customer relationships	488.88
Others*	724.90
Purchase Consideration	1,864.27
Less: Provision for termination benefit (Employee acturial liability)	(34.80)
Add: Security Deposits (assets)	19.20
Net Consideration Paid	1,848.67

^{*} Above balance of Rs. 724.90 millions includes amount of Cross Border Franchisee Agreement - imports of Rs. 391.80 millions and Cross Border Franchisee Agreement - exports of Rs. 333.10 millions.

Purchase consideration	Amount
Cash consideration paid	1,848.67
Add: Provision for termination benefit (Employee acturial liability)	34.80
Less: Security Deposits (assets)	(19.20)
Total Purchase consideration	1,864.27

Analysis of cash flows on acquisition:

Payment towards acquisition of business (included in cash flow from investing	1,848.67
activities)	
Net cash used in acquisition	1,848.67

b) Assets purchase and transfer agreement with Delhivery Robotics LLC and Transition Robotics Inc, via agreement dated November 17, 2021 for the purchase consideration of USD 0.50 millions i.e. Rs. 37.19 millions (Exchange rate as on November 17, 2021: USD/Rs. 74.37).

The fair values of the identifiable assets of Transition Robotics Inc. as at the date of acquisition were:

Particular	Amount
Computers/Servers	37.19
Purchase consideration	
Cash consideration paid	37.19
Total Purchase consideration	37.19
Analysis of cash flows on acquisition:	
Payment towards acquisition of business (included in cash flow from investing	37.19
activities)	
Net cash used in acquisition	37.19

36.3 Investment in Associates

The company has made 34.55% investment in FALCON AUTOTECH Private Limited (Company engaged in the autotech business) for a consideration of Rs. 2,518.94 millions vide share purchase agreement dated December 31, 2021. Upon closure of transaction on January 04, 2022, FALCON AUTOTECH Private Limited has become an associate of the Company.

(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

37.1 Fair Values

Financial instruments by category

The carrying value and fair value of financial instruments by categories as of March 31, 2022 were as follows:

Particulars	Amortised cost	Amortised cost Financial assets/ liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		
		Designated upon initial recognition	Mandatory	
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents (refer note 12)	2,290.00	=	-	2,290.00
Investments (current) (refer note 5)	=	=	14,612.33	14,612.33
Investments (non-current) (refer note 5)	=	=	3,808.39	3,808.39
Investments in equity securities (non-current) (refer note 5)	2,486.67	=	=	2,486.67
Trade receivables (refer note 7)	9,902.50	-	-	9,902.50
Loans (current) (refer note 8)	89.31	=	=	89.31
Other financial assets (refer note 9)	13,309.07	=	-	13,309.07
Total	28,077.55	•	18,420.72	46,498.27
Liabilities:				
Trade payables (refer note 20)	8,345.00	-	-	8,345.00
Borrowing (refer note 16)	3,531.39	-	-	3,531.39
Other financial liabilities (refer note 17)	1,498.48	-	-	1,498.48
Lease liabilities (refer note 34)	7,483.80	-	-	7,483.80
Total	20,858.67	=	=	20,858.67

The carrying value and fair value of financial instruments by categories as of March 31, 2021 were as follows:

Particulars	Amortised cost	Amortised cost Financial assets/ liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		
		Designated upon initial recognition	Mandatory	
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents (refer note 12)	2,758.63	-	-	2,758.63
Other bank balances (refer note 13)	15.78	=	-	15.78
Investments (current) (refer note 5)	=	=	7,075.64	7,075.64
Investments (non-current) (refer note 5)	-	=	4,204.44	4,204.44
Investments in equity securities (non-current) (refer note 5)	1.55	=	-	1.55
Trade receivables (refer note 7)	5,945.82	=	-	5,945.82
Loans (current) (refer note 8)	264.21	-	-	264.21
Other financial assets (refer note 9)	11,701.88	=	-	11,701.88
Total	20,687.87	-	11,280.08	31,967.95
Liabilities:				
Trade payables (refer note 20)	4,422.30	=	-	4,422.30
Borrowing (refer note 16)	2,828.59	184.84	-	3,013.43
Lease liabilities (refer note 34)	8,155.60	=	-	8,155.60
Other financial liabilities (refer note 17)	1,305.75	-	-	1,305.75
Total	16,712.24	184.84	-	16,897.08

The following methods / assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

- i) The carrying value of trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, trade payables, security deposits, lease liabilities and other current financial assets and other current financial liabilities measured at amortised cost approximate their
- fair value due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

 ii) The fair value of non-current financial assets and financial liabilities are determined by discounting future cash flows using current rates of instruments with similar terms and credit risk. The current rates used does not reflect significant changes from the discount rates used initially. Therefore, the carrying value of these instruments measured at amortised cost approximate their fair value.

 iii) Fair value of quoted mutual funds is based on quoted market prices at the reporting date.
- iv) Fair value of debt instruments is estimated based on discounted cash flows valuation technique using the cash flow projections, discount rate and credit risk.
- v) Fair value of the Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares is estimated based on discounted cash flow valuation technique using cash flow projections and financial projections/budgets approved by the management.

(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

37.2(a) Fair value hierarchy

The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's assets and liabilities.

Level 1 - Quoted prices in active market

Level 2 - Significant observable inputs

Level 3 - Significant unobservable inputs

The following table presents fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2022:

		Fair value measurement at end of the reporting year using		
Particulars	March 31, 2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets				
Investments in bonds, non convertible debentures, mutual fund units (refer note 5)	18,420.73	18,420.73	-	-

The following table presents fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2021:

,		Fair value measur	rement at end of the re	eporting year using
Particulars	March 31, 2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets Investments in bonds, non convertible debentures, mutual fund units (refer note 5)	11,280.08	11,280.08	-	-
Liabilities				
Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (refer note 16)	184.84	-	-	184.84

37.2 (b) Fair value hierarchy

b) ran value merarchy			
Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurement is as follows:	Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shar		
Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
Balance at the beginning of the year	184.84	-	
Addition during the year	957.40	91.94	
Fair value loss on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	2,997.39	92.90	
Converted to Equity	(4,139.63)	=	
Balance at the end of the year	-	184.84	

37.2 (c) Fair value hierarchy

Following table describes the valuation techniques used and key inputs thereto for the level 3 financial assets / liabilities as of March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021:

Financial Liabilities Valuation technique(s) Key Input(s) Sensitivity Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares Option Pricing Method* i) Risk Free Discount rate - 4.7% (March 31, 2021-6 %) ii) Volatility rate 50% (March 31, 2021 -40.02%)

iii) Liquidity event timeline - 4 to 5 years

Refer Note below**

37.3 Financial risk management objectives and policies

Financial risk management

Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's focus is to foresee the unpredictability of financial markets and seek to minimize potential Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristic of each customer.

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings, deposits. The Group has in place appropriate risk management policies to limit the impact of these risks on its financial performance. The Group ensures optimization of cash through fund planning and robust cash management practices.

i) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. As majority of the financial assets and liabilities of the Group are either non-interest

bearing or fixed interest bearing instruments, the Group's net exposure to interest risk is negligible.

An increase in interest rate by 1% will result in increase in loss by Rs. 118.67 millions (March 31, 2021: Rs 13.60 millions) and decrease in interest rate by 1% will result in decrease in loss by Rs. 91.06 millions (March 31, 2021: Rs 14.50 millions).

ii) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The entire revenue and majority of the expenses of the Group are denominated in Indian Rupees.

Management considers currency risk to be low and does not hedge its currency risk. As variations in foreign currency exchange rates are not expected to have a significant impact on the results of operations, a sensitivity analysis is not presented.

Credit risk refers to the risk of default on its obligation by the counterparty resulting in a financial loss. The Group is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions and other financial instruments. Trade receivables are typically unsecured and are derived from revenue earned from customers primarily located in India. Credit risk has always been managed by the Group through credit approvals and continuously monitoring the credit worthiness of customers to which the Group grants credit terms in the normal course of business. On account of adoption of Ind AS 109, the group uses expected credit loss model to assess the impairment loss or gain. The Group uses a provision matrix to compute the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables. The provision matrix takes into account available external and internal credit risk factors such as the Group's historical experience for customers.

^{*} The fair values of finanical assets included in level 3 have been determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on a option pricing method, with the most significant inputs being the risk free discount rate that reflects the credit risk of counter parties.

^{**} Sensitivity to changes in unobservable inputs: The fair value of these financial assets is directly proportional to the estimated entity valuation. If the entitywere to increase / decrease by 5% with all the other variables held constant, the fair value of the financial liabilities would increase / decrease by 5%.

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Delhivery Employees Stock Option Plan IV, 2021

The Plan has been formulated and approved on September 24, 2021 by the Board of Directors ("Board") and approved on September 29, 2021 by the shareholders of Delhivery Limited (the "Company"). The Plan shall be deemed to have come into force on September 29, 2021 and shall continue to be in force until -

- (i) its termination by the Board; or
- (ii) the date on which all of the options available for issuance under the plan have been exercised.

The options granted under the plan shall vest as per the schedule determined by the Board / ESOP Committee. Vesting of options shall be subject to continued / uninterrupted employment with the group and completion of a minimum period of 1 year from the date of the grant of the options and shall vest at the discretion of the Board / ESOP committee on the basis of the performance of the group or any other transformative event as decided by the Board / ESOP committee. Any remaining unvested options that have not vested in accordance with this sub-clause shall automatically lapse. The vesting date or conditions for vesting shall be specified in the option agreement or grant letter between each eligible employee and the group, unless determined otherwise by the Board / ESOP committee from time to time.

Movement during the year

Particulars	March 31, 2022		March 31, 202	1
	No. of options	WAEP (Rs.)	No. of options	WAEP (Rs.)
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	-	-	-	-
Granted during the year	76,00,000	1.00	-	-
Forfeited during the year	-	-	-	-
Cancelled during the year	-	-	-	-
Exercised during the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	76,00,000	1.00	-	-
Exercisable at the end of the year	76,00,000	1.00	-	-

During the year ended March 31, 2022, Company has granted 76,00,000 stock options convertible into Equity Shares out of which vesting of 25,00,000 stock options is time based and 51,00,000 is milestone based. Vesting of these options is dependent upon the listing of the company on recognized stock exchange therefore, ESOP expense pertaining to these options will recognized in books after listing of company.

Accordingly, when company got listed on May 24, 2022, vesting of these options has commenced for time based stock options.

During the year ended March 31, 2022, the Group has recognised expense of Rs. 3,084.21 millions (March 31, 2021: Rs. 723.12 millions)

On September 29, 2021, the company has sub divided equity shares having a face value of Rs. 10 each into 10 equity shares having a face value of Re. 1 each. Further, appropriate adjustments, to the conversion ratio of outstanding Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCCPS) has been made to reflect the impact of such sub-division.

#On September 29, 2021, the company has sub divided equity shares having a face value of Rs. 10 each into 10 equity shares having a face value of Re. 1 each. Also, the Company had alloted bonus equity shares in the ratio of 9:1 held by the existing shareholders.

40. Operating Segments

The Group's operating business are organised and managed separately according to the geographical location of the customers with each segment representing a strategic business unit that servers different markets.

Operating segments are defined as components of an enterprise for which discrete financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker (CODM), in deciding how to allocate resources and assessing performance. The Group's CODM is the Chief Executive Officer.

The Group has identified geographical segments as reportable segments. The geographical segments comprise:

- 1) India
- 2) Rest of world (ROW)

The information based on geographical areas in relation to revenue and non- current operating assets are as follows:

(i) Revenue from operations	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Within India	68,750.69	36,543.78
Outside India	263.04	63.06
	69,013.73	36,606.84
Adjustment and elimination	(190.87)	(141.57)
	68,822.86	36,465.27
(ii) Non - current operating assets	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Within India	43,812.44	17,997.85
Within India Outside India	43,812.44 100.50	17,997.85 21.91
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,
	100.50	21.91

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38. Commitments and contingencies

A. Capital and other commitments

- a) Capital commitment (net of advances) as on March 31, 2022 is Rs. 1,584.90 millions (March 31, 2021: Rs. 419.00 millions).
- b) Other commitment (Labour Guarantee- Dubai Branch) as on March 31, 2022 is Nil (March 31, 2021 : Rs. 1.30 millions).
- c) Letter of comfort issued to lendor against credit facilities availed by the Subsidiary Company (Spoton Logistics Private Limited) as on March 31, 2022 is Rs. 60.00 millions.

B. Contingent Liability:

	Warch 51, 2022	March 31, 2021
Claims against the Group not acknowledged as debts*		
a) Tax matter in appeal: Income Tax	344.92	344.92
b) Service Tax	622.59	-

Manah 21 2022

Manah 21 2021

Note 1: The claims against the Group comprises of:

- (a) The holding company received Assessment Order dated December 26, 2018 for FY 2015-2016 i.e. A.Y 2016-17 wherein the Assessing Officer (AO) raised Income tax demand of Rs 1,835.70 millions under Income Tax Act, 1961. The company has filed appeal in respect of the above demand which is pending at Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals). The company filed rectification petition under section 154 of the IT Act, wherein the company was allowed to set-off business loss and unabsorbed depreciation and demand was revised to Rs. 344.92 millions accordingly vide order dated September 15, 2021.
- b) During year 2017-18, the Commissioner of service tax department had issued show cause notices (SCNs) for raising demands of Rs. 189.39 millions and Rs. 221.64 millions on March 28, 2018 for the period from January 2012 to March 2015 and from April 2015 to June 2017 respectively, in respect of classification of services of the Holding Company's subsidiary (Spoton Logistics Private Limited or "Spoton") vendors as a Goods Transport Agency for that period. The SCN alleged that vehicle hire services availed by the Spoton for transporting the goods of its customers both between the cities and within the city should be classified under "Goods Transportation Agency" ("GTA") as per section 65 (105) (zzp) of the Finance Act prior to July 1, 2012 and Spoton is required to pay the service tax under the reverse tax charge mechanism. Spoton had responded to these SCNs in 2017-18.

The Department passed adjudication order on September 06, 2018 with a service tax demand of Rs.189.39 millions and along with interest and penalty of Rs. 189.39 millions for the period from January 2012 to March 2015. Spoton has filed an appeal before CESTAT against the order after paying Rs. 14.20 millions under protest. The SCN relating to the period from April 2015 to June 2017 is yet be adjudicated as at March 31, 2021.

An adjudication order passed by Principal Commissioner of Central Tax, Bangalore was received on July 28, 2021 with a tax demand of Rs. 221.64 millions along with interest and penalty of Rs. 22.16 millions for the period from April 2015 to June 2017.

Based on the underlying facts, applicable laws and industry standards, Spoton is confident of prevailing against the Department's position and does not anticipate any adverse financial outcome.

Additionally, Spoton has deposited Rs. 16.62 millions being 7.75% of the credit demanded in impunged order in compliance with section 35F(ii) of the Central Excise Act, 1944.

The Group has assessed that it is only possible, but not probable, that outflow of economic resources will be required and hence these demands have been disclosed as contingent liability.

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(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

B. Contingent Liability (Cont'd)

(c) Appointment of Company Secretary:

Paid up capital of one of its Holding Company's subsidiary (Spoton Logistics Private Limited or "Spoton") is more than five crore rupees (ten crores w.e.f. April 01, 2020 as amended vide notification dated January 03, 2020, Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014), Spoton was required to have a whole time CS. Spoton appointed whole time CS on May 02, 2019 and made two compounding applications with Registrar of Companies, one for compounding of offense till November 02, 2018 (till the time of adjudication provision became effective) and second for adjudication from November 02, 2018 (date of effectiveness of adjudication provision) till May 02, 2019 (date of appointment of Company Secretary). The Spoton's management does not expect significant penalty arising out of the compounding proceedings.

(d) Spoton was unable to hold its annual general meeting for Fiscal year 2020 within the permitted timeline for holding such meetings due to the COVID-19 pandemic and certain other administrative delays, and was delayed in holding such a meeting by four months and four days. Spoton has filed a compounding application dated August 09, 2021 seeking compounding for such offence with the Registrar of Companies, Ahmedabad. Spoton's management expect that the compounding will not result in any significant penalties to Spoton.

Contingent liabilities disclosed above represent possible obligations where possibility of cash outflow to settle the obligations is not remote.

Pending resolution of the respective proceedings, it is not practicable for the Company to estimate the timings of cash outflows, if any, in respect of the above as it is determinable only on receipt of judgements/decisions pending with various forums/authorities.

The Group doesn't expect any reimbursements in respect of the above contingent liabilities.

(e) There are numerous interpretative issues relating to the Supreme Court (SC) judgement on PF dated February 28, 2019. As a matter of caution, Spoton has made a provision on a prospective basis from the date of the SC order. The company will update its provision, on receiving further clarity on subject.

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(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

39. Share-based payments

General Employee Share-option Plan (GESP): Delhivery Employees Stock Option Plan, 2012

The Group provides share-based payment schemes to its employees. During the year ended March 31, 2022, three employee stock option plan (ESOP) were in existence. The relevant details of the schemes and the grant are as below:

On September 28, 2012, the board of directors approved the Delhivery Employees Stock Option Plan, 2012 for issue of stock options to the key employees and directors of the company. According to the Scheme 2012, it applies to bona fide confirmed employees/directors and who are in whole – time employment of the company and as decided by the board of directors of the company or appropriate committee of the board constituted by the board from time to time. The options granted under the Scheme shall vest not less than one year and not more than four years from the date of grant of options. Once the options vest as per the Scheme, they would be exercisable by the Option Grantee at any time and the equity shares arising on exercise of such options shall not be subject to any lock-in period.

Movements during the year

The following table illustrates the number and weighted average exercise prices (WAEP) of and movements in share options during the year:

Particular	March 31,	2022	March 31, 2021	
	No. of options	WAEP (Rs.)	No. of options	WAEP (Rs.)
Outstanding at the beginning of the year #	2,32,42,000	18.52	2,34,338	1,735.00
Granted during the year	74,66,609	13.29	29,525	2,985.00
Forfeited during the year	(11,39,367)	23.48	(8,918)	2,605.00
Cancelled during the year	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	(8,248)	2,985.00
Exercised during the year	(1,77,83,800)	15.55	(14,277)	1,340.63
Outstanding at the end of the year	1,17,85,442	19.24	2,32,420	1,852.00
Exercisable at the end of the year	1,17,85,442	19.24	2,32,420	1,852.00

The weighted average remaining contractual life for the stock options outstanding as at March 31, 2022 is 2.87 years (March 31, 2021: 1.25 years). The range of exercise prices for options outstanding at the year end was Rs. 1 to Rs. 29.85 (March 31 2021: Rs 226 to Rs. 2,985).

The weighted average fair value for the stock options granted during the year is Rs 278.50 (March 31, 2021: 182.40).

The following tables list the inputs to the models used for the GESP plans for the year ended March 31, 2022 and March 31 2021, respectively:

Particular	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Expected volatility (%)	48.60% -59.40%	51.00%
Risk–free interest rate (%)	4.10% - 5.70%	3.80%
Expected life of share options	4 to 5 years	4 to 5 years
Weighted average share price (Rs)	19.24	1,852.00
Model used	Black Scholes Option Pr	icing Model

The expected life of the share options is based on historical data and current expectations and is not necessarily indicative of exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility over a period similar to the life of the options is indicative of future trends, which may also not necessarily be the actual outcome.

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Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

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(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

"Delhivery Employees Stock Option Plan - II, 2020".

The Plan has been formulated and approved on January 25, 2021 by the Board of Directors ("Board") and approved on February 01, 2021 by the shareholders of Delhivery Limited (the "Company"). The Plan came into force on February 01, 2021 and continue to be in force until - (i) its termination by the Board; or (ii) the date on which all of the Options available for issuance under the Plan have been Exercised.

Movement during the year

Particular	March 31,	2022	March 31, 202	1
	No. of options	WAEP (Rs.)	No. of options	WAEP (Rs.)
Outstanding at the beginning of the year #	77,40,200	0.10	-	-
Granted during the year	-	-	77,402	10.00
Forfeited during the year	-	-	-	-
Cancelled during the year	-	-	-	-
Exercised during the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	77,40,200	0.10	77,402	10.00
Exercisable at the end of the year	77,40,200	0.10	77,402	10.00

The Options granted under the plan shall vest as per the schedule determined by the Board / ESOP Committee. Vesting of options shall be subject to continued / uninterrupted employment with the Company and completion of a minimum period of 1 year from the date of the grant of the options and shall vest on the basis of the Company achieving the valuation thresholds (being the multiple of the share price of the Series F round of investment in the Company)

Any remaining unvested Options (that have not vested in accordance with above) shall automatically lapse. The vesting date or conditions for vesting shall be specified in the option Agreement or grant letter between each eligible employee and the Company, unless determined otherwise by the Board / ESOP committee from time to time.

The following tables list the inputs to the models used for the plan for the year ended March 31, 2022 and March 31 2021:

Particular	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Expected volatility (%)	45.1% - 48%	45.1% - 48%
Risk–free interest rate (%)	3.35%	3.35%
Expected life of share options	3.17	3.17
Face value (Rs.)	0.10	10.00
Model used	Monte Carlo sim	ulation

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Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

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(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

Delhivery Employees Stock Option Plan III, 2020

The Plan has been formulated and approved on January 25, 2021 by the Board of Directors ("Board") and approved on 01st February, 2021 by the shareholders of Delhivery Limited (the "Company"). The Plan came into force on February 01, 2021 and shall continue to be in force until - (i) its termination by the Board; or (ii) the date on which all of the Options available for issuance under the Plan have been Exercised.

The Options granted under the Plan shall vest as per the schedule determined by the Board / ESOP Committee. Vesting of Options shall be subject to continued / uninterrupted employment with the company and completion of a minimum period of 1 year from the date of the grant of the Options and shall vest at the discretion of the Board / ESOP Committee on the basis of the performance of the Company or any other transformative event as decided by the Board / ESOP Committee. Any remaining unvested Options that have not vested in accordance with this sub-clause shall automatically lapse. The vesting date or conditions for vesting shall be specified in the option agreement or grant letter between each Eligible Employee and the Group, unless determined otherwise by the Board / ESOP Committee from time to time.

Movement during the year

Particular	March 31,	2022	March 31, 202	1
	No. of options	WAEP (Rs.)	No. of options	WAEP (Rs.)
Outstanding at the beginning of the year #	10,50,000	0.10	-	-
Granted during the year	77,70,500	0.10	10,500	10.00
Forfeited during the year	-	-	-	-
Cancelled during the year	-	-	-	-
Exercised during the year	-	-	-	_
Outstanding at the end of the year	88,20,500	0.10	10,500	10.00
Exercisable at the end of the year	88,20,500	0.10	10,500	10.00

The following tables list the inputs to the models used for the plan for the year ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021:

Particular	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Expected volatility (%)	45.1% - 48%	45.1% - 48%
Risk–free interest rate (%)	3.35%	3.35%
Expected life of share options	3.17	3.17
Face value (Rs.)	0.10	10.00
Model used	Monte Carlo sir	nulation

On December 14, 2021, the company changed the vesting for the employee share options granted in February 2021 under Scheme III from milestone based vesting to milestone & time based vesting. The fair value of the options at the date of the modification was determined to be Rs. 294.6 millions. The fair value on account of said modification has reduced by Rs. 470.1 millions and as per provisions of Ind AS 102, the company shall continue to account for the services received as consideration for the equity instruments granted as if that modification had not occurred. Accordingly, the expense for the original option grant will continue to be recognised as if the terms had not been modified. Further, the expense for time based vesting has been recognised as an expense over the period from the modification date to the end of the reduced vesting period. The fair value of the modified options was determined using the same models and principles as described above, with the following model inputs:

Particulars	Unit	Value
Effective/ Valuation date		December 14, 2021
Common stock value	Rs. / share	380
Exercise price	Rs. / share	0.10
Volatility	%	0.47
Risk free rate	%	0.0352

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Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

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(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

Delhivery Employees Stock Option Plan IV, 2021

The Plan has been formulated and approved on September 24, 2021 by the Board of Directors ("Board") and approved on September 29, 2021 by the shareholders of Delhivery Limited (the "Company"). The Plan shall be deemed to have come into force on September 29, 2021 and shall continue to be in force until -

- (i) its termination by the Board; or
- (ii) the date on which all of the options available for issuance under the plan have been exercised.

The options granted under the plan shall vest as per the schedule determined by the Board / ESOP Committee. Vesting of options shall be subject to continued / uninterrupted employment with the group and completion of a minimum period of 1 year from the date of the grant of the options and shall vest at the discretion of the Board / ESOP committee on the basis of the performance of the group or any other transformative event as decided by the Board / ESOP committee. Any remaining unvested options that have not vested in accordance with this sub-clause shall automatically lapse. The vesting date or conditions for vesting shall be specified in the option agreement or grant letter between each eligible employee and the group, unless determined otherwise by the Board / ESOP committee from time to time.

Movement during the year

Particulars	March 31,	2022	March 31, 202	1
	No. of options	WAEP (Rs.)	No. of options	WAEP (Rs.)
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	-	-	-	-
Granted during the year	76,00,000	1.00	-	-
Forfeited during the year	-	-	-	-
Cancelled during the year	-	-	-	-
Exercised during the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	76,00,000	1.00	-	-
Exercisable at the end of the year	76,00,000	1.00	-	-

During the year ended March 31, 2022, Company has granted 76,00,000 stock options convertible into Equity Shares out of which vesting of 25,00,000 stock options is time based and 51,00,000 is milestone based. Vesting of these options is dependent upon the listing of the company on recognized stock exchange therefore, ESOP expense pertaining to these options will recognized in books after listing of company.

Accordingly, when company got listed on May 24, 2022, vesting of these options has commenced for time based stock options.

During the year ended March 31, 2022, the Group has recognised expense of Rs. 3,084.21 millions (March 31, 2021: Rs. 723.12 millions)

On September 29, 2021, the company has sub divided equity shares having a face value of Rs. 10 each into 10 equity shares having a face value of Re. 1 each. Further, appropriate adjustments, to the conversion ratio of outstanding Cumulative Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCCPS) has been made to reflect the impact of such sub-division.

#On September 29, 2021, the company has sub divided equity shares having a face value of Rs. 10 each into 10 equity shares having a face value of Re. 1 each.

40. Operating Segments

The Group's operating business are organised and managed separately according to the geographical location of the customers with each segment representing a strategic business unit that servers different markets.

Operating segments are defined as components of an enterprise for which discrete financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker (CODM), in deciding how to allocate resources and assessing performance. The Group's CODM is the Chief Executive Officer.

The Group has identified geographical segments as reportable segments. The geographical segments comprise:

- 1) India
- 2) Rest of world (ROW)

The information based on geographical areas in relation to revenue and non- current operating assets are as follows:

(i) Revenue from operations	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Within India	68,750.69	36,543.78
Outside India	263.04	63.06
	69,013.73	36,606.84
Adjustment and elimination	(190.87)	(141.57)
	68,822.86	36,465.27
(ii) Non - current operating assets	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Within India	43,812.44	17,997.85
Outside India	100.50	21.91
	43,912.94	18,019.76
Adjustment and elimination	(1,004.70)	(346.76)
	42,908.24	17,673.00

Non- current operating assets primarily includes Property Plant Equipment, Intangible assets, Right-of-use assets, Investment and other non current assets.

Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

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41. Interest in Associates

FALCON AUTOTECH Private Limited

The company has made 34.55% investment in FALCON AUTOTECH Private Limited (Company engaged in the autotech business) for a consideration of Rs. 2,518.94 millions vide share purchase agreement dated December 31, 2021.

The Group's interest in FALCON AUTOTECH Private Limited is accounted for using the equity method in the consolidated financial statements. Summarised financial information of the associates, based on its summary statements, and reconciliation with the carrying amount of the investment in consolidated financial statements are set out below:

Summarised balance sheet as at March 31, 2022:

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Current assets, including cash and cash equivalents (March 31, 2022: Rs. 33.17 millions)	2,614.87	-
Non-current assets	426.60	-
Non-current Liabilities	(369.42)	-
Current liabilities	(1,155.28)	-
Equity	1,516.77	-
Proportion of the Group's ownership	34.55%	_
Group share in equity	524.04	_
Carrying amount of the investment	2,486.67	-
Summarised statement of profit and loss for the period ended March 31, 2022 (January 04, 2022 to March 31, 2022)		-
Revenue from contract with customers	253.01	_
Other income	12.67	_
Total income (I)	265.68	-
Cost of materials consumed	77.76	_
Change In inventories of finished goods, work -in process & stock in trade	38.46	
Employee benefits expense	61.84	_
Finance costs	9.25	_
Depreciation and amortization expense	18.32	_
Other expenses	134.09	_
Total expenses (II)	339.72	-
Loss before tax (I-II)	(74.04)	-
Tax expense	(17.50)	
Current Tax	(17.58)	
Deferred Tax	(1.79)	-
Net loss after tax	(93.41)	-
Proportion of the Group's ownership	34.55%	_
Group's share of profit for the period	(32.27)	

The Group had no contingent liabilities or capital commitments relating to its interest in FALCON AUTOTECH Private Limited as at March 31, 2022.

Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

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(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

Leucon Technology Private Limited

The Group has a 28.58% interest in Leucon Technology Private Limited, an associate involved in the business of data processing.

On November 19, 2021 Board has approved "Surrender of Rights Agreement" with Leucon Technology Private Limited and its promoters for surrender of control rights of the company in Leucon for a consideration of Rs. 22.50 millions and execution of share purchase agreement for transfer of 5 Equity shares of Rs 10 each and 4,653 preference shares of Rs 10 each of the Leucon held by the company for consideration of Rs. 3.10 millions.

The Group's interest in Leucon Technology Private Limited is accounted for using the equity method in the consolidated financial statements. Summarised financial information upto November 19, 2021, based on its summary statements, and reconciliation with the carrying amount of the investment in consolidated financial statements are set out below:

Summarised balance sheet as at March 31, 2022:

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Current assets, including cash and cash equivalents Nil (March 31, 2021: Rs. 9.40 millions)	-	35.30
Non-current assets	-	1.70
Current liabilities	-	(12.80)
Equity	-	24.20
Proportion of the Group's ownership	-	28.58%
Group share in equity	-	6.92
Summarised statement of profit and loss for the period April 01, 2021 to November 19, 2021)		
Revenue from contract with customers	80.60	55.90
Other income	0.30	6.20
Total income (I)	80.90	62.10
Cost of materials consumed	16.40	44.90
Employee benefits expense	10.70	20.50
Finance costs	22.60	0.30
Other expenses	2.40	3.40
Total expenses (II)	52.10	69.10
Loss before tax (I-II)	28.80	(7.00)
Tax expense		
Deferred Tax	0.10	(0.10)
Net loss after tax	28.90	(7.10)
Proportion of the Group's ownership	0.29	28.58%
Group's share of profit for the period/year	8.26	(2.03)

The Group had no contingent liabilities or capital commitments relating to its interest in Leucon Technology Private Limited as at March 31, 2021.

As at March 31, 2021, the carrying value of investment in the associate is nil, hence Group's share of loss not reported in consolidated financial statements.

42. Additional Information pursuant to Schedule III of Companies Act, 2 Name of the entity in the Group	Net Assets, i.e., total assets minus total liabilities Share in loss			Share in other Compreh	nensive (loss)/income	Share in total Comprehensive loss		
	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of consolidated profit and loss	Amount	As % of consolidated other comprehensive income	Amount	As % of total comprehensive income	Amount
Parent Delhivery Limited (formerly known as Delhivery Private Limited) Balance as at March 31, 2022 Balance as at March 31, 2021	103.35% 102.14%	61,571.24 28,974.35	85.41% 85.70%	(8,635.18) (3,562.92)	66.52% 488.19%	9.56 10.05		(8,625.62) (3,552.87)
Indian subsidiaries								
Orion Supply Chain Private Limited Balance as at March 31, 2022 Balance as at March 31, 2021	-0.41% -0.60%	(244.34) (170.87)	1.50% 3.96%	(151.21) (164.52)	-2.61% 0.00%	(0.37)	1.50% 3.96%	(151.58) (164.52)
Delhivery Cross Border Services Private Limited (Formerly known as Skynet Logistics Private Limited) Balance as at March 31, 2022 Balance as at March 31, 2021	-0.13% -0.29%	(79.75) (82.66)	-0.03% 0.44%	3.00 (18.38)	0.00% 0.00%	-	-0.03% 0.44%	3.00 (18.38)
Delhivery Freight Services Private Limited Balance as at March 31, 2022 Balance as at March 31, 2021	-1.47% -2.09%	(878.12) (593.66)	5.93% 6.54%	(599.35) (271.70)	13.37% 13.42%	1.92 0.28	5.92% 6.53%	(597.43) (271.42)
Spoton Logistics Private Limited Balance as at March 31, 2022 Balance as at March 31, 2021	0.70% 0.00%	414.15	-1.25% 0.00%	126.37	62.41% 0.00%	8.97	-1.34% 0.00%	135.34
Delhivery Robotics LLC Balance as at March 31, 2022 Balance as at March 31, 2021	0.06% 0.00%	35.99 -	0.32% 0.00%	(32.34)	-1.83% 0.00%	(0.26)	0.32% 0.00%	(32.60)
Foreign subsidiaries Delhivery Corp Limited, United Kingdom Balance as at March 31, 2022 Balance as at March 31, 2021	0.02% 0.00%	9.77 0.99	0.12% 5.85%	(12.49) (243.25)	-32.91% 0.00%	(4.73)	0.17% 5.85%	(17.22) (243.25)
Delhivery USA LLC Balance as at March 31, 2022 Balance as at March 31, 2021	0.13% -0.91%	74.60 (257.41)	2.70% 5.31%	(273.23) (220.55)	-9.26% 0.00%	(1.33)	2.72% 5.31%	(274.56) (220.55)
Delhivery HK Pte Ltd. Balance as at March 31, 2022 Balance as at March 31, 2021	0.08% 0.10%	48.51 28.19	-0.17% 0.14%	17.63 (5.87)	9.71% 0.00%	1.40	-0.19% 0.14%	19.03 (5.87)
Delhivery Singapore Pte. Ltd. Balance as at March 31, 2022 Balance as at March 31, 2021	0.26% 0.00%	152.35	0.00% 0.00%	(0.13)	35.20% 0.00%	5.06	-0.05% 0.00%	4.93
Associate (as per proportionate consolidation/ investment as per the equity method) Leucon Technology Private Limited Balance as at March 31, 2022 Balance as at March 31, 2021	0.00% 0.00%	-	0.00% 0.00%	-	0.00% 0.00%	-	0.00% 0.00%	
FALCON AUTOTECH Private Limited Balance as at March 31, 2022 Balance as at March 31, 2021	0.00% 0.00%	-	0.32% 0.00%	(32.27)	0.00% 0.00%	:	0.32% 0.00%	(32.27)
Consolidation Adjustments Balance as at March 31, 2022 Balance as at March 31, 2021	-2.57% 1.65%	(1,530.71) 469.05	5.15% 1.16%	(520.79) 329.77	-40.60% -0.03%	(5.83) (8.26)		(526.62) 321.50
Total								
Balance as at March 31, 2022 Balance as at March 31, 2021	100.00% 100.00%	59,573.69 28,367.97	100.00% 100.00%	(10,110.00) (4,157.43)	100.00% 100.00%	14.37 2.06		(10,095.63) (4,155.37)

Notes to Consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

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(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

43. Details of dues to micro and small enterprises as defined under the MSMED Act, 2006		
Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year	44.74	20.52
Principal amount due to micro and small enterprises	43.11	20.52
Interest due on above	1.63	-
The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act 2006 along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year	-	-
The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act 2006.	-	-
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year	0.32	-
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding periods/years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act 2006	1.31	-

Dues to Micro and Small Enterprises have been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected by the Management.

- 44. The Code on Social Security, 2020 ('Code') relating to employee benefits during employment and post-employment benefits received Presidential assent in September 2020. The Code has been published in the Gazette of India. However, the date on which the Code will come into effect has not been notified and the final rules/interpretation have not yet been issued. The Group will assess the impact of the Code when it comes into effect and will record any related impact in the period the Code becomes effective.
- 45. The Group has not earned net profit in three immediately preceding financial years, therefore, there was no amount as per section 135 of the Act which was required to be spent on CSR activities in each of the respective financial years by the Group.

46. The consolidated statements of the Group includes subsidiaries and associates listed in the table below:

S.No.	Name of the Company	Relationship with Group	Principal activities	Country of incorporation	% of equity interest	
5.110.	rvanic of the company	Ketationship with Group	1 Tilicipai activities	Country of incorporation	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
1	Orion Supply Chain Private Limited	Subsidiary	Freight services	India	100.00%	100.00%
2	Delhivery Cross - Border Services Private	Subsidiary	Freight services	India	100.00%	100.00%
	Limited (formerly known as Skynet Logistics					
	Private Limited)					
3	Delhivery Corp Limited, United Kingdom	Subsidiary	Freight services	United Kingdom	100.00%	100.00%
4	Delhivery USA LLC	Subsidiary	Freight services	United States of America	100.00%	100.00%
5	Delhivery HK Pte Ltd.	Subsidiary	Freight services	Hong Kong	100.00%	100.00%
6	Delhivery Freight Services Pvt Ltd (w.e.f April	Subsidiary	Freight services	India	100.00%	100.00%
	21, 2020)					
7	Spoton Logistics Private Limited (w.e.f August	Subsidiary	Freight services	India	100.00%	
	24, 2021)					
8	Delhivery Singapore Pte Ltd (w.e.f August 02,	Subsidiary	Freight services	Singapore	100.00%	-
	2021)					
9	Leucon Technologies Private Limited (Associate)	Associate	Data Processing	India	-	28.58%
	(till November 19, 2021)					
10	FALCON AUTOTECH Private Limited (w.e.f	Associate	Autotech	India	34.55%	-
	January 04, 2022)					

(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

47. Other Statutory Information

The company did not have any material transactions with companies struck off under sec 248 of the companies Act 2013 or section 560 of companies act, 1956 during the financial year except as mentioned below:

Name of the struck off Company	Nature of transactions with struck	Balance outstanding as	Balance outstanding as	Relationship with the	
	off company	on March 31, 2022	on March 31, 2021	struck off company	
An Impex Pvt Ltd	Receivables	19.42	23.13	Customer	
Jollychic India Private Limited	Receivables	1.04	1.04	Customer	
Flatworld Trading Pvt.Ltd.	Receivables	0.87	0.87	Customer	
Abacus Trading Pvt Ltd	Receivables	0.58	0.58	Customer	
Justlikenew Technologies Private Ltd.	Receivables	0.30	0.30	Customer	
Istage Entertainment Private Limited	Receivables	0.23	0.23	Customer	
Tabasco Fashion Tech Pvt Ltd	Receivables	0.18	0.18	Customer	
Konark Courier And Cargo (P). Limited	Receivables	0.16	0.16	Customer	
Send My Gift Pvt Ltd	Receivables	0.15	0.15	Customer	
E-Vahan Express Pvt Ltd	Receivables	0.15	0.15	Customer	
Total Trading International Private Limited	Receivables	0.10	0.10	Customer	

48. Disclosure under Rule 11(e) of Companies (Audit & Auditors) Rules 2014:

Following are the details of the funds advanced by the Group to Intermediaries for further advancing to the ultimate beneficiaries:

Name of the intermediary to which the funds are advanced	Date of Funds advanced	Amount of funds advanced	are further advanced invested by Intermediaries to other intermediaries or	Amount of fund further advanced or loaned or invested by such Intermediaries to other intermediaries or ultimate beneficiaries	Ultimate Beneficiary
Delhivery Singapore Pte. Ltd.	September 21, 2021	37.18 millions	December 13, 2021	37.18 millions	Delhivery Robotics LLC

- The Group has complied with the relevant provisions of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (42 of 1999) and the Companies Act for the above transactions and the transactions are not violative of the Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002 (15 of 2003).

- Complete details of the intermediary and ultimate beneficiary:

Name of the entity	Registered Address	Ildentification Number	Relationship with the Company
Delhivery Singapore Pte. Ltd. (Intermediary)	8, Cross Street, #24-03/04, Manulife Tower, Singapore 048424	Not Applicable (foreign entity)	Subsidiary
Delhivery Robotics LLC (Ultimate Beneficiary)	16192, Coastal Highway, Lewes, Delaware 19558, Country of Sussex	Not Applicable (foreign entity)	Step down Subsidiary

- Further except to the transaction mentioned above:
- (a) The Group have not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
 (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Group (ultimate beneficiaries) or
 - (ii) provide any guarantee, security, or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.
- (b) The Group have not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Group shall:
 - (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the funding party (ultimate beneficiaries) or
 - (ii) provide any guarantee, security, or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries,

(All amounts in Indian Rupees in millions, unless otherwise stated)

49. Subsequent Events:

Subsequent to the year ended March 31,2022, the Company has completed its Initial Public Offer (IPO) of 10,74,97,225 equity shares of face value of Re. 1 each at an issue price of Rs. 487 per share (including a share premium of Rs. 486 per share). A discount of Rs. 25 per share was offered to eligible employees bidding in the employee's reservation portion of 46,020 equity shares. The issue comprised of a fresh issue of 8,21,37,328 equity shares aggregating to Rs. 40,000.00 millions and offer for sale of 2,53,59,897 equity shares by selling shareholders aggregating to Rs. 12,350.00 millions. Pursuant to the IPO, the equity shares of the Company were listed on National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE) and BSE Limited (BSE) on May 24, 2022.

As per our report of even date

For S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Delhivery Limited (formerly known as Delhivery Private Limited)

per Yogesh Midha

Partner

Membership No.: 094941

Place: New Delhi Date : May 30, 2022 Sandeep Kumar Barasia

Executive Director and Managing Director and Chief Business Officer Chief Executive Officer DIN: 01432123 DIN: 05131571 Place: Gurugram Place: Goa

Amit Agarwal Chief Financial Officer Sunil Kumar Bansal Company Secretary FCS-4810

Sahil Barua

Place : Gurugram
Date : May 30, 2022

Place : Gurugram
Date : May 30, 2022

Date : May 30, 2022