Independent Auditor's Report on the Quarterly and Year to Date Audited Standalone Financial Results of the Company Pursuant to the Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended

To The Board of Directors of DELHIVERY CORP LIMITED (UK)

Report on the audit of the Standalone Financial Results

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying statement of quarterly and year to date standalone financial results of DELHIVERY CORP LIMITED (UK) for the quarter ended March 31, 2022 and for the year ended March 31, 2022 ("Statement"), attached herewith, being submitted by the Company pursuant to the requirement of Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended (the "Listing Regulations").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the

- is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Regulations in this regard; i.
- gives a true and fair view in conformity with the applicable Indian accounting standards and ii. other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the net profit (for the year ended 31 March, 22)/loss (for the quarter ended 31 March, 22) and other financial information of the Company for the quarter ended March 31, 2022 and for the year ended March 31, 2022.

## Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act"). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Results" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# Management's Responsibilities for the Standalone Financial Results

The Statement has been prepared on the basis of the standalone annual financial statements. The Board of Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Statement that gives a true and fair view of the net profit(for the year ended 31 March, 22)/loss (for the quarter ended



31 March, 22 ) of the Company and other financial information in accordance with the applicable accounting standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with relevant rules issued thereunder and other accounting principles generally accepted in India and in compliance with Regulation 33 of the Listing Regulations. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Statement, the Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Results

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Statement as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the Statement.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Statement, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are
  also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal
  financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of
  such controls.





- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial results or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Statement, including the
  disclosures, and whether the Statement represents the underlying transactions and events in a
  manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

#### Other Matter

The Statement includes the results for the quarter ended March 31, 2022 being the balancing figure between the audited figures in respect of the full financial year ended March 31, 2022 and the audited year-to-date figures up to the third quarter of the current financial year.

For Jain Adesh & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.031322N

CA Adesh Jain

(Proprietor)

Membership No.-092202

UDIN: 22092202 AJU HJ M4938

Place: New Delhi Date: 27-05-2022

## Statement of Audited results of Delhivery Corp Limited, UK for the quarter and year ended March 31, 2022 prepared in complaince with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS)

(All amounts in Indian Rupees in Millions, except per equity share data)

Particulars	Quarte	rended	Quarter ended	Year ended	
等中心不同性性的	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
<b>参照和现代的</b>	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited	Audited
Revenue from contracts with customers	-	- Audited	-	Addited	Audited
Other income	(0.00)			0.06	•
Total Income	(0.00)	TEST THE TRUE TO	differential services and	0.06	House the second
Expenses					
Employee benefits expense	(0.02)	13.94	(0.04)	12.39	243.07
Other expenses	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.09	0.12
Finance costs	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.07	0.07
Depreciation and amortisation expense		-			
Total expenses	0.02	13,99	(0.01)	12,55	243.25
Loss before exceptional item and tax	(0.02)	(13.99)	0.01	(12.49)	(242.25)
Exceptional item	(0.02)	(10,55)	0.01	(12.45)	(243.25)
Loss before tax	(0.02)	(13.99)	0.01	(12.49)	(243.25)
Tax expense			Name and the same	(25.32)	(240.23)
Current tax		974			T 7/2
Deferred tax	-			72	
Total tax expense	State of the state of	HEREN W.		Control Sections	7800gg (S)
Loss for the year	(0,02)	(13.99)	0.01	(12.49)	(243.25)
0th - C 1 i - i					
Other Comprehensive income					
<ul> <li>a) Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit and loss in subsequent periods</li> </ul>					
Re-measurement gains on defined benefit plans	-				
Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss		107	9 (5		
b) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods	7227202				
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	(0.02)	(12.15)	(0.01)	(4.73)	(13.05)
Income tax relating to items that will be re-classified to profit and loss	N. <del></del>				
Total other comprehensive income / (loss)	(0.02)	(12.15)	(0.01)	(4.73)	(13.05)
Total Comprehensive Income/ (Loss)	(0.04)	(26.14)	£23=1=1=1=1=0.01	(17.22)	(256.30)
				1	
Paid up equity share capital (face value ₹ 10 per share)	233.61	208.68	233.61	233,61	208.68
Paid up equity share capital (face value ₹ 10 per share)			233.61	1	208.68
Paid up equity share capital (face value ₹ 10 per share) Total reserves	233.61	208.68	233.61	233,61	208.68
Total Comprehensive Income/ (Loss)  Paid up equity share capital (face value ₹ 10 per share)  Total reserves  Earning per equity share (₹) *  Basic	233.61	208.68	233.61 (223.79)	233,61	

<sup>\*</sup> Loss per share is not annualized for quarter ended March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021 and March 31, 2021.

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Summary Statement of Assets and Liabilities (All amount in INR Millions unless otherwise stated)

		GBP	INR	GBP	INR
Particulars	Annexure	As at	As at	As at	As at
	V Notes	31 March 2022	31 March 2022	31 March, 2021	31 March, 2021
Assets					
Current assets					
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	3	0.10	10.28	0.07	6.84
Total assets		0.10	10.28	0.07	6.84
Equity and liabilities					
Equity					
Equity share capital	4	2.27	233.61	2.07	208.68
Other equity	5	(2.17)	(223.83)		
Total equity		0.10	9.77	0.01	(207.69) 0.99
Current liabilities					
Financial liabilities					
Trade payables	6				
a. total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	· ·				
b. Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises		-		-	*
and small enterprises		: <b>.</b>	-	0.00	0.01
Other financial liabilities	7	0.01	0.50	0.04	4.18
Other current liabilities	8	•	(#i	0.02	1.66
	15	0.01	0.50	0.06	5.85
Total Liabilities	1.5	0.01	0.50	0.06	5.85
Total equity and liabilities	i <del>-</del>	0.10	10.28	0.07	6.84

Delhivery Corp Limited (UK)

Annexure III - Standalone Summary Statement of Cash Flow (All amount in INR Millions unless otherwise stated)

	GBP	INR	GBP	INR
Particulars	For the period ended 31 March 2022	For the period ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2021
Cash flow from operating activities				51 Walth 2021
loss before tax	(0.12)	(12.49)	(2.47)	(242.25)
Adjustments to reconcile loss before tax to net cash flows:		(12.15)	(2.47)	(243.25)
ESOP Expense	0.01	1.07	2.05	201.31
Operating Profit/ (Loss) before Working Capital Changes Movements in working capital:	(0.11)	(11.42)	(0.43)	(41.94)
Increase/(Decrease) in trade payables	(0.00)	(0.01)	0.00	0.01
Increase/(Decrease) in other financial liabilities	(0.04)	(3.68)	-	0.01
Increase/(Decrease) in other current liabilities	(0.02)	(1.66)	0.01	0.93
Cash used in operations	(0.17)	(16.76)	(0.42)	(41.00)
Income taxes paid/ (refund) (net)				(42.00)
Net cash used in operating activities (A)	(0.17)	(16.76)	(0.42)	(41.00)
Financing activities				
Issue of share capital	0.20	24.93	0.42	54.44
Net cash flow from financing activities (B)	0.20	24,93	0.42	54.44 54.44
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B)	0.03	8.17	(0.00)	/4=74.
Net foreign exchange difference	-	(4.73)	(0,00)	13.44
Cash and cash equivalent at the beginning of the period / year	0.07	6.84	0.07	(13.05)
Cash and cash equivalent at the end of the period / year (refer note 3)	0.10	10.28	0.07	6.44
		10.20	0.07	6.84



Notes to the Statement of Audited Standalone Interim Financial Results for quarter and year ended March 31, 2022.

- 1) These results have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standard (referred to as "Ind AS") 34 Interim Financial Reporting prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as amended from time to time.
- 2) These results have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors at its meeting held on 27th May 2022. The statutory auditors have expressed an unmodified audit opinion on these results.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Delhivery Corp Limited (UK)

Sandeep Kumar Barasia

Director

DIN:01432123

Place: Gurugram Date: 27-05-2022



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

### To the Members of DELHIVERY CORP LIMITED (UK)

#### Opinion

We have audited the standalone financial statements of Delhivery Corp Limited (UK) – England, subsidiary of Delhivery Limited incorporated in England UK ('the Company'). These standalone financial statements are prepared by the management in accordance with the measurement and recognition principles of Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rule, 2015. These standalone financial statements comprises of Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2022, Profit and Loss statement for the period of 12 months ended on 31st March 2022, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows and summary of significant accounting policies along with necessary and related notes.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, its profit/loss including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We have conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the standalone financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

#### Information other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

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Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Responsibility of Management for the standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for preparation of these standalone financial statements in accordance with the accounting principles including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (to the extent applicable), as amended that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, (changes in equity)i and cash flows of the Company.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process

#### Auditor's Responsibility

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Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are



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## Jain Adesh and Associates

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considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the
  planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant
  deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

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#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of S. 143(11) of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A", a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Sec. 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
  - (c) Since company does not have any branch office, therefore no requirement to report on the accounts of any branch office.
  - (d) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss & Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
  - (e) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified u/s. 133 of the Act read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
  - (f) In our opinion, there are no observations or comments on financial transactions or matters which have any adverse effect on the functioning of the company.
  - (g) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Sec. 164 (2) of the Act.
  - (h) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the managerial remuneration has been paid or provided in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013
  - In our opinion, there is no qualification, reservation, or adverse remark relating to the maintenance of accounts & other matters connected therewith.

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- (j) Clause (i) of sub section (3) of section 143 shall not apply to a private company:
  - (a) Which is a small company or one person company or
  - (b) Which has turnover less than rupees fifty crores as per latest audited financial statements and which has aggregate borrowings from banks or financial institutions or anybody corporate at any point of time during the financial year less than rupees twenty five crores.

Accordingly we do not require reporting on Company's internal financial control.

- (k) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022.
  - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022.
  - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the company during the year ended on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022.
  - iv. a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the note 19 to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the note 19 to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any







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person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

- c) Based on such audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under subclause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
- v. The company has not declared any dividend during the year ended on 31st March 2022

For Jain Adesh & Associates

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Registration No.031322N

**CA Adesh Jain** 

(Proprietor)

Membership No.-092202

UDIN: 22092202 AJUHJM4938

Place: New Delhi Date: 27-05-2022



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Annexure "A" Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of S. 143(11) of the Act, to the Auditor's Report of DELHIVERY CORP LIMITED (UK)

- (1) (a) As per the information & explanation provided to us, the company has no Property, Plant and Equipment & intangible assets. Accordingly the provisions of clause 3 (i)(a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
  - (b) As per the information & explanation provided to us, the company has no Property, Plant and Equipment. Accordingly the provisions of clause 3 (i)(b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
  - (c) As per the information & explanation provided to us, the company has no Property, Plant and Equipment. Accordingly the provisions of clause 3 (i)(c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
  - (d) As per the information & explanation provided to us, the company has no Property, Plant and Equipment & intangible assets. Accordingly the provisions of clause 3 (i)(d) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
  - (e) As explained to us, No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.
- (2) (a) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of accounts, the company has no inventory in its books of accounts. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(ii)(a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (b) According to the information and explanation given to us, during any point of time of the year, the company has not been sanctioned any working capital limits from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets.
- (3) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of accounts, the company has not made investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties.
- (4) As per the information, explanation and documentary records, the company has not provided any loans to the persons / entities specified in section 185 and section 186 of the companies act 2013. Accordingly the provisions of clause 3 (iv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

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- (5) In our opinion and according to the explanation given to us, the company has not accepted any deposits from the public and hence clause (v) is not applicable to the company and accordingly, the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposit) Rules, 2015 framed there under are not applicable.
- (6) As per the information provided to us, the maintenance of Cost Records has not been specified by the central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act, in respect of the activities carried on by the company.
- 7) (a) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of account and records and also based on management representation, the Company has been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including the Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income-Tax, GST, Duty of Customs, Cess and other statutory dues with the appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of the above were in arrears as at March 31st,2022 for a period of more than six months from the date on when they become payable.
  - (b) According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no dues of income tax, sales tax, service tax. GST, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax outstanding on account of any dispute.
- 8) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there are no transactions not recorded in the books of account have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- (a) The company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
  - (b) The company is not a declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
  - (c) The company did not have any term loans outstanding during the year hence, the requirement to report on clause (ix)© of the Order is not applicable to the company
  - (d) The company did not raise any funds during the hear hence, the requirement to report on clause (ix)(d) of the order is not applicable to the company.





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## Jain Adesh and Associates

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

412, Ring Road Mall, Mangalam Place, Rohini Sector-3, Outer Ring Road, Delhi-110085 Ph.: 91-11-47581739 M: +91 9810170521 E: cajainadesh@amail.com FRN:031322N PAN:AAEPJ1454B GSTN:07AAEPJ1454B17A

- (e) The company does not have any subsidiary, associate or joint venture. Accordingly, the requirements to report on Clause 3(ix)(e) of the order is not applicable on the company.
- (f) The company does not have any subsidiary, associate or joint venture. Accordingly, the requirements to report on Clause 3(ix)(f) of the order is not applicable on the company.
- 10) (a) Based upon the audit procedure performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer including debt instruments. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (x)(a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
  - (b) Based upon the audit procedure performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has made preferential allotment or private placement of shares during the year & the requirements of section 42 and section 62 of the Companies Act, 2013 have been complied with and the funds raised have been used for the purposes for which the funds were raised.
- 11) (a) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the company has been noticed or reported during the year.
  - (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
  - (c) The auditor has not considered any whistle-blower complaints.
- 12) In our opinion and according to the explanation given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3 (xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- 13) In our opinion and according to the explanation given to us, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Companies Act,2013 and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company does not require to commensurate an

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CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

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internal audit system with the size and nature of its business. Accordingly the provisions of clause 3 (xiv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.

- 15) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him.
- 16) (a) In our opinion, the company is not required to be registered under section 45 IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xvi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
  - (b) In our opinion, the company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934;
  - (c) In our opinion, the company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India.
  - (d) In our opinion, the Group has no CIC as part of the Group.
- 17) The company has incurred cash losses in the current financial year of Rs. 12.49 but had incurred cash losses of Rs. 243.25 (INR in lakhs) in the immediate preceding financial year.
- There has not been any resignation of the statutory auditors during the year.
- In our opinion, no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements.
- 20) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, provisions of section 135 of companies act 2013 does not applicable to the company. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xx) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- 21) Since the company does not have any Subsidiary company, relevant clause 3(xxi) of CARO with respect to adverse remarks of respective auditors in the companies

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FRIN. 031322N & Delh

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CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

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FRN:031322N PAN:AAEPJ1454B GSTN:07AAEPJ1454B1ZA

(Auditor's Report) Order (CARO) reports of the companies included in the consolidated Financial Statements are not applicable.

For Jain Adesh & Associates

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Registration No.031322N

CA Adesh Jain (Proprietor)

Membership No.-092202

UDIN: 2209 2202 AJUHJM4938

Place: New Delhi Date: 27-05-2022

#### Summary Statement of Assets and Liabilities

(All amount in INR Millions unless otherwise stated)

		GBP	INR	GBP	INR
Particulars	Annexure V Notes	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March, 2021	As at 31 March, 2021
Assets					DI MAICH, 2021
Current assets					
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	3	0.10	10.28	0.07	6.84
Total assets		0.10	10.28	0.07	6.84
Equity and liabilities					
Equity					
Equity share capital	4	2.27	233.61	2.07	208.68
Other equity	4 5	(2.17)	(223.83)		
Total equity		0.10	9.77	0.01	0.99
Current liabilities					
Financial liabilities					
Trade payables	6				
a. total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	-	4	
b. Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises					
and small enterprises		-	:=7	0.00	0.01
Other financial liabilities	7	0.01	0.50	0.04	4.18
Other current liabilities	8	*	-	0.02	1.66
	-	0.01	0.50	0.06	5.85
Total Liabilities	9. <del></del>	0.01	0.50	0.06	5.85
Total equity and liabilities		0.10	10.28	0.07	6.84

The above statement should be read with Annexure V to the standalone summary statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For Jain Adesh & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm registration number: 031322N

per Adesh Jain Proprietor

Membership no: 092202

Place: New Delhi Date: 27-05-2022

UDIN: 22092202AJUHJM4938

FRN. 031322N

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Delhivery Corp Limited (UK)

Sandeep Kumar Barasia

Director DIN:01432123

Experience the other people care

Place: Gurugram Date: 27-05-2022 Suraju Dutta Director

Place: Gurugram Date: 27-05-2022

#### Annexure II - Standalone Summary Statement of Profit and Loss

(All amount in INR Millions unless otherwise stated)

		GBP	INR	GBP	INR
Particulars	Annexure V	For the period ended	For the period ended	For the year ended	For the year ended
	Notes	31 March 2022	31 March 2022	31 March, 2021	31 March, 2021
Income					
Revenue from operations			-	*	_
Other income	9	0.00	0.06	2	
Total income (I)		0.00	0.06		
Expenses					
Finance costs	10	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.07
Employee benefit expense	11	0.12	12.39	2.47	243.07
Other expenses	12	0.00	0.09	0.00	0.12
Total expenses (II)		0.12	12.55	2.47	243.25
loss before exceptional items and tax (III= I-II)		(0.12)	(12.49)	(2.47)	(243.25)
Exceptional items (IV)		•	•		
loss before tax (V= III+IV)		(0.12)	(12,49)	(2.47)	(243.25)
Tax expense, comprising:					
Current tax			-	₩ <u>.</u>	
Deferred tax					
Total tax expense (VI)			-	)#3	•
loss for the period / year (VII= V-VI)		(0.12)	(12,49)	(2,47)	(243.25)
Other Comprehensive income:					
(a) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:					
(i) Re-measurement losses on defined benefit plans					
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be re-classified to profit & loss		5	· ·		-
Subtotal (a)			-	•	
Subtotal (a)				-	<u>·</u> _
(b) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:			80		
(i) Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations					
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will be re-classified to profit & loss		•	(4.73)	.(₩)	(13.05)
		:			
other comprehensive loss for the period / year			(4.73)		(13.05)
total comprehensive loss for the period / year		(0.12)	(17.22)	(2.47)	(256.30)
- Basic & Diluted (GBP/ INR)	13	(0.05)	(5.50)	(1.19)	(117.56)

The above statement should be read with Annexure V to the standalone summary statements.

Delhi

UDIN: 22092202 AJUHJM4938

As per our report of even date attached

For Jain Adesh & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm registration number : 031322N

Proprietor per Adesh Jain

Proprietor Membership no : 092202

Place: New Delhi Date: 27-05-2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Delhivery Corp Limited (UK)

Sandeep Kumar Barasia

Director DIN :01432123

> Place: Gurugram Date: 27-05-2022

Suraju Dutta Director

Place: Gurugram Date: 27-05-2022

#### Annexure III - Standalone Summary Statement of Cash Flow

(All amount in INR Millions unless otherwise stated)

	GBP	INR	GBP	INR	
Particulars	For the period ended 31 March 2022	For the period ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2021	
Cash flow from operating activities					
loss before tax	(0.12)	(12.49)	(2.47)	(243.25)	
Adjustments to reconcile loss before tax to net cash flows:		()	(2.47)	(243.23)	
ESOP Expense	0.01	1.07	2.05	201.31	
Operating Profit/ (Loss) before Working Capital Changes Movements in working capital:	(0.11)	(11.42)	(0.43)	(41.94)	
Increase/(Decrease) in trade payables	(0.00)	(0.01)	0.00	0.01	
Increase/(Decrease) in other financial liabilities	(0.04)	(3.68)	0.77.75.T	0.01	
Increase/(Decrease) in other current liabilities	(0.02)	(1.66)	0.01	0.93	
Cash used in operations	(0.17)	(16.76)	(0.42)	(41.00)	
Income taxes paid/ (refund) (net)					
Net cash used in operating activities (A)	(0.17)	(16.76)	(0.42)	(41.00)	
Financing activities					
Issue of share capital	0.20	24.93	0.42	54.44	
Net cash flow from financing activities (B)	0.20	24.93	0.42	54.44	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B)	0.03	8.17	(0.00)	13.44	
Net foreign exchange difference	<u>4</u>	(4.73)	(0.00)	(13.05)	
Cash and cash equivalent at the beginning of the period / year	0.07	6.84	0.07	6.44	
Cash and cash equivalent at the end of the period / year (refer note 3)	0.10	10.28	0.07	6.84	

The above statement should be read with Annexure V to the standalone summary statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For Jain Adesh & Associates

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm registration number: 031322N

per Adesh Jain

Proprietor Membership no: 092202

Place: New Delhi

Date: 27-05-2022 UD/N. 22092202AJUHJM4938

Sandeep Kumar Barasia

Director

DIN:01432123

Place: Gurugram Date: 27-05-2022 Place: Gurugram

uraju Dutta

Director

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Delhivery Corp Limited (UK)

Date: 27-05-2022

#### Annexure IV - Standalone Summary Statement of Changes in Equity

(All amount in INR Millions unless otherwise stated)

a. Equity share capital

Politica	N. L.	
Particulars	Number	Amount
As at 01 April 2020	1,650,165	154.23
Issued during the year	419,000	54.44
As on 31 March 2021	2,069,165	208.68
Issued during the period	200,000	24.93
As on 31 March 2022	2,269,165	233.61

b. Other equity

NAME OF THE PARTY	Reserve ar	nd Surplus	Items of OCI	
Particulars	Retained earnings	Share based payment reserve	Foreign Currency translation reserve	Total
As at 01 April 2020	(146.41)		(6.28)	(152.71)
loss for the year	(243.25)		-	(243.25)
Other comprehensive income				(215.25)
-Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	-	-	(13.05)	(13.05)
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	(243.25)	-	(13.05)	(256.30)
Share issues Expenses	- 1	201.31	-	201.31
As at 31 March 2021	(389.67)	201.31	(19.33)	(207.70)
loss for the year	(12.49)		-	(12.49)
Other comprehensive income				(12.47)
-Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	-	-	(4.73)	(4.73)
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	(12.49)		(4.73)	(17.22)
Share issues Expenses		1.07	- ()	1.07
As at 31 March 2022	(402.16)	202.38	(24.06)	(223.84)

The above statement should be read with Annexure V to the standalone summary statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For Jain Adesh & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm registration number: 031322N

per Adesh Jain Proprietor

Membership no: 092202

Place: New Delhi Date: 27-05-2022 Sandeep Kumar Barasia

Director

DIN:01432123

Place: Gurugram Date: 27-05-2022 Suraju Dutta Director

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Delhivery Corp Limited (UK)

Place: New Delhi Date: 27-05-2022

UDIN: 22092202AJUAJM 4938

#### **DELHIVERY Corp Limited (UK)**

Notes forming part of Ind AS Financial Statements for the period of 12 months ended as on 31st March, 2022

#### **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:**

The company's financial statements are prepared in accordance with Ind AS and in accordance with Revised Schedule III of companies Act 2013. We have audited the standalone financial statements for the period of 12 months ended on 31st March 2022.

Those principles considered significant are detailed below;

#### 1.1 BASIS OF PREPARATIONS OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS / ACCOUNTING CONVENTION

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the of Indian Accounting Standard ("Ind AS") and comply with the mandatory accounting standards as notified under the said Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules 2015, to the extent applicable, and in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

Previous year figures are regrouped & reclassified, wherever, necessary to make it comparable from current year figures.

#### 1.2. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities on the date of financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognized prospectively in current and future periods.

### 1.3. FIXED ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Fixed Assets are stated at cost of acquisition less accumulated depreciation. Cost includes all expenses incurred to bring the asset to its present location and condition.

Fixed assets under construction, advance paid towards acquisition of Fixed assets and cost of assets not ready for intended use before the yearend are disclosed as capital work in progress.

Depreciation is provided on the basis of useful life of various tangible assets as specified in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.



#### 1.4. IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS

The carrying amounts of the assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated. For assets that are not yet available for use, the recoverable amount is estimated at each balance sheet date. An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of an asset or its cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in the profit and loss account. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the assets carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

#### 1.5. EMPLOYEES BENEFIT

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short term employee benefits. Benefits such as salaries, wages, short term compensation absences and bonus, etc., are recognized in the period in which the employee renders the related services.

#### Long Term Employee Benefits;

The Company's leave benefits constitute other long term employee benefits. Other long term employee benefits are recognized as expenses in the profit and loss account for the period in which the employee has rendered services. Estimated liability on account of long term benefits is actuarially determined based on the projected unit credit method using the yield on government bonds, as on the date of balance sheet as the discounting rate. Actuarial gains and losses are charged to the Profit and Loss Account.

The Liability in respect of employees benefit is being segregated into current and non- current on the basis of Actuarial Certificates.

#### 1.6. REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenue is Measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

#### Rendering of Services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognized by reference to the stage of completion of the contract, when the outcome of the transaction and related revenue and cost can be measured reliably, and that economic benefit flows to the entity.





#### 1.7. PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENCIES

The company creates a provision where there is a present obligation as a result of past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

#### 1.8. TAXATION

Income Tax Expenses comprises current tax/ and deferred tax charge or credit (reflecting the tax effects of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the period).

The deferred tax charge or credit and the corresponding deferred tax liabilities or assets are recognized using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by balance sheet date.

Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that there is a reasonable certainty that the assets can be realized in future. However, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carried forward loss under taxation laws, deferred tax assets are recognized only if there is a virtual certainty of realization of such assets. Deferred tax assets are reviewed as at each balance sheet date and written down or written up to reflect the amount that is reasonably / virtually certain (as the case may be) to be realized.

#### 1.9. EARNING PER SHARE

Basic Earnings per Share is computed using the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted Earnings Per Share is computed using the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares, except where the results would be anti-dilutive.

#### 1.10. SEBI Notes

a) These results have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standard prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as amended from time to time.

b) These results have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors at its meeting held on 25<sup>th</sup> May 2022. The statutory auditors have expressed an unmodified audit opinion on these results.

#### Note-2.1 Description of Company

The company "Delhivery Corp Limited was incorporated on 17th March 2016 under the laws of the England and wales. The company is subsidiary of Delhivery Limited (formerly known as Delhivery Private Limited). The company gives logistics services.

#### 2.2 Capital Stock and Ongoing Capital Needs:

Nil

#### 2.3 Income Taxes

For the period of 12 months ended on 31st March 2022, the company's loss is INR (in lakhs) 12.49/-,GBP (in lakhs)0.12/-. { for the period ended 31st March 2021, P.Y 20-21, loss of INR (in lakhs)243.25/- (GBP (in lakhs) 2.47/-}.

#### 2.4 Deferred Taxation:

The company has adopted the Indian Accounting Standards 12 "Income Taxes" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. There were no deferred tax assets / liabilities during the period. Provision for current tax is made after taking into consideration, benefits admissible under the provisions of Income Tax Act, 1961.

### 2.5 Regrouping of Previous Year Numbers

Previous year figures have been re-grouped/re-classified wherever considered necessary.

### 2.6 Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Cash equivalents and accounts receivables are carried at cost as this approximates fair value due to their short term nature. The fair value of liabilities and debts are carried at cost as their approximate fair value due to their short term nature.

#### 2.7 Segment Reporting:

The company does not have any reportable segment as per IndAS 108.

## 2.8 Contingent Liabilities & commitments (to the extent not provided for): Contingent Liabilities

Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts

INR Nil (P.Y. Nil)

Guarantees

INR Nil (P.Y. Nil)

Other money for which the Company is contingently Liable

INR Nil (P.Y. Nil)

#### Commitments

Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed
 On capital account and not provided for

INR Nil (P.Y. Nil)

Uncalled liability on shares and other investment partly paid

INR Nil (P.Y. Nil)

Other commitments-

INR Nil (P.Y. Nil)

#### 2.9 Additional information disclosed herewith:-

- The debit & credit balances outstanding in the accounts of various parties are subject to confirmation by the parties concerned.
- In the opinion of the management, the current assets, loans and advances have the value, which on realization in the ordinary course of business would at least be equal to that at which the same have been stated in the Balance Sheet.
- The company has no supplier during the Period so "The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises
  Development Act, 2006" is not applicable.

#### 2.10 Additional Information with respect to Events Occurring after Balance Sheet Date:

Subsequent to the year ended March 31,2022, the Holding Company (M/s. Delhivery Limited) has completed its Initial Public Offer (IPO) of 10,74,97,225 equity shares of face value of Re. 1 each at an issue price of Rs. 487 per share (including a share premium of Rs. 486 per share). A discount of Rs. 25 per share was offered to eligible employees bidding in the employee's reservation portion of 46,020 equity shares. The issue comprised of a fresh issue of 8,21,37,328 equity shares aggregating to Rs. 40,000.00 Millions and offer for sale of 2,53,59,897 equity shares by selling shareholders aggregating to Rs. 12,350.00 Millions. Pursuant to the IPO, the equity shares of the Holding Company (M/s. Delhivery Limited)were listed on National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE) and BSE Limited (BSE) on May 24, 2022.

For Jain Adesh& Associates Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.031322N

Adesh Jain (Proprietor)

Membership No.-092202

UDIN: 22092202

Place: New Delhi Date: 27-05-2022

# Delhivery Corp Limited (UK) Annexure V- Notes to the Standalone Summary Statements (All amount in INR Millions unless otherwise stated)

3. Cash and cash equivalents	GBP	INR	GBP	INR
Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March, 2021	As at 31 March, 2021
Balances with banks:				
- On current accounts	0.10	10.28	0.07	6.84
	0.10	10.28	0.07	6.84
For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents of	comprise the following:			
Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March, 2021	As at 31 March, 2021
Balances with banks:				57 Martin, 2021
- On current accounts	0.10	10.28	0.07	6.84
-	0.10	10.28	0.07	6.84
4. Share capital				
Particulars	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March, 2021	As at 31 March, 2021
Authorised share capital			The state of the s	
Equity Shares		36		
Equity Sunto				
22,69,165 (31 March 2021: 20,69,165) equity shares of GBP 1 each				
[1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1]	2.27	233.61	2.07	208.68
22,69,165 (31 March 2021: 20,69,165) equity shares of GBP 1 each	2.27 2.27	233.61 233.61	2.07 2.07	208.68 208.68
22,69,165 (31 March 2021: 20,69,165) equity shares of GBP 1 each				
22,69,165 (31 March 2021: 20,69,165) equity shares of GBP 1 each with voting rights				
22,69,165 (31 March 2021: 20,69,165) equity shares of GBP 1 each with voting rights  = Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up shares				



#### Annexure V- Notes to the Standalone Summary Statements

(All amount in INR Millions unless otherwise stated)

a) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning of the period / year and at the end of the reporting period/ year

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022			AND PLANTS	As at 31 March 2021	
	Number of shares	Amount (GBP)	Amount (INR)	Number of shares	Amount (GBP)	Amount (INR)
At the beginning of the period / year Issued during the period / year	2,069,165 200,000	2.07 0.20	208.68 24.93	1,650,165 419,000	1.65 0.42	154.23 54.44
Outstanding at the end of the period / year	2,269,165	2	234	2,069,165	2.07	208.68

#### b) Terms and rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of GBP 1/- per share Each holder of equity is entitled to one vote per share. The company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all c) Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

Name of shareholder  Equity shares of GBP 1 each fully paid Delhivery Limited (formerly known as Delhivery	As: 31 Marc	CONTROL OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	As at 31 March 2021	
	Number of shares	% holding	Number of shares	% holding
Private Limited)	2,269,165	100.00%	2,069,165	100.00%



### Annexure V- Notes to the Standalone Summary Statements

(All amount in INR Millions unless otherwise stated)

5. Other equity	GBP	INR	GBP	INR
Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March, 2021	As at 31 March, 2021
Retained earnings				
Balance at the beginning of the period / year	(4.10)	(389.67)	(1.63)	(146.41)
Add: loss for the period / year	(0.12)	(12.49)	(2.47)	(243.25)
Net deficit in the statement of profit and loss	(4.23)	(402.16)	(4.10)	(389.67)
Share-based Payment Reserve				
Balance at the beginning of the period / year	2.05	201.31	-	1
Share Based payment Expenses - Parent Company ESOP	0.01	1.07	2.05	201.31
	2.06	202.38	2.05	201.31
Items of other comprehensive Income				
Foreign currency monetary item translation difference account		(24.06)	- P	(19.33)
	•	(24.06)	•	(19.33)
Total Reserve and Surplus	(2.17)	(223.83)	(2.06)	(207.69)

#### Nature and purpose of Reserves

### Foreign currency translation reserve

Exchange differences arising on translation of the foreign operations are recognised in other comprehensive income as described in accounting policy and accumulated in a separate reserve within equity. The cumulative amount is reclassified to profit or loss when the net investment is disposed-off.

#### Retained Earning

Retained earnings represents the losses that the Company has incurred till date less any transfer to general reserve, less any dividend, or other distributions paid to share holders. Retained earnings is a free reserve available to the Company and eligible for distribution to shareholders, in case where it is having positive balance representing net earnings till date.



# Delhivery Corp Limited (UK) Annexure V- Notes to the Standalone Summary Statements (All amount in INR Millions unless otherwise stated)

6. Trade Payables		GBP	INR	GBP	INR	
Particulars		As at 31 March 2022		As at 31 March, 2021	As at	
Trade payables			31 March 2022	51 March, 2021	31 March, 2021	
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 16)						
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises *			-	0.00	0.01	
				0.00	0.01	
Breakup of above-						
Non-current						
Current			-	0.00	0.01	
Total .	14	-		0.00	0.01	

Trade payable ageing Schedules for the year ended 31 March 2022 and year ended 31 March 2021:

Particulars		Outstanding as at 31 March 2021 from due date of payment (GBP)				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 year	2-3 years	More the 3 years	Total
(i) Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises ('MSME')						2010
(ii) Others	0	0,00	_			0.00
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME	-	VI-21			3	0.00
(iv) Disputed dues - Others	120	172			7	· ·
	N <del>-2</del> 21	,	-	-	-	-

Particulars	Dig Inc. of the August	Outstanding as at 31 March 2021 from due date of payment (INR)					
	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 year	2-3 years	More the 3 years	Total	
(i) Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises ('MSME')		-		_	3.00	Aota	
(ii) Others		0.01	~				
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME		-			•	0.01	
(iv) Disputed dues - Others				-	22		

7. Other financial liabilities

	Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March, 2021	As at 31 March, 2021
Salary payable		0.01	0.50	0.04	4.18
Breakup of above-		0.01	0.50	0.04	4.18
Non-current					
Current		0.01	0.50	0.04	4.18
		0.01	0.50	0.04	4.18

8. Other current liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March, 2021	As at 31 March, 2021
Statutory dues				523 Marca, 2021
- TDS payable			0.02	1.66
			0.02	1.66



### Annexure V- Notes to the Standalone Summary Statements

(All amount in INR Millions unless otherwise stated)

9. Other income	GBP	INR	GBP	INR
Particulars	For the period ended 31 March 2022	For the period ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March, 2021	For the year ended 31 March, 2021
Profit on foreign exchange (net)	0.00	0.06		
	0.00	0.06	-	

#### 10. Finance cost

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2022	For the period ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March, 2021	For the year ended 31 March, 2021
Others	16			
-Bank Charges	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.07
	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.07

11. Employee benefit expense

Particulars	For the year ended	For the period ended	For the year ended	For the year ended	
	31 March, 2022	31 March 2022	31 March, 2021	31 March, 2021	
Salaries, wages and bonus	0.11	11.32	0.42	41.76	
Share Based payment Expenses - Parent Company ESOP	0.01	1.07	2.05	201.31	
	0.12	12.39	2.47	243.07	

12. Other expenses

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March, 2022	For the period ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March, 2021	For the year ended 31 March, 2021
Legal and professional fees	0.00	0.09	0.00	0.12
	0.00	0.09	0.00	0.12

### 13. Earning per share

Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the loss for the year attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations.

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March, 2021	For the period ended 31 March 2022	For the year ended 31 March, 2021	For the year ended 31 March, 2021
loss attributable to equity holders of the Company	(0.12)	(12,49)	(2.47)	(243.25)
Weighted average number of equity shares in calculating basic and				
diluted EPS (no.'s)	2269165	2269165	2069165	2069165
basic and diluted loss per share	(0.05)	(5.50)	(1.19)	(117.56)



#### Annexure V- Notes to the Standalone Summary Statements

(All amount in INR Millions unless otherwise stated)

#### 14. Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the standalone summary statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

#### Judgements

In the process of applying the accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated summary statements:

#### Estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the standalone summary statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

#### Fair value measurement of financial instruments

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the standalone summary statement of assets and liabilities cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the DCF model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

#### 15. Details of dues to micro and small as defined under MSMED Act 2006

The Company had no supplier for the year ended 31 March 2022 and 31 March, 2021 and hence, "The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006" is not applicable.

#### 16. Contingent liability

The Company does not have any contingent liability as on 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021.

Annexure V- Notes to the Standalone Summary Statements
(All amount in INR Millions unless otherwise stated)

#### 17. Fair values

#### Financial instrument by category

Particulars	Amortised cost		cial assets/liabili		Total carrying	Tota value	
		Desig		datory			
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents (refer note 3)	6.	34			6.8	4	6.84
Total	6.	34	•		6.8	4	6.84
Trade payables (refer note 6)	0.	01			0.0	1	0.01
Other financial liabilities (refer note 7)	4.	18			4.1		4.18
Total	4.	19			4.1		4.19

The carrying value and fair value of financial instruments by categories as of 31 March 2022 were as follows:

Particulars	Amortised cost	Financial assets/liabilities at fair value through profit or loss			Total carrying value	Total fair value			
		Designated upon Mandatory							
Assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents (refer note 3)	10.2	8		-	10.2	8	10.28		
Total	10.2	8	3(*)	(e)	10.2	8	10.28		
Trade payables (refer note 6)									
Other financial liabilities (refer note 7)	0.5	0			0.5	0	0.50		
Total	0.5	50	7.4	-	0.5	-	0.50		

#### The following methods / assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

i) The carrying value of trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, trade payables and other current financial assets and other current financial liabilities measured at amortised cost approximate their fair value due to the short-term naturities of these instruments.

ii) The fair value of non-current financial assets and financial liabilities are determined by discounting future cash flows using current rates of instruments with similar terms

and credit risk. The current rates used does not reflect significant changes from the discount rates used initially. Therefore, the carrying value of these instruments measured at amortised cost approximate their fair value.

The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Company's assets and liabilities. Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from Level 3 - Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

#### Financial risk management

Financial risk factors

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's focus is to foresee the unpredictability of financial markets and seek to minimize potential Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristic of each customer.

Risk management is carried out by senior management for cash and cash equivalent, trade receivable, deposits with banks, foreign currency risk exposure and liquidity risk.

#### Liquidity risk

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Board, which has established an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Company's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Company's principal sources of liquidity are eash and eash equivalents and the eash flow that is generated from operations. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate eash reserves, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of significant financial liabilities as at 31 March 2022;

Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-5 year	> 5 years	Total	
Trade payables	•		-		

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of significant financial liabilities as at 31 March 2021-

Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-5 year	> 5 years	Total	
Trade payables	0.01		•	•	10.0

#### Capital management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Company. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to:

Safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders; and
 Maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.
 The Company monitors capital by regularly reviewing the capital structure. As a part of this review, the Company considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with the issued share capital. In the opinion of the Directors, the Company's capital risk is low.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the year ended 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021





## Delhivery Corp Limited (UK) Annexure V- Notes to the Standalone Summary Statements (All amount in INR Millions unless otherwise stated)

#### 18. Related Party Transactions

Names of related parties and related party relationship:

#### Related parties under Ind AS 24:

- a) Entities controlling the Company (Ultimate Holding Company)
  1. Delhivery Limited (formerly known as Delhivery Private Limited)
- b) Names of the enterprises that are under common control with the Company (Fellow subsidiary companies)

  1. Delhivery Cross Border Services Private Limited (Formerly known as Skynet Logistics Private Limited)
- 2. Delhivery Branch (Dubai)
- Delhivery Singapore Pte. Ltd.
   Delhivery HK Pte. Ltd.

- Orion Supply Chain Private Limited
   Delhivery Freight Services Pvt. Ltd
   Delhivery Robotics LLC, USA
- 8. Delhivery USA LLC, USA
- 9. Spoton Logistics Pvt. Ltd.
- 10. Spoton Supply Chain Solutions Private Limited (Formerly known as Raag Technologies and Services Private Limited)

a) The following is the summary of transactions with related parties for the year ended 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021

	_		GBP	INR	GBP	INR
S.No	Name of the Related party	Nature of transactions	Period ended 31 March 2022	Period ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March 2021	Year ended 31 March 2021
1	Ultimate holding company					
	Delhivery Limited (formerly known as Delhivery Private Limited)	Equity Share Capital	0.20	20.53	0.42	40.49
	Delhivery Limited (formerly known as Delhivery Private Limited)	Share Based payment Expenses - Parent Company ESOP	0.01	1.07	2.05	201.31

b) The following is the summary of investment with related parties for the year ended 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021

			GBP	INR	GBP	INR
S.No	Name of the Related party	Nature of transactions	Period ended 31 March 2022	Period ended 31 March 2022	Year ended 31 March, 2021	Year ended 31 March, 2021
1	Ultimate holding company					20.000000000000000000000000000000000000
	Delhivery Limited (formerly known as Delhivery Private Limited)	Equity Share Capital	(2.27)	(233.61)	(2.07)	(208.68)



# Delhivery Corp Limited (UK) Annexure V- Notes to the Standalone Summary Statements (All amount in INR Millions unless otherwise stated)

### 19. Ratios analysis and its elements

Particulars	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	% change from 31 March 2022 to 31 March 2021
Current ratio	20.37	1.17	1642%
Return on equity ratio	(2.32)	-19,29	-88%
Return on capital employed	(1.28)	-245.87	-99%

Ratios	Numerator	Denominator	31 March 2022		31 March 2021	
	THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE	<b>引起的</b>	Numerator	Denominator	Numerator	Denominator
Current Ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	10.28	0.50	6.84	5.85
Return on Equity ratio	Profit for the period/year	Average total equity	(12.49)	5.38	(243.25)	12.61
Return on capital employed	Earning before interest and taxes	Capital employed	(12.49)	9.77	(243.25)	0.99

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#### Annexure V- Notes to the Standalone Summary Statements

(All amount in INR Millions unless otherwise stated)

20. As at year ended 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021, the Company is having net deferred tax assets primarily comprising of deductible temporary differences, unabsorbed depreciation and brought forward losses under tax laws. However in the absence of reasonable certainty as to its realization of Deferred Tax Assets (DTA), DTA has not been created.

Particulars	GBP As at 31 March 2022	INR As at 31 March 2022	GBP As at 31 March 2021	INR As at 31 March 2021
Deferred tax liability	7.00 7.00			
Deferred tax assets Deductible temporary difference Brought forward losses Unabsorbed depreciation	0.80	76.41	0.74	- 74.04
	0.80	76.41	0.74	74.04
Recognised in books	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic tax rate for the year ended 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2021

Particulars Accounting profit before income tax At UK's statutory income tax rate of 19.00% (31 March 2021:	For the period ended 31 March 2022 (0.12)	For the period ended 31 March 2022 (12.49)	For the year ended 31 March 2021 (2.47)	For the year ended 31 March 2021 (243.25)
19.00%)	(0.02)	(2.37)	(0.47)	(46.22)
Other non deductible items		•		
Losses on which deferred tax not recognised	0.02	2.37	0.47	46.22
Unabsorbed depreciation on which deferred tax not recognised				-
Other temporary differences on which deferred taxes not recognisec_			· ·	
	•		•	

As per our report of even date attached

For Jain Adesh & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm registration number: 031322N

UDIN, 22092202 AJUHJM4938

Proprietor

per Adesh Jain Proprietor

Membership no: 092202

Place: New Delhi Date: 27-05-2022 Sandeep Kumar Barasia

Director DIN:01432123

Place: Gurugram Date: 27-05-2022 Suraju Dutta Director

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Delhivery Corp Limited (UK)

Place: Gurugram Date: 27-05-2022